Cat. No. I558-E2-02-X



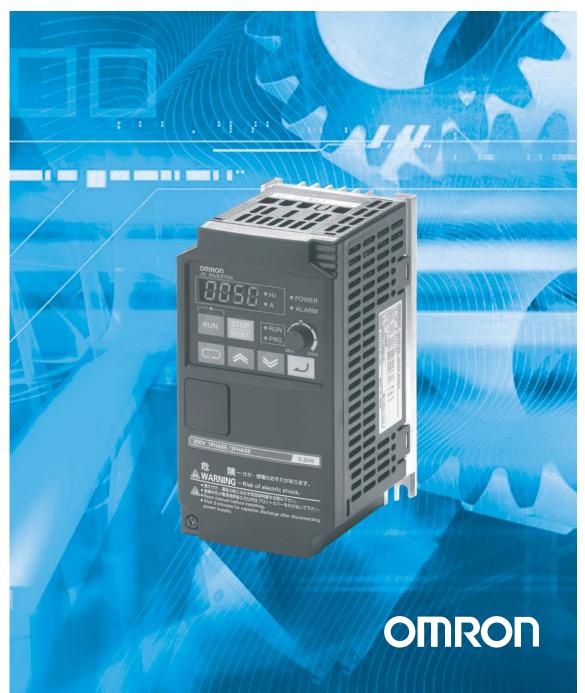
JX

Compact and complete

Model: JX

200 V Class Three-Phase Input 0.2 to 7.5 kW 200 V Class Single-Phase Input 0.2 to 2.2 kW 400 V Class Three-Phase Input 0.4 to 7.5 kW

USER'S MANUAL



Introduction

Thank you for choosing the general-purpose Inverter JX. This User's Manual (hereinafter called "this manual") describes the parameter setting methods required for installation/wiring and operation of the JX model, as well as troubleshooting and inspection methods.

- This manual should be delivered to the actual end user of the product.
- After reading this manual, keep it handy for future reference.
- This manual describes the specifications and functions of the product as well as the relations between them. You should assume that anything not described in this manual is not possible with the product.
- Intended readers

This manual is intended for:

Those with knowledge of electrical systems (qualified electrical engineers or the equivalent), and also in charge of:

- Introducing the control equipment
- · Designing the control system
- Installing and/or connecting the control equipment
- Field management

Read and Understand This Manual

Please read and understand this manual before using the product. Please consult your OMRON representative if you have any questions or comments.

Warranty and Limitations of Liability

WARRANTY

OMRON's exclusive warranty is that the products are free from defects in materials and workmanship for a period of one year (or other period if specified) from date of sale by OMRON.

OMRON MAKES NO WARRANTY OR REPRESENTATION, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, REGARDING NON-INFRINGEMENT, MERCHANTABILITY, OR FITNESS FOR PARTICULAR PURPOSE OF THE PRODUCTS. ANY BUYER OR USER ACKNOWLEDGES THAT THE BUYER OR USER ALONE HAS DETERMINED THAT THE PRODUCTS WILL SUITABLY MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THEIR INTENDED USE. OMRON DISCLAIMS ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED.

LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY

OMRON SHALL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR SPECIAL, INDIRECT, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, LOSS OF PROFITS OR COMMERCIAL LOSS IN ANY WAY CONNECTED WITH THE PRODUCTS, WHETHER SUCH CLAIM IS BASED ON CONTRACT, WARRANTY, NEGLIGENCE, OR STRICT LIABILITY.

In no event shall the responsibility of OMRON for any act exceed the individual price of the product on which liability is asserted.

IN NO EVENT SHALL OMRON BE RESPONSIBLE FOR WARRANTY, REPAIR, OR OTHER CLAIMS REGARDING THE PRODUCTS UNLESS OMRON'S ANALYSIS CONFIRMS THAT THE PRODUCTS WERE PROPERLY HANDLED, STORED, INSTALLED, AND MAINTAINED AND NOT SUBJECT TO CONTAMINATION, ABUSE, MISUSE, OR INAPPROPRIATE MODIFICATION OR REPAIR.

Application Considerations

SUITABILITY FOR USE

OMRON shall not be responsible for conformity with any standards, codes, or regulations that apply to the combination of products in the customer's application or use of the products.

At the customer's request, OMRON will provide applicable third party certification documents identifying ratings and limitations of use that apply to the products. This information by itself is not sufficient for a complete determination of the suitability of the products in combination with the end product, machine, system, or other application or use.

The following are some examples of applications for which particular attention must be given. This is not intended to be an exhaustive list of all possible uses of the products, nor is it intended to imply that the uses listed may be suitable for the products:

- Outdoor use, uses involving potential chemical contamination or electrical interference, or conditions or uses not described in this manual.
- Nuclear energy control systems, combustion systems, railroad systems, aviation systems, medical equipment, amusement machines, vehicles, safety equipment, and installations subject to separate industry or government regulations.
- Systems, machines, and equipment that could present a risk to life or property.

Please know and observe all prohibitions of use applicable to the products.

NEVER USE THE PRODUCTS FOR AN APPLICATION INVOLVING SERIOUS RISK TO LIFE OR PROPERTY WITHOUT ENSURING THAT THE SYSTEM AS A WHOLE HAS BEEN DESIGNED TO ADDRESS THE RISKS, AND THAT THE OMRON PRODUCTS ARE PROPERLY RATED AND INSTALLED FOR THE INTENDED USE WITHIN THE OVERALL EQUIPMENT OR SYSTEM.

PROGRAMMABLE PRODUCTS

OMRON shall not be responsible for the user's programming of a programmable product, or any consequence thereof.

Disclaimers

CHANGE IN SPECIFICATIONS

Product specifications and accessories may be changed at any time based on improvements and other reasons.

It is our practice to change model numbers when published ratings or features are changed, or when significant construction changes are made. However, some specifications of the products may be changed without any notice. When in doubt, special model numbers may be assigned to fix or establish key specifications for your application on your request. Please consult with your OMRON representative at any time to confirm actual specifications of purchased products.

DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHTS

Dimensions and weights are nominal and are not to be used for manufacturing purposes, even when tolerances are shown.

PERFORMANCE DATA

Performance data given in this manual is provided as a guide for the user in determining suitability and does not constitute a warranty. It may represent the result of OMRON's test conditions, and the users must correlate it to actual application requirements. Actual performance is subject to the OMRON Warranty and Limitations of Liability.

ERRORS AND OMISSIONS

The information in this manual has been carefully checked and is believed to be accurate; however, no responsibility is assumed for clerical, typographical, or proofreading errors, or omissions.

Safety Precautions

■Indications and Meanings of Safety Information

In this user's manual, the following precautions and signal words are used to provide information to ensure the safe use of the JX Inverter.

The information provided here is vital to safety. Strictly observe the precautions provided.

■Meanings of Signal Words



Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, is likely to result in serious injury or may result in death. Additionally there may be severe property damage.



Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury or in property damage.

■Alert Symbols in This Document

Turn off the power supply and implement wiring correctly. Not doing so may result in a serious injury due to an electric shock.



Wiring work must be carried out only by qualified personnel. Not doing so may result in a serious injury due to an electric shock.



Be sure to ground the unit. Not doing so may result in a serious injury due to an electric shock or fire.

(200-V class: type-D grounding, 400-V class: type-C grounding)



Do not remove the front cover during the power supply and 5 minutes after the power shutoff. Doing so may result in a serious injury due to an electric shock.



Do not operate the Digital Operator or switches with wet hands. Doing so may result in a serious injury due to an electric shock.



Inspection of the Inverter must be conducted after the power supply has been turned off. Not doing so may result in a serious injury due to an electric shock.

The main power supply is not necessarily shut off even if the emergency shutoff function is activated.



Do not change wiring, mode change switches (S7, S8), optional devices or replace cooling fans while the input power is being supplied.

Doing so may result in a serious injury due to an electric shock.

	⚠ CAUTION
\triangle	Do not connect resistors to the terminals (+1, P/+2, N/-) directly. Doing so might result in a small-scale fire, heat generation or damage to the unit.
\triangle	Install a stop motion device to ensure safety. Not doing so might result in a minor injury. (A holding brake is not a stop motion device designed to ensure safety.)
0	Be sure to use a specified type of braking resistor/regenerative braking unit. In case of a braking resistor, install a thermal relay that monitors the temperature of the resistor. Not doing so might result in a moderate burn due to the heat generated in the braking resistor/regenerative braking unit. Configure a sequence that enables the Inverter power to turn off when unusual overheating is detected in the braking resistor/regenerative braking unit.
0	The Inverter has high voltage parts inside which, if short-circuited, might cause damage to itself or other property. Place covers on the openings or take other precautions to make sure that no metal objects such as cutting bits or lead wire scraps go inside when installing and wiring.
	Do not touch the Inverter fins, braking resistors and the motor, which become too hot during the power supply and for some time after the power shutoff. Doing so may result in a burn.
0	Take safety precautions such as setting up a molded-case circuit breaker (MCCB) that matches the Inverter capacity on the power supply side. Not doing so might result in damage to property due to the short circuit of the load.
	Do not dismantle, repair or modify the product. Doing so may result in an injury.

■UL Cautions, Warnings and Instructions

The warnings and instructions in this section summarizes the procedures necessary to ensure an inverter installation complies with Underwriters Laboratories guidelines.

Ŵ	"USE 60/75×C Cu wire only" or equivalent. For models JX-AB007, -AB015, -AB022, -A2015, -A2022, -A2037, -A2055, -A2075
Ŵ	"USE 75°C Cu wire only" or equivalent. For models JX-AB002, -AB004, -A2002, -A2004, -A2007, -A4022, -A4037, -A4055, -A4075
Ŵ	"Use 60°C Cu wire only" or equivalent. For models JX-A4004, -A4007 and -A4015
Ŵ	"Open Type Equipment"
<u> </u>	"Suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than 100k rms symmetrical amperes, 240V maximum when protected by Class CC, G, J or R fuses or circuit having an interrupting rating not less than 100,000 rms symmetrical amperes, 240 volts maximum". For the single and three phases 200V models.

<u> </u>	"Suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than 100k rms symmetrical amperes, 480V maximum when protected by Class CC, G, J or R fuses or circuit having an interrupting rating not less than 100,000 rms symmetrical amperes, 480 volts maximum". For the 400V models
<u>∧</u>	"Install device in pollution degree 2 environment".
Ŵ	"Maximum Surrounding Air Temperature 50°C" or equivalent
Ŵ	"Caution-Risk of electric shock-capacitor discharge time is at least 5 minutes."
Ŵ	"Solid state motor overload protection is provided in each model".
\triangle	"Integral solid state short circuit protection does not provide branch circuit protection. Branch circuit protection must be provided in accordance with the National Electric Cod3e and any additional local codes" or equivalent.

Precautions for Safe Use

■Installation and Storage

Do not store or use the product in the following places:

- ·Locations subject to direct sunlight.
- •Locations subject to ambient temperature exceeding the specifications.
- •Locations subject to relative humidity exceeding the specifications.
- •Locations subject to condensation due to severe temperature fluctuations.
- •Locations subject to corrosive or flammable gases.
- ·Locations subject to exposure to combustibles.
- ·Locations subject to dust (especially iron dust) or salt.
- Locations subject to exposure to water, oil, or chemicals.
- Locations subject to shock or vibration.

■Transporting, Installation, and Wiring

- Do not drop or apply a strong impact on the product. Doing so may result in damaged parts or malfunction.
- •Do not hold by the front cover, but hold by the fins during transportation.
- Do not connect an AC power supply voltage to the control input/output terminals. Doing so may result in damage to the product.
- •Be sure to tighten the screws on the terminal block securely. Wiring work must be done after installing the unit body.
- Do not connect any load other than a three-phase inductive motor to the U, V, and W output terminals.
- Take sufficient shielding measures when using the product in the following locations. Not doing so may result in damage to the product.

Locations subject to static electricity or other forms of noise.

Locations subject to strong magnetic fields.

Locations close to power lines.

■Operation and Adjustment

- •Be sure to confirm the permissible range of motors and machines before operation because the Inverter speed can be changed easily from low to high.
- Provide a separate holding brake if necessary.

■ Maintenance and Inspection

•Be sure to confirm safety before conducting maintenance, inspection or parts replacement.

Precautions for Correct Use

■Installation

•Mount the product vertically on a wall or on a DIN track (optional) with the product's longer sides upright. The material of the wall has to be nonflammable such as a metal plate.

■Main Circuit Power Supply

• Confirm that the rated input voltage of the Inverter is the same as AC power supply voltage.

■Error Retry Function

- Do not come close to the machine when using the error retry function because the machine may abruptly start when stopped by an alarm.
- •Be sure to confirm the RUN signal is turned off before resetting the alarm because the machine may abruptly start.

■Non-Stop Function at Momentary Power Interruption

• Do not come close to the machine when selecting restart in the non-stop function at momentary power interruption selection (b050) because the machine may abruptly start after the power is turned on.

■Operation Stop Command

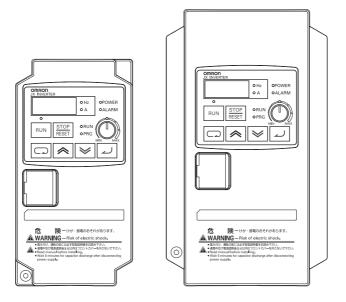
- Provide a separate emergency stop switch because the STOP key on the Digital Operator is valid only when function settings are performed.
- •When checking a signal during the power supply and the voltage is erroneously applied to the control input terminals, the motor may start abruptly. Be sure to confirm safety before checking a signal.

■Product Disposal

Comply with the local ordinance and regulations when disposing of the product.

Warning Labels

Warning labels are located on the Inverter as shown in the following illustration. Be sure to follow the instructions.



Warning Description



HAZARD OF PERSONAL INJURY OR ELECTRICAL SHOCK

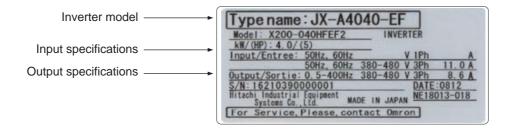
- Read the manual carefully before installation and follow the instructions
- Do not open the cover while power is applied or for 5 minutes after power has been removed
- ·Be sure to connect the grounding
- terminal to earth ground
 •Be sure to install the inverter on flameresistant material such as a steel plate けが、感電のおそれあり。
- 据付通電の前に取扱説明書を熟読し、その指示に従うこと。
- ・過電中及び電源運新後5分以内はフロントカバーを開けないこと。
- 確実に接地を行うこと。
- 金属などの不燃物に取付けること。

Checking Before Unpacking

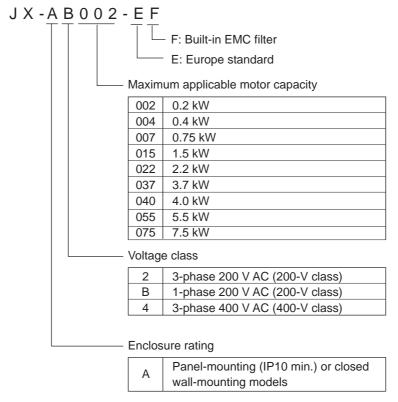
■Checking the Product

On delivery, be sure to check that the delivered product is the Inverter JX model that you ordered. Should you find any problems with the product, immediately contact your nearest local sales representative or OMRON sales office.

Checking the Nameplate



Checking the Model



■Checking the Accessories

Note that this manual is the only accessory included with the JX model. Mounting screws and other necessary parts must be provided by the user.

Revision History

■A manual revision code appears as a suffix to the catalog number located at the lower left of the front and back covers.

Revision code	Revision date	Changes and revision pages
02	October 2009	First printing

About This Manual

This User's Manual is compiled chapter by chapter for user's convenience as follows. Understanding the following configuration ensures more effective use of the product.

		Overview
Chapter 1	Overview	Describes features and names of parts.
Chapter 2	Design	Provides external dimensions, installation dimensions, peripheral device design/selection instructions, and other information necessary for design.
Chapter 3	Operation	Describes names of parts, the Inverter's operations, including how to use the keys on the Digital Operator, and the monitor function.
Chapter 4	Functions	Describes the functions of the Inverter.
Chapter 5	Maintenance Operations	Describes the causes and their countermeasures if the Inverter fails, including the solutions to possible troubles (troubleshooting).
Chapter 6	Inspection and Maintenance	Describes items for periodic inspection and/or maintenance for the Inverter.
Chapter 7	Specifications	Provides Inverter specifications, as well as the specifications and dimensions of peripheral devices.
Appendix		Describes the summarized parameter settings as a reference for users who have used this Inverter and understood the functions.

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Chapter 1

Overview

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1-1 Functions

JX Inverter Models

Rated voltage	Enclosure rating	Max. applicable motor capacity	Model
		0.2 kW	JX-A2002
		0.4 kW	JX-A2004
		0.75 kW	JX-A2007
2 mhana 200 V AC		1.5 kW	JX-A2015
3-phase 200 V AC		2.2 kW	JX-A2022
		3.7 kW	JX-A2037
		5.5 kW	JX-A2055
		7.5 kW	JX-A2075
		0.4 kW	JX-A4004
	IDOO	0.75 kW	JX-A4007
	IP20	1.5 kW	JX-A4015
3-phase 400 V AC		2.2 kW	JX-A4022
		4.0 kW	JX-A4040
		5.5 kW	JX-A4055
		7.5 kW	JX-A4075
		0.2 kW	JX-AB002
		0.4 kW	JX-AB004
1-phase 200 V AC		0.75 kW	JX-AB007
		1.5 kW	JX-AB015
		2.2 kW	JX-AB022

International Standards Models (EC Directives and UL/cUL Standards)

The JX Inverter meets the EC Directives and UL/cUL standard requirements for worldwide use.

Classif	Applicable standard		
EC Directives	EMC Directive	EN61800-3: 2004	
Lo Directives	Low-voltage Directive	EN61800-5-1: 2003	
UL/cUL Standards		UL508C	

Compact Simplified Inverter for Customer's Environment and Application Demands

■Simple Wiring and Easy Installation

The main circuit adopts upper/lower wiring as with a conductor. In addition, the side-by-side mounting of the Inverters and the built-in zero-phase reactor contribute to space saving in control panel.

■Wide Ranging Capacity and Power Supply

In spite of its compact size, the JX Inverter provides a wide ranging capacity from 0.2 to 7.5 kW. Moreover, the three-phase 200 V, three-phase 400 V, and single/three-phase 200 V common types are made to meet the power supply specifications for use outside Japan.

■PID Function

The PID function is featured for the easier control of the fan and pump. It helps to control airflow and pressure.

■Emergency Shutoff Function

Switching the dedicated switch (S8) changes from the multi-function input (input 3) to the emergency shutoff input. You can directly turn off a motor control power module without operating the software.

■Compliance With Standards

The JX Series has achieved compliance with CE and UL/cUL.

■The RoHS Directive

The standard model meets the requirements of the RoHS Directive.

■ Noise and Harmonics Suppression Option

The three-phase models incorporate a zero-phase reactor (radio noise filter) as a standard specification.

For the single/three-phase common type, optional suppression is available.

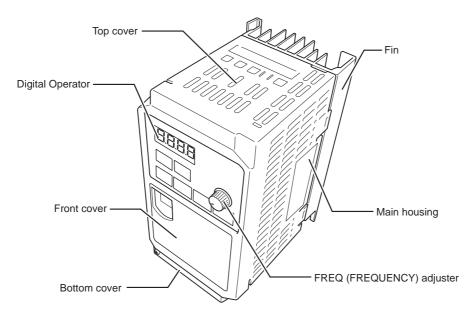
When the optional DC reactor is added, the JX Series will also meet the requirements specified by the Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism of Japan.

■Handles a Variety of I/O Signals

The JX Series can handle a variety of I/O signals for wide-ranging applications.

- Analog voltage input: 0 to 10 V
- ·Analog current input: 4 to 20 mA

1-2 Appearance and Names of Parts



- The size of the fin varies with the motor capacity.
- •There are two sizes depending on the motor capacity, but the fundamental structure is the same.
- •Remove the front cover when connecting the power supply, the motor, and the control signal.

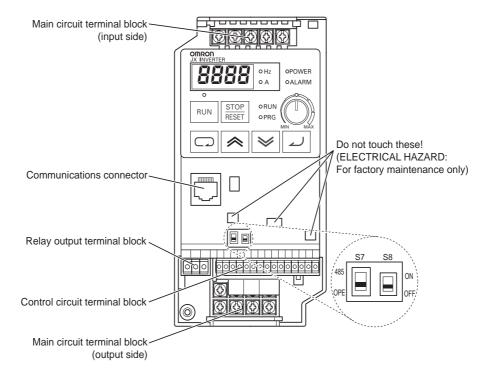
Connection to RJ45 Jack

Connect the communications cable after opening the cover of the communications connector. Remove the front cover to switch communications. Refer to "Removing the Front Cover" (page 2-7) for instructions on how to remove the front cover.



^{*}The cover of the communications connector is removable. Remove the front cover to attach it.

Names of Parts Inside the Front Cover



S7: OPE/485 communications selector (Default = OPE side)

S8: Emergency shutoff function selector (Default = OFF)

(Caution)

Do not switch the emergency shutoff function selector (S8) without reason as the allocation of the multi-function input terminals may change.

For details, refer to "Emergency Shutoff Input Function" (page 4-46).

Chapter 2

Design

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2-1 Installation

∕!\ WARNING



Turn off the power supply and implement wiring correctly. Not doing so may result in a serious injury due to an electric shock.



Wiring work must be carried out only by qualified personnel. Not doing so may result in a serious injury due to an electric shock.



Be sure to ground the unit. Not doing so may result in a serious injury due to an electric shock or fire. (200-V class: type-D grounding, 400-V class: type-C grounding)

! CAUTION



Do not connect resistors to the terminals (PD+1, P/+, N/-) directly. Doing so might result in a small-scale fire, heat generation or damage to the unit.



Install a stop motion device to ensure safety. Not doing so might result in a minor injury. (A holding brake is not a stop motion device designed to ensure safety.)



Be sure to use a specified type of braking resistor/regenerative braking unit. In case of a braking resistor, install a thermal relay that monitors the temperature of the resistor. Not doing so might result in a moderate burn due to the heat generated in the braking resistor/regenerative braking unit. Configure a sequence that enables the Inverter power to turn off when unusual overheating is detected in the braking resistor/regenerative braking unit.



The Inverter has high voltage parts inside which, if short-circuited, might cause damage to itself or other property. Place covers on the openings or take other precautions to make sure that no metal objects such as cutting bits or lead wire scraps go inside when installing and wiring.

Safety Information

■Installation and Storage

Do not store or use the product in the following places.

- •Locations subject to direct sunlight.
- •Locations subject to ambient temperature exceeding the specifications.
- •Locations subject to relative humidity exceeding the specifications.
- •Locations subject to condensation due to severe temperature fluctuations.
- ·Locations subject to corrosive or flammable gases.
- Locations subject to exposure to combustibles.
- Locations subject to dust (especially iron dust) or salts.
- Locations subject to exposure to water, oil, or chemicals.
- ·Locations subject to shock or vibration.

■Transporting, Installation, and Wiring

- •Do not drop or apply strong impact on the product. Doing so may result in damaged parts or malfunction.
- •Do not hold by the front cover, but hold by the fins during transportation.
- •Do not connect an AC power supply voltage to the control input/output terminals. Doing so may result in damage to the product.
- •Be sure to tighten the screws on the terminal block securely. Wiring work must be done after installing the unit body.
- •Do not connect any load other than a three-phase inductive motor to the U, V, and W output terminals.
- Take sufficient shielding measures when using the product in the following locations. Not doing so may result in damage to the product.

Locations subject to static electricity or other forms of noise.

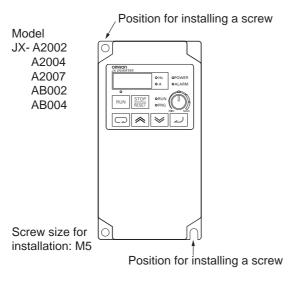
Locations subject to strong magnetic fields.

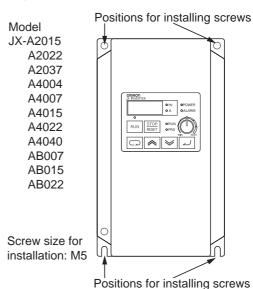
Locations close to power lines.

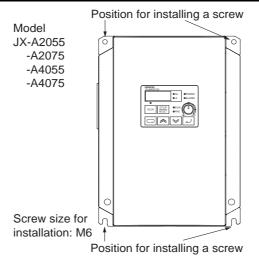
Precautions for Use

■Installation

•Install the Inverter vertically on the wall or DIN tracks (optional). Install the Inverter on a nonflammable wall surface material, like metal.





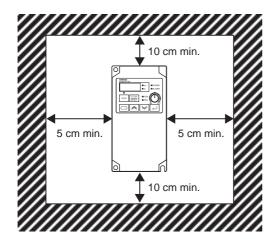


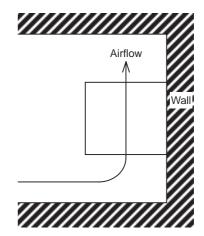
■Main Circuit Power Supply

• Confirm that the rated input voltage of the Inverter matches the AC power supply voltage.

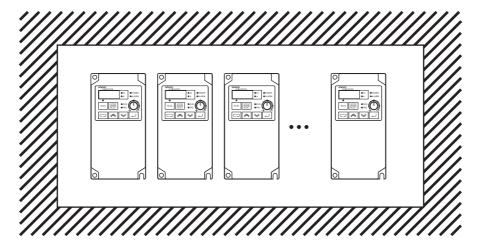
■Installation Environment

- •Increased ambient temperatures will shorten the life of the Inverter.
- •Keep the Inverter away from heating elements (such as a braking resistor, DC reactor, etc.). If the Inverter is installed in a control panel, keep the ambient temperature within the range of the specifications, taking dimensions and ventilation into consideration.



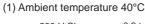


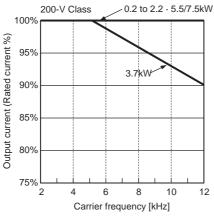
•You can install multiple JX Inverters side by side in the control panel (side-by-side installation). Again, keep the ambient temperature within the specified range (40°C or below).

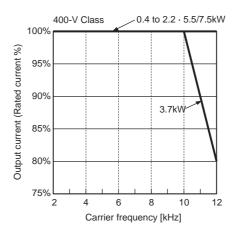


• If the ambient temperature is from 40°C through to 50°C, the carrier frequency should be reduced and the Inverter capacity should be increased. Refer to ambient temperature derating.

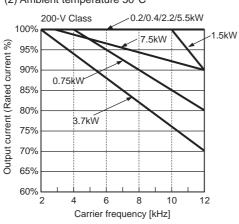
•To raise the carrier frequency, reduce the output current (or derate the rated current) as shown in the graph below.

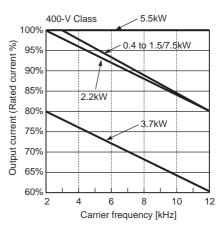




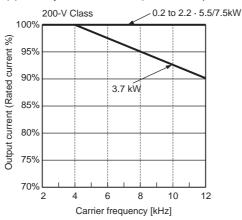


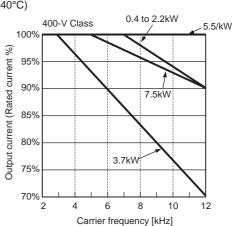
(2) Ambient temperature 50°C





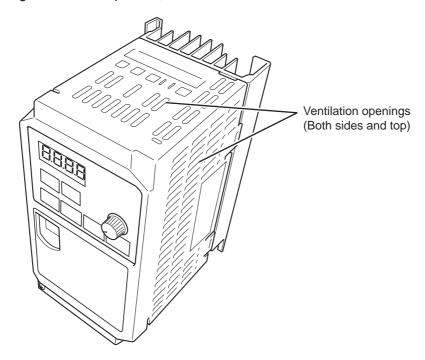
(3) Side-By-Side installation (ambient temperature:40°C)





•Before installing the Inverter, place a cover over all the ventilation openings to shield them from foreign objects.

After completing the installation process, be sure to remove the covers from the Inverter before operation.



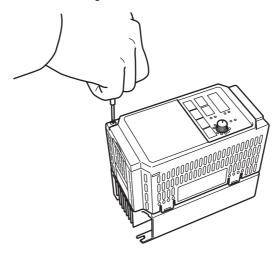
2-2 Wiring

Removing and Mounting the Front Cover

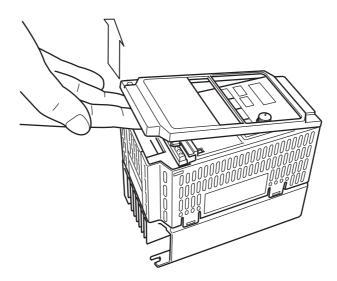
■Removing the Front Cover

Loosen the mounting screw at the lower left of the front cover. Lift the bottom of the front cover to remove while holding the body.

1. Loosen the front cover mounting screw.



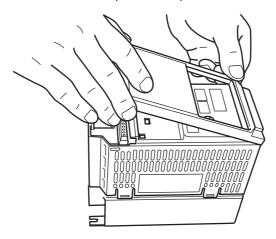
2. Lift the bottom of the front cover to remove.



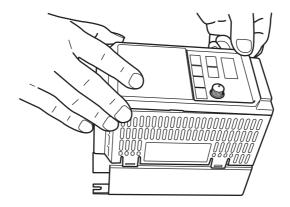
■Mounting the Front Cover

Hang the upper side of the front cover on the hooks, and push down both sides of the cover simultaneously until it clicks into place.

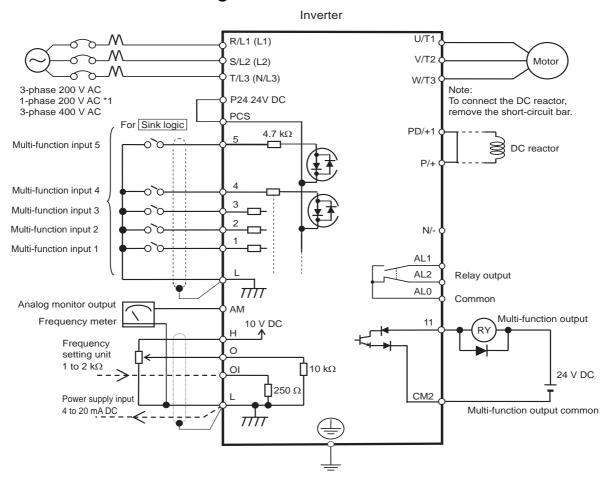
1. Hang the upper side on the hooks. (Two hooks)



2. Push down the cover until it clicks into place. (Both sides)



Standard Connection Diagram



Different terminals have different commons.

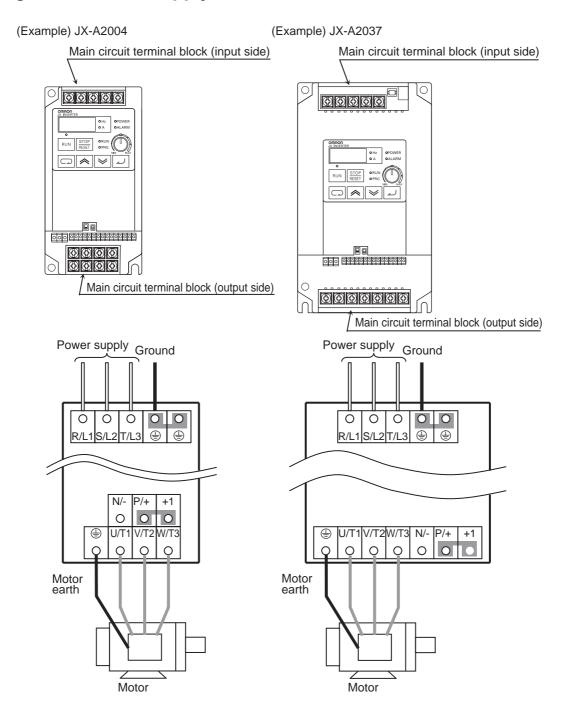
Terminals	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	AM	H, O, OI	11	Main circuit power supply *2
Commons	Sink logic - L		ı	CM2	RUN command
Commons	Source logic - PCS		<u> </u>	CIVIZ	Output frequency
					Motor rotation speed

- *1.) Use terminals L1 and N for single phase model JX-AB
- *2.) If the main circuit is turned on at the same time as a RUN command is input, the motor begins to rotate at least 2.0 seconds later.

Secure a duty cycle of 5 minutes or more between switching the power ON/OFF. Otherwise, the life of the Inverter is shortened.

Do not turn off the main circuit during operation.

Wiring to the Power Supply and Motor



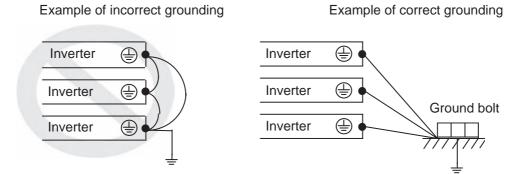
- •Do not connect the power supply other than to R/L1, S/L2, or T/L3.
- Do not remove the short-circuit bar between P/+2 and +1, except when a DC reactor is connected.

Note 1: Install an earth leakage breaker on the power supply input side.

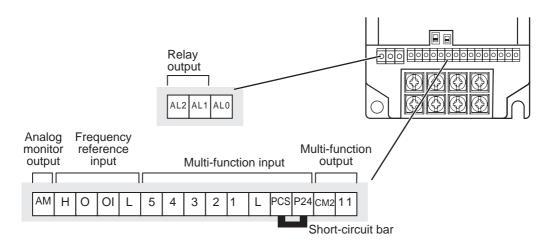
(Select an earth leakage breaker having a higher sensed leakage current and avoid unnecessary operation.)

If the wiring between the Inverter and the motor is too long (longer than 10 m), the motors thermal relay may malfunction due to harmonics. Install an AC reactor on the Inverter output side, or use a current sensor instead of the motors thermal relay.

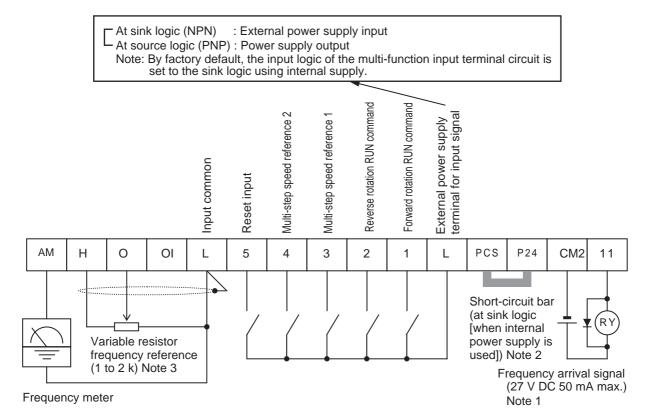
Note 2: Connect securely to the ground as specified (type-D grounding for 200-V class, and type-C grounding for 400-V class). Do not share the grounding electrode with other strong electrical devices.



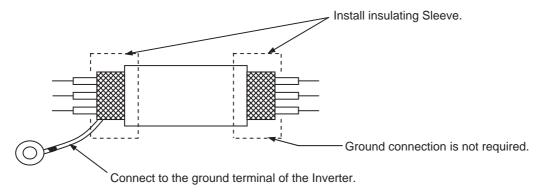
Wiring the Control Circuit Terminals and Relay Terminals



Wiring Example of the Control Circuit Terminal Block (Sink Logic)



- Note 1: When connecting a relay to the multi-function output terminal, install a surge-absorbing diode in parallel with the relay. The output circuit can break down due to surge voltage when the relay is switched on/off.
- Note 2: Remove the short-circuit bar when the external power supply is used.
- Note 3: For the Analogue signal line, use a twisted shield wire and apply an insulating sleeve to the shield as illustrated below. Keep the length to 20 m or less.

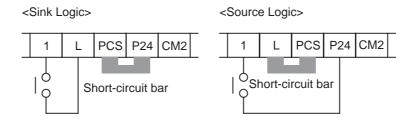


Note 4: Keep the wiring away from the power cable of the main circuit and from the wiring on the relay control circuit. (More than 10 cm apart)

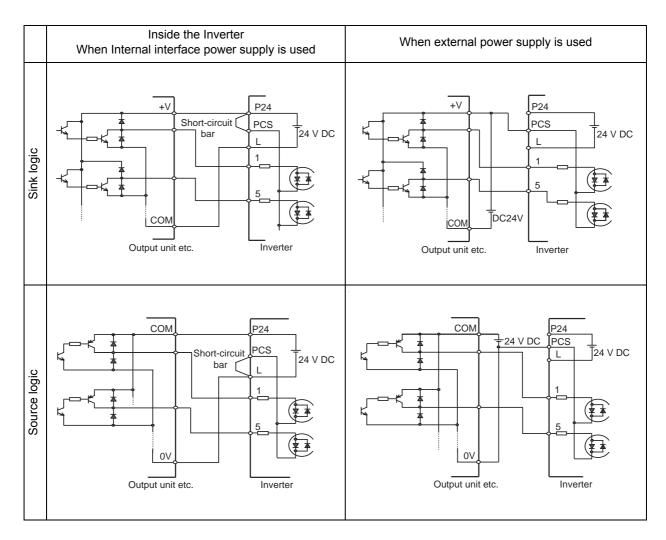
Selecting the Sequence Input Method (Sink/Source Logic)

■Logic Selection Method for the Multi-function Input Terminals

When the internal power supply is used, you can switch the logic by rearranging the short-circuit bar on the control circuit terminal block. The default setting is sink logic.



Note 1: Remove the short-circuit bar when the external power supply is used.



Wiring the Main Circuit Terminals

■Connecting the Main Circuit Terminals

		Wiring	Applicable (device
Motor output (kW)	Applicable Inverter model	Power cable	Earth leakage breaker (ELB)	Fuse size (class J) Rated 600 V
0.2	JX-A2002	1.25 mm ²	5 A	10 A
0.4	JX-A2004	1.25 mm ²	5 A	10 A
0.4	JX-A4004	1.25 11111	5 A	3 A
0.75	JX-A2007	2.0 mm ²	10 A	15 A
0.75	JX-A4007	1.25 mm ²	5 A	6 A
1.5	JX-A2015	2.0 mm ²	15 A	15 A
1.5	JX-A4015	2.0 mm ²	10 A	10 A
2.2	JX-A2022	2.0 mm ²	20 A	20 A
2.2	JX-A4022	2.0 mm ²	10 A	10 A
3.7	JX-A2037	3.5 mm ²	30 A	30 A
3.7	JX-A4040	2.0 mm ²	15 A	15 A
5.5	JX-A2055	5.5 mm ²	50 A	40 A
5.5	JX-A4055	3.5 mm ²	30 A	20 A
7.5	JX-A2075	8.0 mm ²	60 A	50 A
7.5	JX-A4075	3.5 mm ²	30 A	25 A
0.2	JX-AB002	2.0 mm ²	5A	14 A
0.4	JX-AB004	2.0 mm ²	5 A	_
0.75	JX-AB007	2.0 mm ²	10 A	
1.5	JX-AB015	5.5 mm ²	15 A	_
2.2	JX-AB022	5.5 mm ²	20A	_

- For the main circuit terminals, always use insulated electrical wires with a rated voltage of 600 V and a rated temperature of 80°C or higher.
- •Use the crimp-type terminal with an insulating sleeve to connect to the terminals.
- •Up to two wires can be connected to one terminal.
- •To prevent possible voltage drops, increase the wire size in accordance with the cable length.
- •To connect the 200-V model to the relay output terminal block, use a wire of 0.75 mm².
- •To connect seven wires or more to the control circuit terminal block, use a shield line of 0.5 mm² or less.
- Strip the signal line by 5 to 6 mm, and connect the exposed wire. (In the case of stranded wires, make sure that the wires are not unraveled.)
- •Make sure that the maximum outside diameter of the signal cable is 2.0 mm or less (except for the alarm signal cable). (For cable and multi-core cable fitted with cable markers, keep both the cable markers and the sheath-stripped length 40 mm or more from the connecting end. As a thick cables may prevent proper closing of the terminal block cover.)
- •To meet UL standards, always insert a UL-standard fuse (J type) on the power supply side.
- •Use a ground wire with a larger diameter than that of the power cable shown above.

Choose the sensitivity current of the earth leakage breaker (ELB), depending on the total distance (L) between the Inverter and the power supply, and the Inverter and the motor.

For models with build-in filter a time delay ELB could be necessary in some cases.

L	Sensitivity current (mA)
100 m max.	30
300 m max.	100
800 m max.	200

Guide of leakage current: If a CV wire is used and routed through a metal pipe, the leakage current is 30 mA/km.

Due to the higher specific inductive capacity of the H-IV wire, the leakage current increases about eight times. Use a wire with a sensitivity current one-level higher. The leakage current mentioned here is the effective value of the fundamental wave, and high-frequency currents are excluded.

■Terminal Arrangement

Main circuit terminal block	Model (JX-)	Screw size	W (mm)	
Upper side of the body R/L1 S/L2 T/L3				7.1
Lower side of the body N/- P/+ PD+1 (A2002 to A2007 AB002 to AB004 (*1)	M3.5	7.1	Main Circuit Terminal Block
				Terrilliai Block
Upper side of the body R/L1 S/L2 T/L3	A2015 to A2037 A4004 to A4040 AB007 to AB022	M4	9.2	9.2 or 13
Lower side of the body	(*1)			
(a) (U/T1) (V/T2) (W/T3) (N/-) (P/+) (PD+1)	A2055 to A2075 A4055 to A4075	M5	13	Main Circuit Terminal Block

^{*1.} For JX-AB \(\subseteq \subseteq \), R/L1 corresponds to L1 and T/L3 to N, terminal S/L2 is not available. Connect a single-phase 200-V AC input to terminals L1 and N.

Relay Output Terminal Block

Control Circuit Terminal Block

АМ	Н	0	OI	L	5	4	3	2	1	L	PCS	P24	CM2	11
----	---	---	----	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	-----	-----	-----	----

Model (JX-)	A2002 to AB002 to	o A2007 o AB004		o A2037 o A4040 o AB022	A2055 to A2075 A4055 to A4075		
	Screw size	W (mm)	Screw size	W (mm)	Screw size	W (mm)	
Main circuit	M3.5	7.1	M4	9.2	M5	13	
Control circuit	M2	_	M2	_	M2	_	
Relay	M2.5	_	M2.5	_	M2.5	_	
Ground	M4	_	M4	_	M5	13	

Screw Tightening Torque

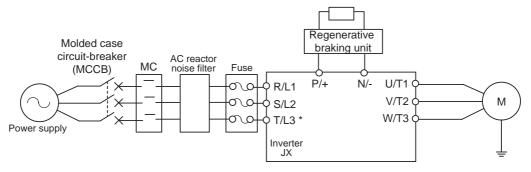
Screw	Tightening torque
M2	0.2 N•m (max. 0.25 N•m)
M2.5	0.5 N•m (max. 0.6N•m)
M3.5	0.8 N•m (max. 0.9 N•m)
M4	1.2 N•m (max. 1.3 N•m)
M5	3.0 N•m (max. 3.3 N•m)

■Explanation of the Main Circuit Terminal Connection

Terminal symbol	Terminal name	Function	Connection example
R/L1, S/L2, T/L3 *	Main power supply input terminal	Connect the input power supply.	
U/T1, V/T2, W/T3	Inverter output terminal	Connect to the motor.	Motor
PD/+1, P/+	External DC reactor terminal	Normally connected by the short-circuit bar. Remove the short-circuit bar between PD/+1 and P/+ when a DC reactor is connected.	50 50 ELB
P/+, N/-	Regenerative braking unit connection terminal	Connect optional regenerative braking units.	Power supply
\B	Ground terminal	Ground (Connect to ground to prevent electric shock and reduce noise.)	Do not remove the short-circuit bar between PD/+1 and P/+ when a DC reactor is not connected.

^{*} For JX-ABDDD's terminal symbols, R/L1 corresponds to L1, S/L2 to L2, and T/L3 to N/L3. Connect a single-phase 200-V AC input to terminals L1 and N.

■Main Circuit Connection Diagram

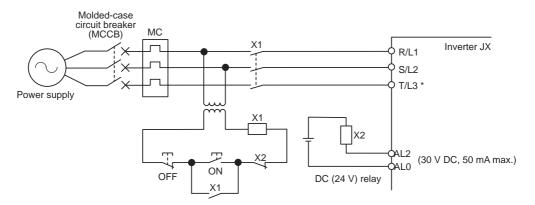


* For JX-ABDDDD's terminal symbols, R/L1 corresponds to L1 and T/L3 to N.

■Wiring the Main Circuit Terminals (Input Side)

Installing a Molded-case Circuit Breaker (MCCB)

- Always connect the Inverter and power supply via a molded-case circuit breaker (MCCB) to protect the Inverter from damage that may result from short-circuiting.
- Always connect the power input terminals (R/L1, S/L2, and T/L3) and power supply via an MCCB, according to the Inverter capacity.
- •Install one MCCB per Inverter.
- Choose an appropriate MCCB capacity according to the fuse size on page 2-14.
- When choosing MCCB's time characteristics, be sure to consider the Inverter's overload protection (1 minute at 150% of the rated output current).
- By programming the sequence as illustrated below, you can turn off the power via the relay outputs (AL2, AL1, and AL0) for the JX Series.



* For JX-ABDDDD's terminal symbols, R/L1 corresponds to L1and T/L3 to N.

Installing a Ground Fault Interrupter

- •The Inverter's output uses high-speed switching, and so generates high-frequency current leakage. (Generally, if the power cable is 1 m, the leakage current is approx. 100 mA per Inverter, and approx. 5 mA is added per additional meter of the power cable.)
- •At the power supply input part, install a special-purpose ground fault interrupter for Inverters that excludes high-frequency leakage current and detects only the leakage current within a frequency range that is hazardous to humans. (Choose a ground fault interrupter with a sensitivity current of at least 10 mA per Inverter or bigger one if build-in filter or a external filter is used.)
- Alternatively, use a general ground fault interrupter with a sensitivity current of 200 mA or more per Inverter, and with an operating time of 0.1 s or more.

Installing a Magnetic Contactor (MC)

- If the power supply of the main circuit is shut off due to sequencing, a magnetic contactor (MC) can be used. (When forcibly stopping the load with an MC on the primary side of the main circuit, however, the regenerative braking does not work and the load coasts to a stop (free run).)
- •Frequently opening and closing the magnetic contactor (MC) to start and stop a load may cause damage to the Inverter. To extend the life of the Inverter's internal electrolytic capacitor, limit the frequency to no more than once every 30 minutes.

Connection Sequence to the Terminal Block

•Input power supply can be connected to any terminal because the phase sequence of the input power supply is irrelevant to that of the terminal block (R/L1, S/L2, and T/L3).

Installing an AC Reactor

- If the Inverter is connected to a large-capacity power transformer (660 kVA or more) or the phase advance capacitor is in use, a large peak current may flow through the input power circuit, causing damage to the converter unit.
- Install an optional AC reactor on the input side of the Inverter. An AC reactor will also improve the power factor of the power input side.

Installing a Surge Absorber

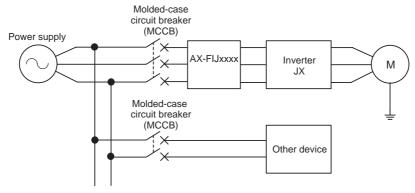
•Always use a surge absorber or diode when magnetic contactors (MC), electromagnetic relays, solenoid valves, solenoid, and magnetic brakes are used.

Installing a EMC Filter on the Input Side

- The Inverter's output uses high-speed switching, so noise may be transmitted from the Inverter to the power line, affecting peripheral devices.
- It is recommended that a noise filter be installed on the input side to minimize noise transmission. (Installing a noise filter on the input side can also reduce the noise from the power line to the Inverter.)

Recommended Input Filters for the Inverter





* Use the recommended noise filter for each inverter. A general-purpose noise filter will be less effective and may not reduce noise.

■Wiring the Main Circuit Terminals (Output Side)

Connect the Terminal Block to the Load

- •Connect motor output terminals U/T1, V/T2, and W/T3 to motor lead wires U, V, and W.
- Check that the motor rotates forward with the forward command. Switch over any two of the output terminals (U/T1, V/T2, W/T3) and reconnect if the motor rotates in reverse to the forward command.

Never Connect a Power Supply to the Output Terminals

• If voltage is applied to the output terminals, the internal circuit of the Inverter will be damaged. Never connect a power supply to output terminals U/T1, V/T2, or W/T3.

Never Short-circuit or Ground the Output Terminals

- •Never touch the output terminals by hand.
- If the output wires come into contact with metal materials, an electric shock or ground fault will occur. This is extremely hazardous. Be careful not to short-circuit the output wires.

Do Not Use a Phase Advance Capacitor or Noise Filter

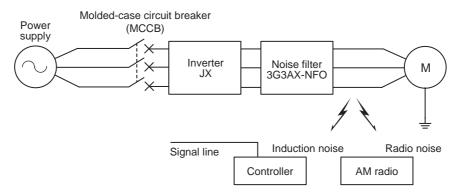
• Doing so may result in damage to the Inverter or cause the parts to burn. Never connect a phase advance capacitor or LC/RC noise filter to the output circuit.

Do Not Use an Electromagnetic Switch

• If a load is connected to the Inverter during running, an inrush current will actuate the overcurrent protective circuit in the Inverter. Do not connect an electromagnetic switch or magnetic contactor (MC) to the output circuit.

Install a Noise Filter on the Output Side

Connect a noise filter to the output side of the Inverter to reduce induction and radio noise.



Induction noise: Electromagnetic induction can generate noise on the signal line, causing the

controller to malfunction.

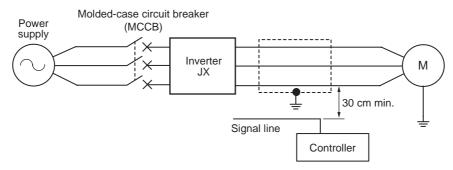
Radio noise: Electromagnetic waves from the Inverter and I/O cables can cause the radio receiver

to generate noise.

Countermeasures Against Induction Noise

To reduce induction noise from the output side, the following method is also effective.

• Run the cables collectively through the mounted metal pipe. Keeping the metal pipe at least 30 cm away from the signal line reduces induction noise.



Cable Length Between Inverter and Motor

Use a cable of 50 m or less between the Inverter and the motor. If the cable length is increased, the stray capacitance between the Inverter outputs and the ground is increased proportionally. An increase in stray capacitance causes high-frequency leakage current to increase, affecting the current detector in the Inverter's output unit and peripheral devices. If your system configuration requires a cable length of 50 m or more, perform the following:

- ·Wire in metallic ducts.
- •Use separate cables for each phase to reduce cable capacitance.
- •Set the Inverter to a lower carrier frequency (b083).

Do Not Use Single-phase Motors

- A single-phase motor uses the capacitor start method or split-phase start method to determine its rotation direction at startup, and thus is not suitable for the variable speed control via the Inverter. Do not use single-phase motors.
- * If a capacitor start motor is used, the capacitor may be damaged by a sudden electric charge and discharge caused by Inverter output. If a split-phase start motor is used, the startup coil may burn because the centrifugal switch does not operate.

■Specifications of the Control Circuit Terminals

	Terminal symbol	Terminal name and function	Default setting	Specifications
	PCS	External power supply terminal for input signal (input)	_	24 V DC ±10% 30 mA max. 24 V DC ±10% 100 mA max.
	1	Multi-function input terminals 1 to 5	Forward/Stop	
	2	Select 5 functions among the 31 functions and allocate them to from	Reverse/Stop	Contact input
Input signal	3	terminals 1 to 5.	Fault reset	Close: ON (Start) Open: OFF (Stop)
	4	The terminal allocation is changed automatically when the emergency	Emergency stop fault	Minimum ON time:
	5	shutoff function is used. Refer to "Emergency Shutoff Input Function" (page 4-46).	Multi-step speed reference 1	
	L	Input signal common	_	
Monitor signal	I AM I Trequenci		frequency	
	Н	Frequency reference power supply	_	10 V DC 10 mA max.
Frequency reference input	0	Voltage frequency reference signal	_	0 to 10 V DC Input impedance 10 k Ω When installing variable resistors at FS, FV, and FC (1 to 2 k Ω)
	OI	Current frequency reference signal	_	4 to 20 mA DC Input impedance 250 Ω
	L	Frequency reference common	_	
Output signal	11	Multi-function output terminal Select the status of the Inverter and allocate it to terminal P1.	Frequency arrival signal at a constant speed	27 V DC 50 mA max.
	CM2	Output signal common	_	
	AL2	AL1 AL2 AL0	Contact ratings	
Relay output	AL1	Under normal operation : AL2-AL0 Closed	250 V AC 2.0 A (i 0.2 A (i	resistance load) 100 V AC min. nductive load) 10 mA
signal	AL0	Under abnormal operation : AL2-AL0 Closed Under abnormal operation or power shutdown : AL1-AL0 Open (Default)		resistance load) 5 V DC nductive load) 100 mA

■Functions and Connections of the Control Circuit Terminals

Terminal function	Terminal symbol	Terminal name	Function and connecting method	Wire size
Contact input (for switching function)	1 2 3 4 5	Multi-function input	Select functions and allocate them to terminals 1 to 5. (The figure below illustrates the wiring of the sink logic.)	
	P24	Internal 24 V DC	24 V DC output	
	L	Input common	Input signal common	
Power supply	PCS	Input power supply	If the multi-function input is set as the sink logic, the PCS terminal acts as an external power supply input terminal. If the multi-function input terminal is set as the source logic, the PCS terminal acts as an internal power supply output terminal.	
	Н	Frequency reference power supply output	External voltage directive is 0 to 9.8 V. (Nominal input: 10 V) *1 H O O L	
External	O*3	Frequency reference Input (Voltage directive)	Variable resistor	Shield wire of 0.14 to 0.75 mm ² Recomme nded wire size:
analog frequency reference	OI *4	Frequency reference Input (Current directive)	1 to 2 kΩ (Nominal input: 10 V) Input impedance 10 kΩ	
	L	Frequency reference common	+ (+) (-) 4 to 19.6 mA DC (Nominal input: 20 mA) Input impedance 250 Ω	0.75 mm ²
Monitor output	AM	Multi-function analog output	Choose from frequency or output current. Output terminal specifications 0 to 10 V DC full-scale 1 mA max.	
Open Collector	11	Multi-function output *2	Output terminal specifications Between each terminal and PC the voltage drop is 4V max. at power-on Open collector output	
Output	CM2	Multi-function output common	27 V DC max. 50 mA max. Select the status of the Inverter and allocate it to terminal 11.	
Relay	AL2 AL1	Relay output	Selection of functions is the same as the multi-function	
output	AL0	Relay output common	output.*5 *6	

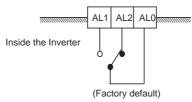
^{*1.} Simultaneous input of current and voltage is not possible. Do not connect the signal lines simultaneously.

^{*2.} By factory default, multi-function output 11 is set to NO contact. To switch to NC contact, change the C031 setting.

^{*3.} Do not input negative voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the inverter

- *4. For the external analog input indicated above, use a shielded wire for connection and connect the shielded part to terminal L for stable operation.
- *5. Below are the contact specifications of the relay output.

Output terminal	Contact capacity	Resistance load	Inductive load
AL2-AL0	Max.	250 V AC 2.5 A 30V DC 3 A	250 V AC 0.2 A 30 V DC 0.7 A
	Min.	100 V AC 10 mA 5 V DC 100 mA	
AL1-AL0	Max.	250 V AC 1 A 30 V DC 1 A	250 V AC 0.2 A 30 V DC 0.2 A
	Min.	100 V AC 10 mA 5 V DC 100 mA	



*6. By factory default, the relay output (AL2, AL1) contact selection (C036) is set at NC contact between AL2-AL0, and NO contact between AL1-AL0.

■Mode Selector

RS-485 Communication/Operator Selector (S7)

Select the mode according to the option connected to the communications connector. When using the 3G3AX-OP01 supplied with the Inverter, it is available regardless of the switch condition.

Symbol	Name Status		Description
S7	RS-485 communication/	485	RS485 ModBus communication
57	operator selector	OPE [Default]	Digital Operator (Option: 3G3AX-OP1)

Emergency shutoff selector (S8)

Use this selector to enable the emergency shutoff input function.

Symbol	Name	Status	Description
	Emergency	ON	Emergency shutoff input enabled *1
S8	shutoff selector	OFF [Default]	Normal

^{*1} The multi-function input terminal 3 is switched to a terminal for emergency shutoff input, and the allocation of other multi-function input terminals is also changed automatically. Do not set to ON immoderately. For details, refer to "Emergency Shutoff Input Function" (page 4-46).

Conforming to EC Directives

■Conforming Standards

•EMC directive EN 61800-3 •Low-voltage directive EN 61800-5-1

■Concept of Conformity

EMC Directive

OMRON products are the electrical devices incorporated and used in various machines or manufacturing equipment. For this reason, we make efforts to conform our products to their related EMC standards so that the machines or equipment which have incorporated our products should easily conform to the EMC standards. The JX models have conformed to the EMC directive EN 61800-3 by following the installation and wiring method as shown below. Your machines or equipment, however, vary in type, and in addition, EMC performance depends on the configuration, wiring, or location of the devices or control panels which incorporate the EC directive conforming products. This in turn does not allow us to confirm the condition and the conformity in which our products are used. Therefore, we appreciate confirmation of the final EMC conformity for the whole machine or equipment on your own.

Wiring the Power Supply

•Be sure to connect the power input terminals (R/L1, S/L2, and T/L3) and power supply via an EMC conforming dedicated noise filter AX-FIJ□□ for the none integrated filter models. The single phase JX-AB□□□-F and three-phase 400V JX-A4□□□-F models have integrated filter complies to EN61800-3 as shown below.

Model	EMC requirements	LVD requirements	Carriier freq	Motor cable
single phase 200V	EN61800-3 category C1	EN61800-5-1:2003	3KHz	5m (shielded)
3-phase 400V	EN61800-3 category C3	2140 1000 0 1.2000	ONTE	om (smelaca)

- •Keep the ground cable as short as possible.
- •Keep the cable between the Inverter and the noise filter as short as possible.

Low-voltage Directive

The JX models have conformed to the EMC directive EN61800-5-1 by performing the machine installation and wiring as shown below.

- •The JX models are an open type device. Be sure to install it inside the control panel.
- The power supply and voltage (SELV) with reinforced or double insulation should be used for wiring to the control circuit terminals.
- •To satisfy requirements of the LVD (low-voltage) directive, the Inverter must be protected with a molded case circuit breaker (MCCB) in case a short-circuiting accident occurs. Be sure to install a molded case circuit breaker (MCCB) on the power supply side of the Inverter.
- •Use one molded case circuit breaker (MCCB) per Inverter.
- •Use the crimp-type terminal with an insulation sleeve to connect to the main circuit terminals.
- When not using the braking resistor or braking resistor unit, connect the crimp-type terminal with an insulation sleeve to the braking resistor connection terminals (P/+, N/-).

Important notes

- •Input choke is required to comply with EMC directive from the harmonic distortion point of view (IEC 61000-3-2 and 4).
- •If the motor cable length exceeds 5m, use output choke to avoid unexpected problem due to the leakage current from the motor cable.

•Integrated EMC filter contains Y-capacitors connected to earth. That means the leakage current from the Y-capacitors may effect on the Earth Leakage Breaker (ELB) at input side. Please refer to the following table to help selecting ELB. Note that the values are nominal ones only flow via the capacitor. Leakage current from the motor cable and motor should also be considered when selecting the ELB. Actual value may be different depending on your system.

Model	Earth leakage current @50Hz 200V [mA rms]			
Wodel	Neutral point earthed	One phase earthed		
JX-AB002~AB004-F	4.2	-		
JX-AB007~AB022-F	8.3	-		

Model	Earth leakage current @50Hz 400V [mA rms]			
Wiodei	Neutral point earthed	One phase earthed		
JX-A4004~A4040-F	3.6	8.7		
JX-A4055~A4075-F	35.7	80.4		

The values are almost proportional to the input voltage.

- As user you must ensure that the HF (high frequency) impedance between adjustable frequency inverter, filter, and ground is as small as possible.
 - •Ensure that the connections are metallic and have the largest possible contact areas (zincplated mounting plates).
- · Avoid conductor loops that act like antennas, especially loops that encompass large areas.
 - Avoid unnecessary conductor loops.
 - Avoid parallel arrangement of low-level signal wiring and power-carrying or noise-prone conductors.
- •Use shielded wiring for the motor cable and all analog and digital control lines.
 - Allow the effective shield area of these lines to remain as large as possible; i.e., do not strip away the shield (screen) further away from the cable end than absolutely necessary.
 - •With integrated systems (for example, when the adjustable frequency inverter is communicating with some type of supervisory controller or host computer in the same control cabinet and they are connected at the same ground + PE-potential), connect the shields of the control lines to ground + PE (protective earth) at both ends. With distributed systems (for example the communicating supervisory controller or host computer is not in the same control cabinet and there is a distance between the systems), we recommend connecting the shield of the control lines only at the end connecting to the adjustable frequency inverter. If possible, route the other end of the control lines directly to the cable entry section of the supervisory controller or host computer. The shield conductor of the motor cables always must connected to ground + PE at both ends.
 - To achieve a large area contact between shield and ground + PE-potential, use a PG screw with a metallic shell, or use a metallic mounting clip.
 - •Use only cable with braided, tinned copper mesh shield (type "CY") with 85% coverage.
 - The shielding continuity should not be broken at any point in the cable. If the use of reactors, contactors, terminals, or safety switches in the motor output is necessary, the unshielded section should be kept as short as possible.
 - •Some motors have a rubber gasket between terminal box and motor housing. Very often, the terminal boxes, and particularly the threads for the metal PG screw connections, are painted. Make sure there is always a good metallic connection between the shielding of the motor cable, the metal PG screw connection, the terminal box, and the motor housing. If necessary, carefully remove paint between conducting surfaces.

- Take measures to minimize interference that is frequently coupled in through installation cables.
 - Separate interfering cables with 0.25 m minimum from cables susceptible to interference. A particularly critical point is laying parallel cables over longer distances. If two cables intersect (one crosses over the other), the interference is smallest if they intersect at an angle of 90°. Cables susceptible to interference should therefore only intersect motor cables, intermediate circuit cables, or the wiring of a rheostat at right angles and never be laid parallel to them over longer distances.
- •Minimize the distance between an interference source and an interference sink (interference-threatened device), thereby decreasing the effect of the emitted interference on the interference sink.
 - You should use only interference-free devices and maintain a minimum distance of 0.25 m from the adjustable frequency inverter.
- Follow safety measures in the filter installation.
 - If using external EMC filter, ensure that the ground terminal (PE) of the filter is properly connected to the ground terminal of the adjustable frequency inverter. An HF ground connection via metal contact between the housings of the filter and the adjustable frequency inverter, or solely via cable shield, is not permitted as a protective conductor connection. The filter must be solidly and permanently connected with the ground potential so as to preclude the danger of electric shock upon touching the filter if a fault occurs.
- •To achieve a protective ground connection for the filter:
 - Ground the filter with a conductor of at least 10 mm2 cross-sectional area.
 - Connect a second grounding conductor, using a separate grounding terminal parallel to the protective conductor. (The cross section of each single protective conductor terminal must be sized for the required nominal load.)

Chapter 3

Operation

3-1	Test Run Procedure	. 3-3
3-2	Test Run Operation	. 3-4
3-3	Part Names and Descriptions of the Digital Operator	. 3-8
3-4	Operation Procedure (Example: Factory Def	•
3-5	Parameter Transition	. 3-16
3-6	Parameter List	. 3-17

⚠ WARNING



Do not remove the front cover during the power supply and 5 minutes after the power shutoff.

Doing so may result in a serious injury due to an electric shock.



Do not operate the Digital Operator or switches with wet hands. Doing so may result in a serious injury due to an electric shock.



Inspection of the Inverter must be conducted after the power supply has been turned off. Not doing so may result in a serious injury due to an electric shock.

The main power supply is not necessarily shut off even if the emergency shutoff function is activated.



Do not change wiring, mode change switches (S7, S8), optional devices or replace cooling fans while the input power is being supplied.

Doing so may result in a serious injury due to an electric shock.

⚠ CAUTION



Do not touch the Inverter fins, braking resistors and the motor, which become too hot during the power supply and for some time after the power shutoff. Doing so may result in a burn.



Take safety precautions such as setting up a molded-case circuit breaker (MCCB) that matches the Inverter capacity on the power supply side. Not doing so might result in damage to property due to the short circuit of the load.

■Operation and Adjustment

Safety Information

- •Be sure to confirm the permissible range of motors and machines before operation because the Inverter speed can be changed easily from low to high.
- •Provide a separate holding brake if necessary.

Precautions for Use

■Error Retry Function

- •Do not come close to the machine when using the error retry function because the machine may abruptly start when stopped by an alarm.
- •Be sure to confirm the RUN signal is turned off before resetting the alarm because the machine may abruptly start.

■Non-Stop Function at Momentary Power Interruption

• Do not come close to the machine when selecting restart in the non-stop function at momentary power interruption selection (b050) because the machine may abruptly start after the power is turned on.

■Operation Stop Command

- Provide a separate emergency stop switch because the STOP key on the Digital Operator is valid only when function settings are performed.
- When checking a signal during the power supply and the voltage is erroneously applied to the control input terminals, the motor may start abruptly. Be sure to confirm safety before checking a signal.

3-1 Test Run Procedure

Installation and Mounting Install the Inverter according to the Installation conditions. *Make sure that the installation conditions are met. Wiring and Connection Connect to the power supply and peripheral devices. *Select peripheral devices that meet the specifications, and wire correctly. Power On Check the following before turning on the power. *Make sure that an appropriate power supply voltage is supplied and that the power input terminals (R/L1, S/L2, and T/L3) are wired correctly. JX-A2CI: 3-phase 200 to 240 V AC JX-ABCI: 3-phase 200 to 240 V AC JX-ABCI: 3-phase 380 to 480 V AC *Make sure that the motor output terminals (U/T1, V/T2, and W/T3) are connected to the motor correctly. *Make sure that the motor output terminals (U/T1, V/T2, and W/T3) are connected to the motor correctly. *Make sure that the motor output terminals and the control device are wired correctly and that all control terminals are turned off. *Set the motor to no-load status (i.e., not connected to the mechanical system). *After checking the above, turn on the power. Display Status Check Make sure that there are no faults in the Inverter. *When the power is turned on normally, the display shows: RIN LED indicator: ON RUN command LeD indicator: ON POWER LED indicator: ON Volume LED indicator: ON DATA LARM LED indicator: ON SURVINORMANIA LED indicator: ON LARM LED indicator: ON DATA LARM LED indicator: ON DATA LARM LED indicator: ON DATA LARM LED indicator: ON LARM LED indicator: ON DATA LARM LED indicator: ON LED indicator: ON LED indicator: ON LED indicator: ON LE	Item	Description	Reference page				
*Make sure that the installation conditions are met. Wiring and Connection Connect to the power supply and peripheral devices. 2.7 *Select peripheral devices that meet the specifications, and wire correctly. *Power On Check the following before turning on the power. *Make sure that an appropriate power supply voltage is supplied and that the power input terminals (R/L1, S/L2, and T/L3) are wired correctly. JX-AZII: 3-phase 200 to 240 V AC JX-AZII: 3-phase 200 to 240 V AC (Connect to L1 and N/L3 for 1 phase) JX-A4II: 3-phase 380 to 480 V AC *Make sure that the motor output terminals (U/T1, V/T2, and W/T3) are connected to the motor correctly. *Make sure that the control circuit terminals and the control device are wired correctly and that all control terminals are turned off. *Set the motor to no-load status (i.e., not connected to the mechanical system). *After checking the above, turn on the power. Display Status Check Make sure that there are no faults in the Inverter. *When the power is turned on normally, the display shows: RUN LED indicator: ON ALARM LED indicator: ON POWER LED indicator: ON RUN command LED indicator: ON Volume LED indicator: ON Bata LED indicator (Frequency): ON Data display : Displays the set value in d001. *If an error occurs, the error code is displayed on the data display. In this case, refer to "Chapter 5 Maintenance Operations" and make the necessary changes to remedy. Parameter Initialization Initialize the parameters. *Set parameter No. b084 to "02", and press the key while holding down the and keys simultaneously. Parameter Settings Set the parameters required for a test run. *Set the motor capacity selection (H003) and the motor pole number selection (H004). *No-load Operation Connect the mechanical system and operate via the Digital Operator. *Use the FREQ adjuster on the Digital Operator to rotate the motor. *If there is no problem with the no-load operation, connect the mechanical system to the motor and operate via the Digital Operato	\	1	L				
Wiring and Connection Connect to the power supply and peripheral devices. Select peripheral devices that meet the specifications, and wire correctly. Check the following before turning on the power. •Make sure that an appropriate power supply voltage is supplied and that the power input terminals (R/L1, S/L2, and T/L3) are wired correctly. JX-A2□: 3-phase 200 to 240 V AC JX-A8□: 1/3-phase 200 to 240 V AC (Connect to L1 and N/L3 for 1 phase) JX-A4□: 3-phase 380 to 480 V AC •Make sure that the motor output terminals (U/T1, V/T2, and W/T3) are connected to the motor correctly. •Make sure that the control circuit terminals and the control device are wired correctly and that all control terminals are turned off. •Set the motor to no-load status (i.e., not connected to the mechanical system). •After checking the above, turn on the power. Display Status Check Make sure that there are no faults in the Inverter. •When the power is turned on normally, the display shows: RUN LED indicator : ON ALARM LED indicator : OFF POWER LED indicator : ON Volume LED indicator : ON Data LED indicator : ON Volume LED indicator : ON Data LED indicator (frequency) : ON Data display : Displays the set value in d001. •If an error occurs, the error code is displayed on the data display. In this case, refer to "Chapter 5 Maintenance Operations" and make the necessary changes to remedy. Parameter Initialization Initialize the parameters. •Set parameter No. b084 to "02", and press the ﷺ key while holding down the □ and □ remained to the motor capacity selection (H003) and the motor pole number selection (H004). No-load Operation Start the no-load motor via the Digital Operator. •Use the FREQ adjuster on the Digital Operator to rotate the motor. Actual Load Operation Connect the mechanical system and operate via the Digital Operator. •If there is no problem with the no-load operation, connect the mechanical system to the motor and operate via the Digital Operator.	Installation and Mounting	Install the Inverter according to the installation conditions.	2-2				
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Power On Check the following before turning on the power. **Make sure that an appropriate power supply voltage is supplied and that the power input terminals (R/L1, S/L2, and T/L3) are wired correctly. JX-A2D: 3-phase 200 to 240 V AC JX-ABD: 1/3-phase 380 to 480 V AC (Connect to L1 and N/L3 for 1 phase) JX-A4D: 3-phase 380 to 480 V AC **Make sure that the motor output terminals (U/T1, V/T2, and W/T3) are connected to the motor correctly. **Make sure that the control circuit terminals and the control device are wired correctly and that all control terminals are turned off. **Set the motor to no-load status (i.e., not connected to the mechanical system). **After checking the above, turn on the power. **Display Status Check** **Make sure that there are no faults in the Inverter. **When the power is turned on normally, the display shows: RUN LED indicator: ON ALARM LED indicator: OFF POWER LED indicator: ON RUN command LED indicator: OFF POWER LED indicator: ON Data LED indicator: OFF POWER LED indicator: ON Data LED indicator (frequency): ON Data display: Displays the set value in d001. **If an error occurs, the error code is displayed on the data display. In this case, refer to "Chapter 5 Maintenance Operations" and make the necessary changes to remedy. **Parameter Initialization** Parameter Settings* **Set parameter No. b084 to "02", and press the **Explay** key while holding down the **Data Actual Load Operation** **Set the motor capacity selection (H003) and the motor pole number selection (H004). **No-load Operation** **Set the motor capacity selection (H003) and the motor pole number selection (H004). **One-load Operation** **Connect the mechanical system and operate via the Digital Operator. **Use the FREQ adjuster on the Digital Operator, connect the mechanical system to the motor and operate via the Digital Operator.	Wiring and Connection	Connect to the power supply and peripheral devices. 2-7					
Make sure that an appropriate power supply voltage is supplied and that the power input terminals (R/L1, S/L2, and T/L3) are wired correctly. JX-A2II: 3-phase 200 to 240 V AC JX-ABII: 1/3-phase 200 to 240 V AC (Connect to L1 and N/L3 for 1 phase) JX-A4II: 3-phase 380 to 480 V AC *Make sure that the motor output terminals (U/T1, V/T2, and W/T3) are connected to the motor correctly. *Make sure that the control circuit terminals and the control device are wired correctly and that all control terminals are turned off. *Set the motor to no-load status (i.e., not connected to the mechanical system). *After checking the above, turn on the power. Display Status Check Make sure that there are no faults in the Inverter. *When the power is turned on normally, the display shows: RUN LED indicator : ON ALARM LED indicator : OF POWER LED indicator : ON RUN command LED indicator : ON Volume LED indicator : ON Data LED indicator : ON Data display : Displays the set value in d001. If an error occurs, the error code is displayed on the data display. In this case, refer to "Chapter 5 Maintenance Operations" and make the necessary changes to remedy. Parameter Initialization Initialize the parameters. *Set parameter No. b084 to "02", and press the key while holding down the Actual Load Operation *Set the motor capacity selection (H003) and the motor pole number selection (H004). No-load Operation Connect the mechanical system and operate via the Digital Operator. *Use the FREQ adjuster on the Digital Operator to rotate the motor. Actual Load Operation Connect the mechanical system and operate via the Digital Operator.		•Select peripheral devices that meet the specifications, and wire correctly.					
terminals (R/L1, S/L2, and T/L3) are wired correctly. JX-A2EI: 3-phase 200 to 240 V AC JX-ABEI: 1/3-phase 200 to 240 V AC (Connect to L1 and N/L3 for 1 phase) JX-A4EI: 3-phase 380 to 480 V AC •Make sure that the motor output terminals (U/T1, V/T2, and W/T3) are connected to the motor correctly. •Make sure that the control circuit terminals and the control device are wired correctly and that all control terminals are turned off. •Set the motor to no-load status (i.e., not connected to the mechanical system). •After checking the above, turn on the power. Display Status Check Make sure that there are no faults in the Inverter. •When the power is turned on normally, the display shows: RUN LED indicator : ON ALARM LED indicator : OFF POWER LED indicator : ON RUN command LED indicator : ON Volume LED indicator : ON Data LED indicator (frequency) : ON Data display : Displays the set value in d001. •If an error occurs, the error code is displayed on the data display. In this case, refer to "Chapter 5 Maintenance Operations" and make the necessary changes to remedy. Parameter Initialization Initialize the parameters. •Set parameter No. b084 to "02", and press the key while holding down the and keys simultaneously. Parameter Settings Set the parameters required for a test run. •Set the motor capacity selection (H003) and the motor pole number selection (H004). No-load Operation Start the no-load motor via the Digital Operator. •Use the FREQ adjuster on the Digital Operator to rotate the motor. Actual Load Operation Connect the mechanical system and operate via the Digital Operator. •If there is no problem with the no-load operation, connect the mechanical system to the motor and operate via the Digital Operator.	Power On	Check the following before turning on the power.					
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No-load Operation Start the no-load motor via the Digital Operator. •Use the FREQ adjuster on the Digital Operator to rotate the motor. Actual Load Operation Connect the mechanical system and operate via the Digital Operator. •If there is no problem with the no-load operation, connect the mechanical system to the motor and operate via the Digital Operator.	Parameter Settings	Set the parameters required for a test run.					
•Use the FREQ adjuster on the Digital Operator to rotate the motor. Actual Load Operation		•Set the motor capacity selection (H003) and the motor pole number s	election (H004).				
Actual Load Operation Connect the mechanical system and operate via the Digital Operator. •If there is no problem with the no-load operation, connect the mechanical system to the motor and operate via the Digital Operator.	No-load Operation	Start the no-load motor via the Digital Operator.					
•If there is no problem with the no-load operation, connect the mechanical system to the motor and operate via the Digital Operator.		•Use the FREQ adjuster on the Digital Operator to rotate the motor.					
motor and operate via the Digital Operator.	Actual Load Operation	Connect the mechanical system and operate via the Digital Opera	itor.				
Operation Refer to "Chapter 4 Functions", and set the necessary parameters.		·	ical system to the				
	Operation	Refer to "Chapter 4 Functions", and set the necessary param	eters.				

3-2 Test Run Operation

Power On

■Checkpoints Before Turning On the Power

• Make sure that an appropriate power supply voltage is supplied and that the power input terminals (R/L1, S/L2, and T/L3) are wired correctly.

JX-A2□: 3-phase 200 to 240 V AC

JX-ABD: 1-phase 200 to 240 V AC (Connect to L1 and N)

JX-A4□: 3-phase 380 to 480 V AC

- •Make sure that the motor output terminals (U/T1, V/T2, and W/T3) are connected to the motor correctly.
- •Make sure that the control circuit terminals and the control device are wired correctly and that all control terminals are turned off.
- Set the motor to no-load status (i.e., not connected to the mechanical system).

■Power On

After checking the above, turn on the power.

Display Status Check

When the power is turned on normally, the display shows:

[Normal] RUN LED indicator (during RUN) : ON ALARM LED indicator : OFF POWER LED indicator : ON Volume LED indicator : ON Data LED indicator (frequency) : ON

Data display : Displays the set value in d001

• If an error occurs, refer to "Chapter 5 Maintenance Operations" and make the necessary changes to remedy.

[Fault] RUN LED indicator (during RUN) : ON ALARM LED indicator : ON POWER LED indicator : ON RUN command LED indicator : ON

Volume LED indicator : ON Data LED indicator (frequency) : ON Data display : An error code, such as "E-01", is displayed.

(The display varies depending on the type of error.)

Parameter Initialization

- •Initialize the parameters using the following procedure.
- •To initialize the parameters, set parameter b084 to "02".

Key sequence	Display example	Description
		Power On
	<u> </u>	Press the Mode key once, and then press the Decrement key three times to display "b".
	600 i	Press the Mode key. "b001" is displayed.
	<i>508</i> 4	Use the Increment or Decrement key to display "b084".
		Press the Mode key. The set value in "b084" is displayed.
		Use the Increment or Decrement key to display "02".
4	6084	Press the Enter key. The set value is entered and "b084" is displayed.
STOP RESET		Press the STOP/RESET key while holding down the Mode and Decrement keys simultaneously. When the display blinks, release the STOP/RESET key first, and then the Mode and Decrement keys.
	00	Displays initialization.
(In 1 s)		The parameter number is displayed again in approximately 1 s.

■Setting the Motor Capacity Selection (H003) and Motor Pole Number Selection (H004)

Parameter No.	Register No.	Name	Description	Setting range	Unit of setting	Default setting	Change during RUN
H003	1165h	Motor capacity selection	Sets the capacity of the motor connected to the Inverter.	200-V class 0.2/0.4/0.75/ 1.5/2.2/3.7/ 5.5/7.5 400-V class 0.4/0.75/1.5/ 2.2/3.7/5.5/7.5	kW	Varies with the capacity.	No
H004	1166h	Motor pole number selection	Sets the pole number of the motor connected to the Inverter.	2/4/6/8	Pole	4	No

Key sequence	Display example	Description
	<u> </u>	Press the Mode key twice to display the mode selection.
	<i> </i>	Use the Increment or Decrement key to display "H".
	HDD3	Press the Mode key. "H003" is displayed.
		Press the Mode key. The set value in "H003" is displayed.
		Use the Increment or Decrement key to set the rated motor capacity.
	<i>[].</i> 4 <i>[]</i>	Press the Enter key. The set value is entered.
(In approx. 1 s)	HDD3	The parameter number is displayed again.

No-load Operation

- Start the no-load motor (i.e., not connected to the mechanical system) using the Digital Operator.
- * Before operating the Digital Operator, check that the FREQ adjuster is set to "MIN."
- * Make sure that the LED indicator above the FREQ adjuster and the RUN command LED indicator are lit.

■Forward/Reverse Rotation via the Digital Operator

Key sequence	Display example	Description
		Press and hold the Mode key for 3 seconds or more to display "d001", and then press again. (Monitors the frequency reference.)
RUN		Press the RUN key. The RUN command LED indicator is lit.
MIN MAX		Turn the FREQ adjuster slowly. The monitor value of the frequency reference is displayed. The motor starts rotating forward in accordance with the frequency reference.

- By turning the FREQ adjuster, make sure that there is no vibration or abnormal sound from the motor.
- Make sure that no errors have occurred in the Inverter during operation.
- •Switch between forward and reverse with the operator rotation direction selection (F004).

■Stopping the Motor

• After completing the no-load operation, press the STOP/RESET key. The motor will stop.

Actual Load Operation

- After checking the operation with the motor in the no-load status, connect the mechanical system and operate with an actual load.
- * Before operating the Digital Operator, check that the FREQ adjuster is set to "MIN."

■Connecting the Mechanical System

- After confirming that the motor has stopped completely, connect the mechanical system.
- •Be sure to tighten all the screws when fixing in the motor axis.

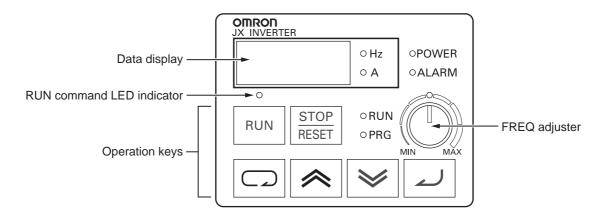
■Operation via the Digital Operator

- •Because a possible error may occur during operation, make sure that the STOP/RESET key on the Digital Operator is easily accessible.
- •Use the Digital Operator to operate the Inverter the same way as in no-load operation.

■Checking the Operating Status

- After making sure that the operating direction is correct and that the Inverter is operating smoothly at a slow speed, increase the frequency reference.
- By changing the frequency reference or the rotation direction, make sure that there is no vibration or abnormal sound from the motor.
- Make sure that the output current (output current monitor [d002]) is not excessive.

3-3 Part Names and Descriptions of the Digital Operator



	Name	Description
○POWER	POWER LED indicator	Lit when the power is supplied to the control circuit.
OALARM	ALARM LED indicator	Lit when an Inverter error occurs.
○RUN	RUN (during RUN) LED indicator	Lit when the Inverter is running.
○PRG	PROGRAM LED indicator	Lit when the set value of each function is indicated on the data display. Blinks during warning (when the set value is incorrect).
8888	Data display	Displays relevant data, such as frequency reference, output current, and set values.
○ Hz ○ A	Data display LED indicator	Lit according to the indication on the data display. Hz: Frequency A: Current
00	Volume LED indicator	Lit when the frequency reference source is set to the FREQ adjuster.
MIN MAX	FREQ adjuster	Sets a frequency. Available only when the frequency reference source is set to the FREQ adjuster. (Check that the Volume LED indicator is lit.)
0	RUN command LED indicator	Lit when the RUN command is set to the Digital Operator. (The RUN key on the Digital Operator is available for operation.)
RUN key (Check that the RUN command LED indicator is lit.) Forward/Reverse rotation depends on "F004" setting		(Check that the RUN command LED indicator is lit.)
		Decelerates and stops the Inverter. Functions as a reset key if an Inverter error occurs.

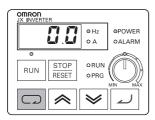
	Name	Description	
	Mode key	Switches between: the monitor mode (dDDD), the basic function mode (FDDD), and the extended function mode (ADDD, bDDD, CDDD, HDDD). With this key, you can always change the display as follows. [Supplemental information] To jump to "d001" from any function mode, hold down the Mode key for 3 seconds. $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
		Note: Always press the Enter key to store any changed data.	
2	Enter key	Enters and stores changed data. (To change the set value, be sure to press the Enter key.) Do not press the Enter key if you don't want to store any changes, for example, if you have changed the data inadvertently.	
	Increment key	Changes the mode. Also, increases the set value of each function.	
*	Decrement key	Changes the mode. Also, decreases the set value of each function.	

3-4 Operation Procedure (Example: Factory Default)

Displaying the Monitor Mode, Basic Function Mode, and Extended Function Mode



1. The data of the set monitor is displayed. (Default is "0.0")





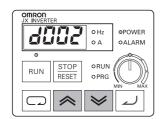
2. The code of the monitor mode is displayed (as "d001").



 Press the Mode key once to return from the code display of the monitor mode to the monitor display.

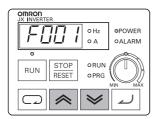


("d002" is displayed.)



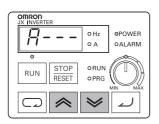


3. The code of the basic function mode is displayed (as "F001").





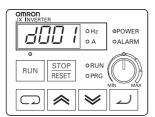
4. The extended function mode is displayed (as "A---").



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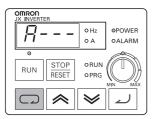
5. The code of the monitor mode is displayed (as "d001").



•Returns to step 2.

Setting Functions

- Switch the method of the RUN command. (Digital Operator → Control terminal block)
- To switch the method of the RUN command from the Digital Operator (factory default) to the control terminal block, you need to change the frequency reference selection (A001) from the Digital Operator (02) to the terminal (01).
- 1. Display the extended function mode (as "A---").



- •To display "A---", follow the indication method described in "Displaying the Monitor Mode, Basic Function Mode, and Extended Function Mode" (page 3-10).
- By default, the RUN command LED indicator will light up as the RUN command selection is set to the Digital Operator.



2. The code of the extended function mode is displayed (as "A001").



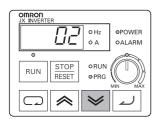


("A002" is displayed.)



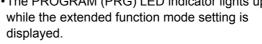


3. The setting of the extended function mode is displayed (setting in "A002").



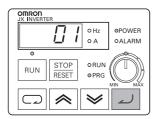


• "02 (Digital Operator)" (default setting) is





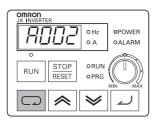
(Change the A002 setting.)



 Change the RUN command selection to the terminal "01".



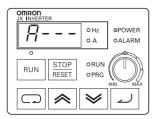
4. The code of the monitor mode is displayed (as "A002").



- Press the Enter key to fix the changed setting data.
- The RUN command selection is changed to the terminal, and the RUN command LED indicator will go off.
- You can now change to another extended function code.



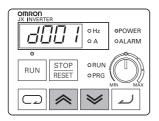
5. The extended function mode is displayed (as "A---").



 You can now move to another extended function mode, the monitor mode, and the basic function mode.

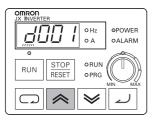
Setting Function Codes

- •You can enter codes for the monitor mode, basic function mode, and extended function mode directly, as well as through the scrolling method.
- •Below is an example where code d001 of the monitor mode is changed to extended function A029.
- 1. Display the code of the monitor mode (as "d001").





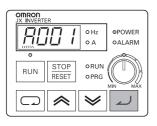
2. Change the function code.



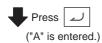
•You can change the 4th digit when "d" blinks.



("A001" is displayed.)



- •"A" blinks.
- Press the Enter key to fix the blinking digit.



3. Change the 3rd digit of the function code.



- •"0" of the 3rd digit blinks.
- Press the Enter key to fix "0" of the 3rd digit as you need not change it.
- Press the Mode key to start "A" blinking again.



4. Change the 2nd digit of the function code.





- •"0" of the 2nd digit blinks.
- Press the Mode key to start "0" of the 3rd digit blinking again.

("A021" is displayed.)

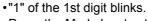


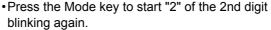
•"2" of the 2nd digit blinks.



5. Change the 1st digit of the function code.









("A029" is displayed.)



•"9" of the 1st digit blinks.



6. The function code selection is complete.

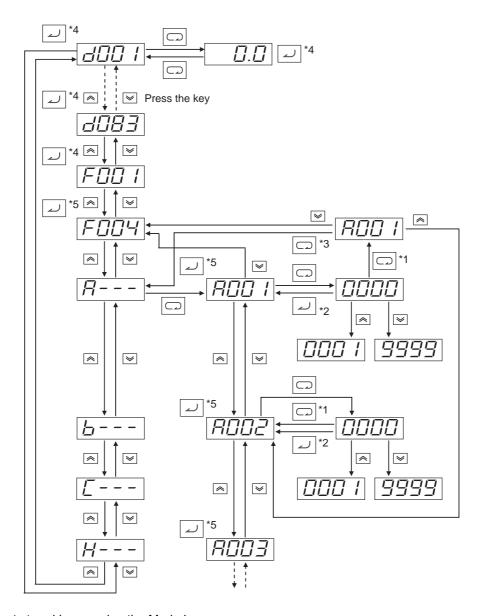


- "A029" selection completed.
- Press the Mode key to change the data for A029.

(Supplemental Information)

- If you enter a parameter number that is not included in the parameter list, the display returns to the parameter previously displayed.
- Press the Enter key to shift the digit to the right, and the Mode key to shift to the left.

3-5 Parameter Transition



- *1. Data is not stored by pressing the Mode key.
- *2. Press the Enter key to store the data.
- *3. When you press the Mode key after you return to the parameter number display without storing data in the extended function mode, the mode selection function is selected.
- *4. When you press the Enter key with d*** or F001 displayed, the monitor value is stored as the initial display that appears when the power is turned on.
- *5. When you press the Enter key, the first digit of each parameter setting is stored as the initial display that appears when the power is turned on.

(Example:
$$|F \square \square \square|$$
, $|P - - - |$, etc.)

* To display a specific monitor when the power is turned on, press the Enter key with that monitor displayed. If a parameter for an extended function code is stored after pressing the Enter key, however, that code (A---, b---, C---, d---, or H---) appears at the next power-on. To prevent this, always press the Enter key again with the desired monitor displayed after storing a parameter.

3-6 Parameter List

Monitor Mode (d□□□)

Parm No.	Name	Monitor or data range (Digital Operator)	Default setting	Change during Run	Unit	Modbus Address (Hex)	Page
d001	Output frequency monitor	0.0 to 400.0	_	_	Hz	1002	4-2
d002	Output current monitor	0.0 to 999.9	_	_	Α	1003	4-2
d003	Rotation direction monitor	F: Forward o: Stop r: Reverse	_	_	_	1004	4-2
d004	PID feedback value monitor	0.00 to 99.99 100.0 to 999.9 1000. to 9999. (Enabled when the PID function is selected)	_	_	_	1005 M 1006 L	4-2
d005	Multi-function input monitor	Example) Terminal 4, 2: ON Terminal 5, 3, 1: OFF	_	_	_	1007	4-3
d006	Multi-function output monitor	Example) Terminal 11: ON Terminal AL2: OFF	_	_	_	1008	4-3
d007	Output frequency monitor (after conversion)	0.00 to 99.99 100.0 to 999.9 1000. to 9999. 1000 to 3996 (10000 to 39960) (Output frequency × Conversion factor of b086)	_	_	_	1009 M 100A L	4-3
d013	Output voltage monitor	0. to 600.	_	_	V	100C	4-4
d016	Total RUN Time	0. to 9999. 1000 to 9999 「100 to 「999 (10000 to 99990 hours)	—		h	100E M 100F L	4-4
d017	Power ON time monitor	0. to 9999. 1000 to 9999 「100 to 「999 (10000 to 99990 hours)	_		h	1010 M 1011 L	4-4
d018	Fin temperature monitor	0.0 to 200.0			°C	116A	4-4
d080	Fault frequency monitor	0. to 9999.	_	_	_	0011	4-4
d081	Fault monitor 1 (Latest)	Error code (condition of occurrence) →				0012 to 001B	
d082	Fault monitor 2	Output frequency [Hz] → Output current [A] → Internal DC voltage [V] → RUN time [h] → ON time [h]	_	_		001C to 0025	4-5
d083	Fault monitor 3	ON time [m]				0026 to 002F	
d102	DC voltage monitor	0.0 to 999.9		_	V	116C	4-5
d104	Electronic thermal monitor	0.0 to 100.0	_	_	%	116D	4-5

Basic Function Mode (F□□□)

Parm No.	Name	Monitor or data range (Digital Operator)	Default setting	Change during Run	Unit	Modbus Address (Hex)	Page
F001	Output frequency setting/ monitor	Starting frequency to 1st or 2nd max. frequency	_	Yes	Hz	-	4-6
F002	Acceleration time 1	0.01 to 99.99 100.0 to 999.9 1000. to 3000.	10.0	Yes	s	1014 M 1015 L	4-6
F202	*2nd acceleration time 1	0.01 to 99.99 100.0 to 999.9 1000. to 3000.	10.0	Yes	s	1501 M 1502 L	4-6
F003	Deceleration time 1	0.01 to 99.99 100.0 to 999.9 1000. to 3000.	10.0	Yes	s	1016 M 1017 L	4-6
F203	*2nd deceleration time 1	0.01 to 99.99 100.0 to 999.9 1000. to 3000.	10.0	Yes	s	1503 M 1504 L	4-6
F004	Operator rotation direction selection	00: Forward 01: Reverse	00	No	_	1018	4-7

^{* 2}nd control is displayed when SET(08) is allocated to one of the digital inputs.

Extended function mode

	ameter No.	Function name	Monitor or data range (Digital Operator)	Default setting	Change during Run	Unit	Modbus Address (Hex)	Page
	A001	Frequency reference selection	00: Digital Operator (FREQ adjuster) 01: Terminal 02: Digital Operator (F001)	00	No	_	1019	4-8
	A201	*2nd frequency reference selection	03: ModBus communication 10: Frequency operation result	00	No	_	-	4-8
etting	A002	RUN command selection	01: Terminal 02: Digital Operator	02	No	_	101A	4-8
Basic setting	A202	*2nd RUN command selection	03: ModBus communication	02	No	_	-	4-8
В	A003	Base frequency	30. to Max. frequency [A004]	50	No	Hz	101B	4-9
	A203	*2nd base frequency	30. to Max. frequency [A204]	50	INO	ПZ	150C	4-9
	A004	Maximum frequency		50			101C	4-10
	A204	*2nd maximum frequency	30. to 400.	50	No	Hz	150D	
· ·	A005	O/OI selection	02: Switches between O/FREQ adjuster via terminal AT 03: Switches between FI/FREQ adjuster via terminal AT 04: O input only 05: OI input only	02	No	_	101D	4-10
inp	A011	O start frequency	0.0 to Max. frequency	0.0	No	Hz	1020	4-11
Analog input	A012	O end frequency	0.0 to Max. frequency	0.0	No	Hz	1022	4-11
An	A013	O start ratio	0. to 100.	0.	No	%	1023	4-11
	A014	O end ratio	0. to 100.	100.	No	%	1024	4-11
	A015	O start selection	00: External start frequency (A011 set value) 01: 0 Hz	01	No	_	1025	4-11
	A016	O, OI sampling	1. to 17.	8.	No	_	1026	4-12

	ameter No.	Function name	Monitor or data range (Digital Operator)	Default setting	Change during Run	Unit	Modbus Address (Hex)	Page
	A020	Multi-step speed reference 0	0.0/Starting frequency to Max. frequency	6.0	Yes	Hz	1029	4-12
	A220	*2nd multi-step speed reference 0	0.0/Starting frequency to 2nd max. frequency	6.0	Yes	Hz	150F	4-12
	A021	Multi-step speed reference 1		0.0			102B	
	A022	Multi-step speed reference 2		0.0			102D	
	A023	Multi-step speed reference 3		0.0			102F	
	A024	Multi-step speed reference 4		0.0			1031	
ging	A025	Multi-step speed reference 5	0.0/Starting frequency to Max. frequency	0.0			1033	
Multi-step speed, Jogging	A026	Multi-step speed reference 6		0.0	Yes		1035	
	A027	Multi-step speed reference 7		0.0			1037	
	A028	Multi-step speed reference 8		0.0		Hz	1039	4-12
Σ	A029	Multi-step speed reference 9		0.0			103B	
	A030	Multi-step speed reference 10		0.0			103D	
	A031	Multi-step speed reference 11		0.0			103F	
	A032	Multi-step speed reference 12		0.0			1041	
	A033	Multi-step speed reference 13		0.0			1043	
	A034	Multi-step speed reference 14		0.0			1045	
	A035	Multi-step speed reference 15		0.0			1047	
	A038	Jogging frequency	0.00/Starting frequency to 9.99	6.00	Yes	Hz	1048	4-14
	A039	Jogging stop selection	00: Free-run stop 01: Deceleration stop 02: DC injection braking stop	00	No	_	1049	4-14
oost	A041	Torque boost selection	00: Manual torque boost only	00	- No		104A	
rque be	A241	*2nd torque boost selection	01: Automatic (simple) torque boost	00		-	1510	4-15
Charact. Torque boost	A042	Manual torque boost voltage	0.0 to 20.0	5.0	- Yes	0/	104B	4 45
Char	A242	*2nd manual torque boost voltage	0.0 to 20.0	0.0		%	1511	4-15

	ameter No.	Function name	Monitor or data range (Digital Operator)	Default setting	Change during Run	Unit	Modbus Address (Hex)	Page
	A043	Manual torque boost frequency	0.0 to 50.0	2.5	Yes	%	104C	4-15
ost	A243	*2nd manual torque boost frequency	0.0 (0 30.0	0.0	163		1512	
dne po	A044	V/f characteristics selection	00: Constant torque characteristics (VC) 01: Reduced torque characteristics (VP 1.7th	00			104D	
Charact. Torque boost	A244	*2nd V/f characteristics selection	tics 06: Special reduced torque characteristics	00	No	-	1513	4-15
Ch	A045	Output voltage gain	20. to 100.	100.	Yes	%	104E	4-15 4-63
	A245	*2nd output voltage gain	20. to 100.	100.	165	70	1514	4-15
	A051	DC injection braking selection	00: Disabled 01: Enabled 02: Frequency control [A052 set value]	00	No	_	1051	4-17
king	A052	DC injection braking frequency	0.0 to 60.0	0.5	No	Hz	1052	4-17
ion bra	A053	DC injection braking delay time	0.0 to 5.0	0.0	No	s	1053	4-17
DC injection braking	A054	DC injection braking power	0. to 100.	50	No	%	1054	4-17
DC	A055	DC injection braking time	0.0 to 60.0	0.5	No	s	1055	4-17
	A056	DC injection braking method selection	00: Edge operation 01: Level operation	01	No	_	1056	4-17
	A061	Frequency upper limit	0.0/Frequency lower limit to Max. frequency	0.0			105A	4-20
	A261	*2nd frequency upper limit	0.0/Frequency lower limit to 2nd Max. frequency	0.0	No	Hz	1517	
	A062	Frequency lower limit	0.0/Starting frequency to Frequency upper limit	0.0			105B	
er limit, Jump	A262	*2nd frequency lower limit	0.0/Starting frequency to 2nd frequency upper limit	0.0	No	Hz	1518	4-20
imit,	A063	Jump frequency 1		0.0			105D	
	A064	Jump frequency width 1		0.5	No H		105E	4-21
Upper/Low	A065	Jump frequency 2	Jump frequency: 0.0 to 400.0	0.0			1060	
η	A066	Jump frequency width 2	Jump frequency width: 0.0 to 10.0	0.5		Hz	1061	
	A067	Jump frequency 3		0.0			1063	
	A068	Jump frequency width 3		0.5			1064	
	A071	PID selection	00: Disabled 01: Enabled	00	No	_	1068	4-22
	A072	PID P gain	0.2 to 5.0	1.0	Yes	_	1069	4-22
trol	A073	PID I gain	0.0 to 150.0	1.0	Yes	S	106A	4-22
control	A074	PID D gain	0.00 to 100.0	0.0	Yes	s	106B	4-22
PID	A075	PID scale	0.01 to 99.99	1.00	No	Time	106C	4-22
4	A076	PID feedback selection	00: OI 01: O 02: RS485 communication 10: Operation function output	00	No	_	106D	4-22

	ameter No.	Function name	Monitor or data range (Digital Operator)	Default setting	Change during Run	Unit	Modbus Address (Hex)	Page
control	A077	Reverse PID function	00: OFF (Deviation = Target value - Feedback value) 01: ON (Deviation = Feedback value - Target value)	00	No	_	106E	4-22
PID	A078	PID output limit function	0.0 to 100.0	0.0	No	%	106F	4-22
AVR	A081	AVR selection	00: Always ON 01: Always OFF 02: OFF during deceleration	02	No	_	1070	4-26
	A082	AVR voltage selection	200-V class: 200/215/220/230/240 400-V class: 380/400/415/440/460/480	200/400	No	٧	1071	4-26
	A085	RUN mode selection	00: Normal operation 01: Energy-saving operation	00	No	-	1072	4-26
	A086	Energy-saving response/accuracy adjustment	0 to 100	50	No	%	1073	4-26
	A092	Acceleration time 2	0.01 to 99.99 100.0 to 999.9	15.00	Yes	s	1074 M 1075 L	4-27
us	A292	*2nd acceleration time 2	1000. to 3000.	15.00		J	1519 M 151A L	
functio	A093	Deceleration time 2	0.01 to 99.99 100.0 to 999.9	15.00	Yes	ø	1076 M 1077 L	4-27
RUN mode, Acceleration/Deceleration functions	A293	*2nd deceleration time 2	1000. to 3000.	15.00	. 60	J	151B M 151C L	, 2,
	A094	2-step accel/decel selection	00: Switched via multi-function input 09 (2CH) 01: Switched by setting 00 No	00	- No	_	1078	4-27
eration/	A294	*2nd 2-step accel/decel selection			151D	- <u>-</u> .		
Accele	A095	2-step acceleration frequency		0.0			107A	4.0=
JN mode,	A295	*2nd 2-step acceleration frequency	0.0 to 400.0	0.0	No	Hz	151F	4-27
집	A096	2-step deceleration frequency		0.0	No		107C	
	A296	*2nd 2-step deceleration frequency	0.0 to 400.0	0.0		Hz	1521	4-27
	A097	Acceleration pattern selection	00: Line 01: S-shape curve	00	No	_	107D	4-28
	A098	Deceleration pattern selection	00: Line 01: S-shape curve	00	No	_	107E	4-28
st	A101	OI start frequency	0.0 to 400.0	0.0	No	Hz	1080	4-11 4-28
cy adju	A102	OI end frequency	0.0 to 400.0	0.0	No	Hz	1082	4-11 4-28
External frequency adjust	A103	OI start ratio	0. to 100.	0.	No	%	1083	4-11 4-28
ternal f	A104	OI end ratio	0. to 100.	100.	No	%	1084	4-11 4-28
Ĕ	A105	OI start selection	00: Use OI start frequency [A101] 01: 0 Hz start	01	No	_	1085	4-11 4-28

	ameter No.	Function name	Monitor or data range (Digital Operator)	Default setting	Change during Run	Unit	Modbus Address (Hex)	Page
nency	A141	Operation frequency input A setting	00: Digital Operator (F001) 01: Digital Operator (FREQ adjuster) 02: Input O	01	No	_	108E	4-29
Operation frequency	A142	Operation frequency input B setting	03: Input OI 04: RS485 communication	02	No		108F	4-29
	A143	Operator selection	00: Addition (A + B) 01: Subtraction (A - B) 02: Multiplication (A × B)	00	No		1090	4-29
Frequency addition	A145	Frequency addition amount	0.0 to 400.0	0.0	Yes	Hz	1091	4-29
Frequenc	A146	Frequency addition direction	00: Adds A145 value to output frequency 01: Subtract A145 value from output frequency	00	No	_	1093	4-29
	A151	VR start frequency	0.0 to 400.0	0.0	No	Hz	1095	4-11
adjustment	A152	VR end frequency	0.0 to 400.0	0.0	No	Hz	1097	4-11
ustn	A153	VR start ratio	0. to 100.	0.	No	%	1098	4-11
adj	A154	VR end ratio	0. to 100.	100.	No	%	1099	4-11
VR	A155	VR start selection	00: Use VR start frequency [A151] 01: 0 Hz start	01	No		109A	4-11
ption	b001	Retry selection	00: Alarm 01: 0 Hz start 02: Frequency matching start 03: Trip after frequency matching deceleration stop	00	No		10A5	4-30
momentary power interruption	b002	Allowable momentary power interruption time	0.3 to 25.0	1.0	No	s	10A6	4-30
tary pc	b003	Retry wait time	0.3 to 100.0	1.0	No	s	10A7	4-30 4-41
D	b004	Momentary power interruption/ undervoltage trip during stop selection	00: Disabled 01: Enabled	00	No	_	10A8	4-30
Restart durin	b005	Momentary power interruption retry time selection	00: 16 times 01: No limit	00	No	_	10A9	4-30
	b011	Starting frequency at Active Frequency Matching restart	00: Frequency at interruption 01: Max. frequency 02: Set frequency	00	No	_	1170	4-30
ermal	b012	Electronic thermal level		Rated current	_		10AD	
Electronic thermal	b212	*2nd electronic thermal level	0.2 × Rated current to 1.0 × Rated current	Rated current	No	А	1527	4-32

	ameter No.	Function name	Monitor or data range (Digital Operator)	Default setting	Change during Run	Unit	Modbus Address (Hex)	Page
thermal	b013	Electronic thermal characteristics selection	00: Reduced torque characteristics 1	00			10AE	
Electronic thermal	b213	*2nd electronic thermal characteristics selection	01: Constant torque characteristics 02: Reduced torque characteristics 2	00	No	_	1528	4-32
	b021	Overload limit selection	00: Disabled 01: Enabled in acceleration/constant speed	01	No		10B5	4-33
	b221	*2nd overload limit selection	operation 02: Enabled in constant speed operation	01			1529	4 00
	b022	Overload limit level	01 × Rated current to 1.5 × Rated current	1.5 × Rated current	No	Α	10B6	4-33
Overload limit	b222	*2nd overload limit level	o A realed current to 1.5 A realed current	1.5 × Rated current	140	Α	152A	4-00
Ove	b023	Overload limit parameter	0.1 to 3000.0	1.0	No	s	10B7	4-33
	b223	*2nd overload limit parameter	0.1 to 5000.0	1.0		3	152B	
	b028	Overload limit source selection	00: b022, b222 set values	00	No		10BB	4-33
	b228	*2nd overload limit source selection	01: Input terminal O	00	140		152C	4-00
Active Freq Match	b029	Deceleration rate constant at Active Frequency Matching restart	constant at Active Frequency Matching 0.1 to 3000.0		No	s	1171	4-30
Active	b030	Active Frequency Matching restart level	0.2 × Rated current to 2.0 × Rated current	Rated current	No	Α	1172	4-30
Lock	b031	Soft lock selection	O0: Data other than b031 cannot be changed when terminal SFT is ON. O1: Data other than b031 and the specified frequency parameter cannot be changed when terminal SFT is ON. O2: Data other than b031 cannot be changed. O3: Data other than b031 and the specified frequency parameter cannot be changed. 10: Data other than parameters changeable during operation cannot be changed.	01	No		10BC	4-35
interruption	b050	Selection of non-stop function at momentary power interruption	00: Disabled 01: Enabled (Stop) 02: Enabled (Restart)	00	No		10C9	4-36
entary power	b051	Starting voltage of non-stop function at momentary power interruption	0.0 to 1000.	0.0	No	V	10CA	4-36
Non-stop at momentary power interruption	b052	Stop deceleration level of non-stop function at momentary power interruption	0.0 to 1000.	0.0	No	V	10CB	4-36

	ameter No.	Function name	Monitor or data range (Digital Operator)	Default setting	Change during Run	Unit	Modbus Address (Hex)	Page
interruption	b053	Deceleration time of non-stop function at momentary power interruption	0.01 to 99.99 100.0 to 999.9 1000 to 3000	1.0	No	S	10CC	4-36
Non-stop at momentary power interruption	b054	Deceleration starting width of non-stop function at momentary power interruption	0.0 to 10.0	0.0	No	Hz	10CE	4-36
	b055	Overvoltage protection proportional gain during deceleration	0.2 to 5.0	0.2	Yes	_	1173	4-37
Others	b056	Overvoltage protection integral time during deceleration	0.0 to 150.0	0.2	Yes	s	1174	4-37
	b080	AM adjustment	0. to 255. (Shared with C086 for AM offset adjustment)	100.	Yes	_	10CF	4-39 4-62
	b082	Starting frequency	0.5 to 9.9	1.5	No	Hz	10D1	4-39
	b083	Carrier frequency	2.0 to 12.0	3.0	No	kHz	10D2	4-40 4-63
Initialization	b084	Initialization selection	00: Clears the trip monitor 01: Initializes data 02: Clears the trip monitor and initializes data	00	No		10D3	4-41
Initia	b085	Initialization parameter selection	00 * Do not change.	00	No	_	10D4	4-41
	b086	Frequency conversion coefficient	0.1 to 99.9	1.0	Yes	_	10D5	4-41
	b087	STOP key selection	00: Enabled 01: Disabled	00	No	_	10D6	4-41
	b088	Free-run stop selection	00: 0 Hz start 01: Active Frequency Matching restart	00	No	_	10D7	4-41
Others	b089	Monitor display selection	01: Output frequency monitor 02: Output current monitor 03: Rotation direction monitor 04: PID feedback value monitor 05: Multi-function input monitor 06: Multi-function output monitor 07: Frequency conversion monitor	01	Yes	_	10D8	4-42
	b091	Stop selection	00: Deceleration → Stop 01: Free-run stop	00	No	_	10DA	4-41
	b092	Cooling fan control	00: Always ON 01: ON during RUN 02: Depends on the fin temperature	01	No	_	10DB	4-43
	b130	Overvoltage LAD stop function	00: Disabled 01: Enabled	00	No	_	10F5	4-38

Parameter No.		Function name	Monitor or data range (Digital Operator)	Default setting	Change during Run	Unit	Modbus Address (Hex)	Page
	b131	Overvoltage LAD stop function level setting	200-V class: 330. to 395. 400-V class: 660. to 790.	380/760	Yes	٧	10F6	4-38
	b133	Overvoltage protection function selection during deceleration	00: Disabled 01: Enabled	00	No	_	1176	4-37
Others	b134	Overvoltage protection level setting during deceleration	200-V class: 330. to 395. 400-V class: 660. to 790.	380/760	No	V	1177	4-37
	b140	Overcurrent suppression function	00: Disabled 01: Enabled	01	No	_	10F7	4-43
	b150	Automatic carrier reduction	00: Disabled 01: Enabled	00	No	_	10F8	4-43
	b151	Ready function selection	00: Disabled 01: Enabled	00	No	_	10F9	4-43
	C001	Multi-function input 1 selection	00: FW (forward) 01: RV (reverse)	00			1103	
	C201	*2nd multi-function input 1 selection	02: CF1 (multi-step speed setting binary 1) 03: CF2 (multi-step speed setting binary 2) 04: CF3 (multi-step speed setting binary 3) 05: CF4 (multi-step speed setting binary 4)	00			1532	
	C002	Multi-function input 2 selection	06: JG (jogging) 07: DB (external DC injection braking) 08: SET (2nd control)	01			1104	
ıals	C202	*2nd multi-function input 2 selection	09: 2CH (2-step acceleration/deceleration) 11: FRS (free-run stop) 12: EXT (external trip) 13: USP (USP function)	01			1533	
nput termir	C003	Multi-function input 3 selection	15: SFT (soft lock) 16: AT (analog input switching) 18: RS (reset) 19: PTC (thermistor input)	18	No		1105	4-44
ti-function input terminals	C203	*2nd multi-function input 3 selection	20: STA (3-wire start) 21: STP (3-wire stop) 22: F/R (3-wire forward/reverse) 23: PID (PID enabled/disabled)	18	No —	_	1534	4-44
Mult	C004	Multi-function input 4 selection	24: PIDC (PID integral reset) 27: UP (UP/DWN function accelerated) 28: DWN (UP/DWN function decelerated) 29: UDC (UP/DWN function data clear)	12			1106	
	C204	*2nd multi-function input 4 selection	31: OPE (forced operator) 50: ADD (frequency addition) 51: F-TM (forced terminal block)	12			1535	
	C005	Multi-function input 5 selection	52: RDY (ready function) 53: SP-SET (special 2nd function) 64: EMR (emergency shutoff *1) 255: No function	02			1107	
	C205	*2nd multi-function input 5 selection	*1. The EMR is set forcibly with switch S8, not with parameters.	02			1536	

Parameter No.		Function name	Monitor or data range (Digital Operator)	Default setting	Change during Run	Unit	Modbus Address (Hex)	Page
nals	C011	Multi-function input 1 operation selection		00			110B	
t termii	C012	Multi-function input 2 operation selection		00			110C	
ndui uc	C013	Multi-function input 3 operation selection	00: NO 01: NC	00	No	_	110D	4-44
Multi-function input terminals	C014	Multi-function input 4 operation selection		00			110E	
Multi	C015	Multi-function input 5 operation selection		00			110F	
	C021	Multi-function output terminal 11 selection	00: RUN (signal during RUN) 01: FA1 (constant speed arrival signal) 02: FA2 (over set frequency arrival signal) 03: OL (overload warning) 04: OD (excessive PID deviation) 05: AL (alarm output)	00	No	1114	4-55	
Multi-function output setting	C026	Relay output (AL2, AL1) function selection	06: Dc (disconnection detection) 07: FBV (PID FB status output) 08: NDc (network error) 09: LOG(logic operation output) 10: ODc (Do not use.) 43: LOC (light load detection signal)	05			1119	
tion or	C028	AM selection	00: Output frequency 01: Output current	00	No	_	111B	4-62
Multi-funo	C031	Multi-function output terminal 11 contact selection	00: NO contact at AL2; NC contact at AL1	00	No		111D	4-61
	C036	Relay output (AL2, AL1) contact selection	01: NC contact at AL2; NO contact at AL1	01	- NO		1122	7-01
	C038	Light load signal output mode	00: Enabled during acceleration/deceleration/ constant speed 01: Enabled only during constant speed	01	No	_	1178	4-60
	C039	Light load detection level	0.0 to 2.0 × Rated current (0.0 setting: Function disable)	Rated current	No	_	1179	4-60
	C041	Overload warning level	0.0: Does not operate	Rated current	N- A	1124	4-33	
etting	C241	*2nd overload warning level	0.1 × Rated current to 2.0 × Rated current	Rated current	No A			153A
tatus s	C042	Arrival frequency during acceleration	0.0 to 400.0	0.0	No	Hz	1126	4-56
Level output status setting	C043	Arrival frequency during deceleration	0.0 to 400.0	0.0	No	Hz	1128	4-56
Level c	C044	PID deviation excessive level	0.0 to 100.0	3.0	No	%	1129	4-22
_	C052 C053	PID FB upper limit PID FB lower limit	0.0 to 100.0	100 0.0	No	%	112E 112F	4-22

Parameter No.		Function name	Monitor or data range (Digital Operator)	Default setting	Change during Run	Unit	Modbus Address (Hex)	Page
	C070	Operator/ModBus selection	02: Digital Operator 03: ModBus	02	No	_	1137	
	C071	Communication speed selection (Baud rate selection)	04: 4800 bps 05: 9600 bps 06: 19200 bps	04	No	_	1138	4-66
stment	C072	Communication station No. selection	1. to 32.	1.	No	_	1139	
าction adju	C074	Communication parity selection	00: No parity 01: Even 02: Odd	00	No	_	113B	
ion fun	C075	Communication stop bit selection	1: 1-bit 2: 2-bit	1	No	_	113C	
Communication function adjustment	C076	Communication error selection	00: Trip 01: Trip after deceleration stop 02: Ignore 03: Free run 04: Deceleration stop	02	No	_	113D	4-66
	C077	Communication error timeout	0.00 to 99.99	0.00	No	S	113E	
	C078	Communication wait time	0. to 1000.	0.	No	ms	113F	
tment	C081	O adjustment	0.0 to 200.0	100.0	Yes	%	1141	4-11
Various adjustment	C082	OI adjustment	0.0 to 200.0	100.0	Yes	%	1142	4-11
	C086	AM offset adjustment	0.0 to 10.0	0.0	Yes	V	1145	4-62
	C091	Not used	Use "00". *Do not change.	00	_	_		_
	C101	UP/DWN selection	00: Do not store the frequency data 01: Store the frequency data	00	No	_	1149	4-53
	C102	Reset selection	00: Trip reset at rising edge of RS input 01: Trip reset at falling edge of RS input 02: Enabled only during trip (Reset at rising edge of RS input)	00	No	_	114A	4-51
Others	C141	Logic operation function A input	00: RUN (signal during RUN) 01: FA1 (constant speed arrival signal) 02: FA2 (over set frequency arrival signal) 03: OL (overload warning) 04: OD (excessive PID deviation) 05: AL (alarm output)	00	No	_	1150	4-59
	C142	Logic operation function B input	06: Dc (disconnection detected) 07: FBV (PID FB status output) 08: NDc (network error) 10: ODc (Do not use.) 43: LOC (light load detection signal)	01	No	_	1151	4-59
	C143	Logic operator selection	00: AND 01: OR 02: XOR	00	No	_	1152	4-59
	C144	Output terminal 11 ON delay	0.0 to 100.0	0.0	No	S	1153	4-60

-	ameter No.	Function name	Monitor or data range (Digital Operator)	Default setting	Change during Run	Unit	Modbus Address (Hex)	Page
	C145	Output terminal 11 OFF delay	0.0 to 100.0	0.0	No	s	1154	4-60
Others	C148	Relay output ON delay	0.0 to 100.0	0.0	No	s	1157	4-60
	C149	Relay output OFF delay	0.0 to 100.0	0.0	No	s	1158	4-60
	H003	Motor capacity selection	200-V class 0.2/0.4/0.75/1.5/2.2/3.7/5.5/7.5	Factory default	- No	kW	1165	4-63
meter	H203 *2	*2nd motor capacity selection	400-V class 0.4/0.75/1.5/2.2/3.7/5.5/7.5	Factory default			1541	
Control parameter	H004	Motor pole number selection	2 4	4	No	Pole	1166	4-63
Contr	H204	*2nd motor pole number selection	6 8	4	NO	FOIC	1542	4-03
	H006	Stabilization parameter	0. to 255.	100	Yes	%	1168	4-63
	H206	*2nd stabilization parameter	0. to 233.	100	Yes	%	1544	

Chapter 4

Functions

4-1	Monitor Mode	4-2
4-2	Function Mode	4-6

4-1 Monitor Mode

Output Frequency Monitor [d001]

Displays the output frequency of the Inverter.

The monitor LED indicator "Hz" lights up while d001 is displayed.

(Display)

0.0 to 400.0: Displays in increments of 0.1 Hz.

Output Current Monitor [d002]

Displays the output current value of the Inverter.

The monitor LED indicator "A" lights up while d002 is displayed.

(Display)

0.0 to 999.9: Displays in increments of 0.1 A.

Rotation Direction Monitor [d003]

Displays whether the Inverter output is in forward/reverse/stop status. The RUN LED indicator lights up during forward/reverse rotation.

(Display)

F: Forward

o: Stop

r: Reverse

PID Feedback Value Monitor [d004]

Displays a feedback value converted by [A075] (PID scale) when the PID selection is enabled ([A071] = 01)

"Monitor display" = "PID feedback value (%)" × "PID scale"

[A075]

(Setting)

A071: 01 (PID enabled)

A075: 0.01 to 99.99 (Can be set in increments of 0.01.)

(Display)

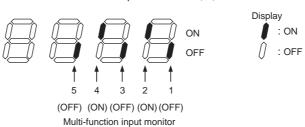
0.00 to 99.99 : Displays in increments of 0.01.100.0 to 999.9 : Displays in increments of 0.1.1000 to 9999 : Displays in increments of 1.

Multi-function Input Monitor [d005]

Displays the input status of the multi-function input terminals.

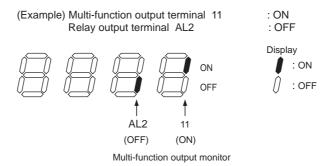
C011 to C015 (contact selection) are excluded so only physical status will be displayed disregarding of the normally open or normally close selectiong.

(Example) Multi-function input terminals 4, 2 : ON Multi-function input terminals 5, 3, 1 : OFF



Multi-function Output Monitor [d006]

Displays the output status of the multi-function output terminals and relay output terminals. C031 and C036 (contact selection) are excluded so this monitor indicates the signal status of the functions (C021 and C026) allocated to each multi-function output terminal disregarding the normally open or close selection.



Output Frequency Monitor (After Conversion) [d007]

Displays a conversion value obtained by multiplying the Inverter output frequency by the coefficient set in [b086].

Displayed value = "Output frequency [d001]" × "Frequency conversion coefficient [b086]"

(Display) [d007]

0.00 to 99.99 : Displays in increments of 0.01.
100.0 to 999.9 : Displays in increments of 0.1.
1000 to 9999. : Displays in increments of 1.
1000 to 3996 : Displays in increments of 10.

(Setting range) [b086] 0.1 to 99.9: Can be set in increments of 0.1.

(Example)

When the output frequency [d001] = 50.0 Hz, and the frequency conversion coefficient [b086] = 1.1, the monitor [d007] displays "55.0" through 50.0 × 1.1 = 55.0.

Output Voltage Monitor [d013]

Displays the output voltage value (Vac) of the Inverter. The monitor LED indicator "V" lights up.

(Display)

0. to 600.: Displays in increments of 1 V.

Total RUN Time [d016]

Displays the Inverter RUN time.

(Display)

0. to 9999. : Displays in increments of 1 hour.
1000 to 9999 : Displays in increments of 10 hours.
100 to 9999 : Displays in increments of 1000 hours.

Power ON Time Monitor [d017]

Displays the total power supply time of the Inverter.

(Display)

0. to 9999. : Displays in increments of 1 hour.
1000 to 9999 : Displays in increments of 10 hours.
100 to 9999 : Displays in increments of 1000 hours.

Fin Temperature Monitor [d018]

Displays the fin temperature.

(Display)

0. to 200. : Displays in increments of 1 °C.

Fault Frequency Monitor [d080]

Displays the number of times the Inverter has tripped.

(Display)

0. to 9999. : Displays in increments of 1 time.1000 to 6553 : Displays in increments of 10 times.

Fault Monitors 1[d081], 2[d082], 3[d083]

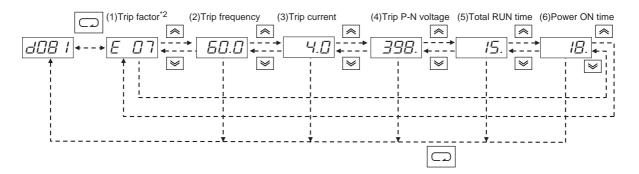
Displays the details of the last three trips.

The most recent trip is displayed on trip monitor 1.

(Display)

- •Factor (E01 to E60)*1
- •Output frequency at the time of tripping (Hz)
- Output current at the time of tripping (A)
- •Internal DC voltage at the time of tripping (V)
- •Total RUN time before the trip (hr)
- Total power supply time before the trip (hr)
- *1. Refer to "Error Code List" (page 5-2) and "Trip Monitor Display" (page 5-5).

(Trip Monitor Display Sequence)



*2. Displays ____ if there has been no trip.

DC Voltage Monitor [d102]

Displays the main circuit DC voltage of the Inverter.

(Display)

0.0 to 999.9 : Displays in increments of 0.1 V.

Electronic Thermal Monitor [d104]

Displays the count integration value of the electronic thermal. An overload trip occurs if it reaches 100% (E05).

(Display)

0.0 to 100.0 : Displays in increments of 0.1%.

4-2 Function Mode

<Group F: Basic Function Parameter>

Output Frequency Setting/Monitor

- •Set the Inverter output frequency.
- •With the frequency reference set to the Digital Operator ([A001] = 02), you can set the output frequency in F001. For other methods, refer to the [A001] section in "Frequency Reference Selection" (page 4-8).
- If a frequency is set in [F001], the same value is automatically set in multi-step speed reference 0 [A020]. To set the 2nd speed reference, use [A220], or use [F001] with the SET terminal turned on. To set by using the SET terminal, allocate 08 (SET) to the desired multi-function input.

Parameter No.	Function name	Data	Default setting	Unit
F001	Output frequency setting/monitor			
A020	Multi-step speed reference 0	0.0/Starting frequency to Max. frequency	6.0	Hz
* A220	2nd multi-step speed reference 0			
Related	parameters	A001, A201, C0	01 to C005	

^{*} To switch to the 2nd multi-step speed, allocate 08 (SET) to the multi-function input terminal and then turn it on.

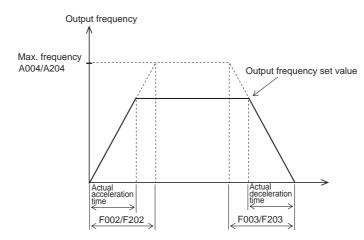
Acceleration/Deceleration Time

Set an acceleration/deceleration time for the motor. For a slow transition, set a large value, and for a fast transition, set a small one.

Parameter No.	Function name	Data	Default setting	Unit
F002	Acceleration time 1			
* F202	2nd acceleration time 1	0.01 to 3000	10.0	s
F003	Deceleration time 1	0.01 to 3000	10.0	3
* F203	2nd deceleration time 1			
Related parameters		A004, A204, C	001 to C005	

^{*} To switch to 2nd acceleration/deceleration time 1, allocate 08 (SET) to the multi-function input terminal and then turn it on.

• The set time here indicates the acceleration/deceleration time between 0 Hz and the maximum frequency.



Even if a short acceleration/deceleration time is set, the actual time cannot be shorter than the minimum acceleration/deceleration time that is determined by the mechanical inertia moment and the motor torque. If you set a time shorter than the minimum time, an overcurrent/overvoltage trip may occur.

Acceleration Time Ts

$$T_S = \frac{(J_L + J_M) \times N_M}{9.55 \times (T_S - T_L)}$$

JL :Inertia moment of the load converted to the motor shaft [kg·m²]

J_M: Inertia moment of the motor [kg·m²]

N_M:Motor rotation speed [r/min]

 T_{S} :Max. acceleration torque with the Inverter driving [N·m]

T_B:Max. deceleration torque with the Inverter driving [N·m]

T_L:Required driving torque [N·m]

$$T_B = \frac{(J_L + J_M) \times N_M}{9.55 \times (T_B + T_L)}$$

Deceleration Time TB

Digital Operator Rotation Direction Selection

Select the direction of motor rotation applied to the RUN command via the Digital Operator. This is disabled at terminals.

Parameter No.	Function name	Data	Default setting	Unit
F004	Operator rotation direction selection		00	_

<Group A: Standard Function Parameter>

Frequency Reference Selection

Select the method of the frequency reference.

Parameter No.	Function name	Data	Default setting	Unit
A001	Frequency reference selection	on 01: Terminal		
* A201	2nd frequency reference selection	02: Digital Operator (F001) 03: ModBus communication 10: Frequency operation result	00	_
Related parameters		A005, A141 to A14	43, A145, A146	

^{*} To switch to the 2nd frequency reference, allocate 08 (SET) to the multi-function input terminal and then turn it on.

Data	Frequency reference source
00	FREQ adjuster
01	Voltage or current setpoint reference from the terminal.
02	F001 value set via the Digital Operator.
03	ModBus communication
10	Result of the frequency operation function

RUN Command Selection

Select the method of the RUN/STOP command.

Parameter No.	Function name	Data	Default setting	Unit
A002	RUN command selection	01: Terminal 02: Digital Operator	02	
* A202	2nd RUN command selection	03: ModBus communication	02	
Related parameters		F004, A005, C001 to C005		

^{*} To switch to the 2nd RUN command, allocate 08 (SET) to the multi-function input terminal and then turn it on.

Data	RUN command source
01	Turn ON/OFF by FW and RV allocated to the terminal. The STOP command is activated if both Forward/Reverse commands are input simultaneously.
02	Use the RUN and STOP/RESET keys on the Digital Operator.
03	Use the ModBus communication.

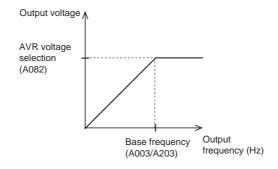
Base Frequency

■Base Frequency and Motor Voltage

Match the Inverter output (frequency/voltage) to the motor rating. Be careful, especially if you set a base frequency at below 50 Hz. Otherwise, the motor may burn out.

Parameter No.	Function name	Data	Default setting	Unit
A003	Base frequency	30 to max. frequency [A004]		
* A203	2nd base frequency	30 to max. frequency [A204]	50.0	Hz
Related parameters		A004, A204, A081, A082		

^{*} To switch to the 2nd base frequency, allocate 08 (SET) to the multi-function input terminal and then turn it on.

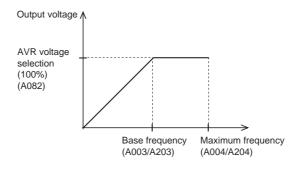


- ISelect the motor voltage according to the motor specifications. If the voltage exceeds the specified level, the motor may burn out.
- •The Inverter cannot output voltage beyond that of the incoming voltage.

Maximum Frequency

Set the maximum value of the output frequency.

- The value set here will be the maximum value (e.g.,10 V in the range from 0 to 10 V) of the external analog input (frequency reference).
- The maximum Inverter output voltage from base to maximum frequencies is the voltage set at AVR voltage selection A082.
- The Inverter cannot output voltage beyond that of the incoming voltage.

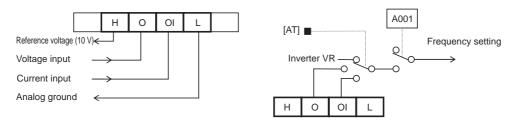


Parameter No.	Function name	Data	Default setting	Unit
A004	Maximum frequency			
* A204	2nd maximum frequency	30 to 400	50.0	Hz
Related parameters		A003, A203, A081, A082		

^{*} To switch to the 2nd max. frequency, allocate 08 (SET) to the multi-function input terminal and then turn it on.

Analog Input (O, OI, VR)

Two types of external analog inputs are available for frequency reference plus the built-in VR For voltage input, you can set a frequency from 0 to maximum by applying a voltage from 0 to 10 V between inputs O and L. For current input, apply 4 to 20 mA between inputs OI and L. Note that voltage and current cannot be input simultaneously. Also, do not connect the signal lines for inputs O and OI simultaneously.



Switching between the inputs could be done by a digial input setting parameter A005.

Parameter No.	Function name	Data	Default setting	Unit
A005	O/OI selection	O0: Switches between O/OI via terminal AT O2: Switches between O/FREQ adjuster via terminal AT O3: Switches between OI/FREQ adjuster via terminal AT O4: O input only O5: OI input only	02	_
Related parameters		A011 to A016, A101 to A105, A151 to A155, C001 to C005, C081, C082		
Require	ed settings	A001 = 01		

Allocate AT (16) to any of the multi-function inputs with the frequency reference set to the terminal block (A001 or A201 = 01).

Data	Symbol	Function name	Status	Description
16	AT	Analog input switching	ON	Depends on the combination with the A005 setting (see the table below).
			OFF	Same as above.
Related parameters				C001 to C005

The settings are as follows. (VR: FREQ adjuster)

If AT is not allocated to any of the multi-function input, this means the AT input = OFF in the above table..

A005 set value 00		0	0	2	0	3	0	4	0	5
AT terminal input status	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	ON
Analog input enabled	O-L	OI-L	O-L	VR	OI-L	VR	O-L OI-L		-L	

External Frequency (Voltage/Current) Adjustment

External Analog Input (Frequency Reference)

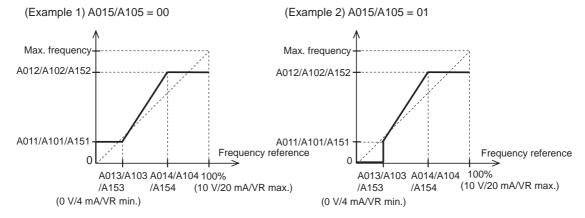
O-L terminal: 0 to 10 V (voltage input)

OI-L terminal: 4 to 20 mA (current input)

Also set an output frequency for the FREQ adjuster on the Digital Operator.

Parameter No.	Function name	Data	Default setting	Unit	
A011 A101 A151	O/OI/VR start frequency	0.00 to 400.0	0.0	Hz	
A012 A102 A152	O/OI/VR end frequency	(Set start/end frequency.)	0.0	112	
A013 A103 A153	O/OI/VR start ratio	0. to 100. (Set a start/end ratio relative to an	0.	. %	
A014 A104 A154	O/OI/VR end ratio	external frequency reference of between 0 to 10 V and 4 to 20 mA.)	100.		
A015 A105 A155	O/OI/VR start selection	00: Start frequency (A011 set value) 01: 0 Hz	01	_	
Rela	ted parameters	A005, A016, AT input			

•To input voltage ranging from 0 to 5 V on the O-L terminal, set A014 to 50%.

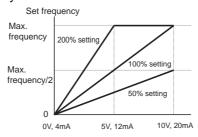


O/OI Adjustment

Parameter No.	Function name	Data	Default setting	Unit
C081	O adjustment	0.0 to 200.0	100	%
C082	OI adjustment	0.0 to 200.0	100	%

- •You can adjust the O/OI frequency input.
- •Use this to change the full scale of input.
- •The set frequency becomes 0 Hz with 0.0% set.

•This returns to the factory default value after initialization.



O, OI Sampling

Set the built-in filter applied to frequency setting signals via external voltage/current input.

Parameter No.	Function name	Data	Default setting	Unit	
A016	O, OI sampling	1. to 17.	8.	-	
Relate	ed parameters	A011 to A016, C001 to C005			

- Helps remove noise in the frequency setting circuit.
- Set a larger data value if stable operation cannot be secured because of noise. Note that the larger the data value is, the slower the response time.
- •In case of setting "17", it indicates the setting of 16 moving average calculation disregarding the voltage fluctuation equivalent to 0.1 Hz. Though the frequency becomes less likely to fluctuate, the resolution for analog input decreases. This setting is not suitable for equipment that requires rapid response.

Multi-step Speed Operation Function

Set different RUN speeds by using codes and switch the set speed via the terminal.

Parameter No.	Function name	Data	Default setting	Unit
A020	Multi-step speed reference 0		6.0	
A220	[*] 2nd multi-step speed reference 0		0.0	
A021	Multi-step speed reference 1			
A022	Multi-step speed reference 2			
A023	Multi-step speed reference 3	0.0/Starting frequency to Max.	0.0	Hz
A024	Multi-step speed reference 4	frequency [A004]		
A025	Multi-step speed reference 5			
A026	Multi-step speed reference 6			
A027	Multi-step speed reference 7			
A028 to A035	28 to A035 Multi-step speed references 8 to 15			
Related parameters		F001, C001 to C005, CF1 to CF4 inputs		
Requ	ired settings	F001, A001 = 02		

^{*} To switch to the 2nd multi-step speed reference 0, allocate 08 (SET) to the multi-function input terminal and then turn it on.

Speed selection could be done setting this values into digital inputs parameters C001 to C005

Data	Symbol	Function name	Status	Description
02	CF1	Multi-step speed setting binary 1	ON	Binary operation 1: ON
02	OI I	Multi-step speed setting binary 1	OFF	Binary operation 1: OFF
03	CF2	Multi-step speed setting binary 2	ON	Binary operation 2: ON
00	012	Multi-step speed setting binary 2	OFF	Binary operation 2: OFF
04	CF3	Multi-step speed setting binary 3	ON	Binary operation 3: ON
04	01 0	Multi-step speed setting binary o	OFF	Binary operation 3: OFF
05	CF4	Multi-step speed setting binary 4	ON	Binary operation 4: ON
	05 CF4	inditi-stop speed setting bindry 4	OFF	Binary operation 4: OFF

- •By allocating 02 to 05 (CF1 to CF4) to any of the multi-function inputs, you can select the multistep speed from 0 to 15. Note that multi-step speed terminals not allocated to any multi-function input are regarded as "OFF". (e.g., if 02 (CF1) and 03 (CF2) are allocated to multi-function input, the available multi-step speeds should be 0 to 3.)
- For speed 0, you can change the frequency reference with the frequency reference selection (A001). (e.g., if the frequency reference is set to the control terminal block (terminal, A001: 01), you can change it via input terminals O and OI.)
- For speed 0, use A020/A220 if the frequency reference is set to the Digital Operator (A001: 02).
- •You can also select a multi-step speed by turning on/off the multi-step speed terminals (CF1 to CF4) and set the multi-step speed frequency with F001.

Multi-step speed	Multi	-step spe	eed term	ninals	Reflected speed				
Wulli-step speed	CF4	CF3	CF2	CF1					
0th			0	0	Reference source according to the A001 setting				
1st		0	U	1	A021				
2nd		0	1	0	A022				
3rd	0		ı	1	A023				
4th	U		0	0	A024				
5th		1	U	1	A025				
6th		ı	1	0	A026				
7th				1	A027				
8th		0	0	0	A028				
9th		0		1	A029				
10th		U		U	U	U	1	0	A030
11th	1		ı	1	A031				
12th	'		0	0	A032				
13th		1	U	1	A033				
14th		!	1	0	A034				
15th				1	A035				

Jogging Operation Function

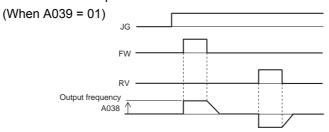
The motor rotates while the input is turned ON..

Parameter No.	Function name	Data	Default setting	Unit
A038	Jogging frequency	0.00/Starting frequency to 9.99	6.00	
A039	Jogging stop selection	00: Free-run stop 01: Deceleration stop 02: DC injection braking stop	00	Hz
Related parameters		C001 to C005, JG input		
Required settings		A002 = 01, A038 > b082, A038 > 0, A039		

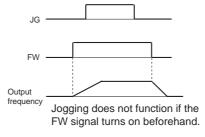
• The Inverter runs at the speed set in A038 while the JG terminal allocated to one of the multifunction input terminals is turned on. Stop selection is also available in A039. Jog can be assigned to any of the multifunction inputs setting this value into C001 to C005.

Data	Symbol	Function name	Status	Description
06	JG	Jogging operation	ON	Operates at the set jogging frequency.
00	00 39	oogging operation	OFF	Stop
Related parameters		C001 to C005		0005

• If the frequency is set to a higher value, the jogging operation may easily lead to a trip. Adjust A038 so that the Inverter does not trip.



Note 1: To perform the jogging operation, turn on the JG terminal before the FW or RV terminal. (Do the same if the RUN command source is set to the Digital Operator.)



Note 2: If A039 is set to 02, set the DC injection braking.

Relation Between Torque Boost and V/f Characteristics

Determine the relation of output voltage against output frequency.

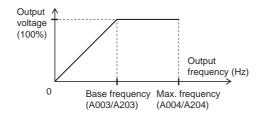
Parameter No.	Function name	Data	Default setting	Unit
A041	Torque boost selection	00: Manual torque boost	00	
* A241	2nd torque boost selection	01: Automatic (simple) torque boost	00	_
A042	Manual torque boost voltage	0.0 to 20.0	5.0	%
* A242	2nd manual torque boost voltage	Ratio to the value of AVR voltage selection A082)	0.0	70
A043	Manual torque boost frequency	0.0 to 50.0	2.5	
* A243	2nd manual torque boost frequency	(Ratio to base frequency)	0.0	%
A044	V/f characteristics selection	00: Constant torque characteristics (VC)		
* A244	2nd V/f characteristics selection	01: Reduced torque characteristics (VP 1.7th power) 06: Special reduced torque characteristics (Special VP)	00	_
A045	Output voltage gain	20. to 100.	100.	%
A245	2nd output voltage gain	20. 10 100.	70	
F	Related parameters	A082, H003/H203, H004/H204		

^{*} To switch to the 2nd control, allocate 08 (SET) to the multi-function input terminal and then turn it on.

■Control Method (V/f Characteristics)

Constant Torque Characteristics (VC)

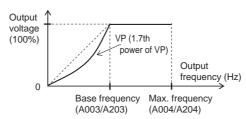
Ouput voltage is proportional to output frequency.
 While proportional from 0 Hz to base frequency, the output voltage is constant from base to maximum frequencies regardless of the frequency.



Reduced Torque Characteristics (VP 1.7th power)

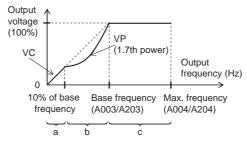
•Suitable for a fan or pump that does not require large torque in a low speed range.

These provide high efficiency, reduced noise and vibration, owing to reduced output voltage in a low speed range.



Special Reduced Torque Characteristics (Special VP)

• Suitable for a fan or pump that requires torque in a low speed range using VC characteristics at this area..



- Period a Provides constant torque characteristics (VC) within a range from 0 Hz to 10% of base frequency. (Example) If the base frequency is 50 Hz, the Inverter provides constant torque characteristics within a range from 0 to 5 Hz.
- Period b Provides reduced torque characteristics within a range from 10% to 100% of the base frequency.
 - The Inverter outputs voltage based on a curve of the 1.7th power of the frequency.
- Period c Provides constant voltage within a range from the base frequency to the maximum frequency.

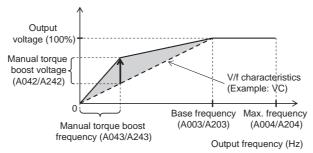
■Torque Boost

This function helps to compensate insufficient motor torque in a low speed range.

- Compensates the voltage drop caused by the primary resistance of the motor or wiring increasing the torque in low speed range.
- To select the simple torque boost in the torque boost selection (A041/A241), set the motor capacity selection (H003/H203) and motor pole number selection (H004/H204) according to your motor.

Manual Torque Boost [A042/A242, A043/A243]

- Adds the voltage set in A042/A242 and A043/A243 to the V/f characteristics, and outputs the resulting voltage. The addition value is set in percentage terms based on the AVR voltage selection (A082) as 100%.
- •The manual torque boost frequency (A043/A243) is set in percentage terms based on the base frequency as 100%.



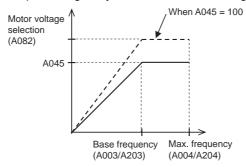
• If you raise the set value of the manual torque boost (A042/A242) be careful about motor overexcitation. Otherwise the motor may burn out.

Simple Torque Boost [A041/A241]

- •If simple torque boost is selected in the torque boost selection (A041/A241: 01), it operates to adjust the output voltage depending on the load level.
- To select simple torque boost in the torque boost selection (A041/A241), set the motor capacity selection (H003/H203) and motor pole number selection (H004/H204) according to your motor.
- You may avoid a possible overcurrent trip during deceleration by always setting the AVR selection to ON (A081: 00).
- Sufficient characteristics may not be obtained if you select two or more lower rank motor size than specified.

■Output Voltage Gain

- Changes the Inverter output voltage in percentage terms based on the AVR voltage selection [A082] as 100%.
- •The Inverter cannot output voltage beyond that of the incoming voltage.



DC Injection Braking (DB)

This function securely stops the motor rotation during deceleration.

Parameter No.	Function name	Data	Default setting	Unit
A051	DC injection braking selection	00: Disabled 01: Enabled 02: DB when output frequency < A052	00	_
A052	DC injection braking frequency	0.0 to 60.0	0.5	Hz
A053	DC injection braking delay time	0.0 to 5.0	0.0	S
A054	DC injection braking power	0 10.10100.		%
A055	DC injection braking time	0.0 to 60.0	0.5	s
A056 DC injection braking method selection		00: Edge operation 01: Level operation	01	_
Relat	ed parameters	C001 to C005		

- Two methods are available for DC injection braking: One is the external method via the multifunction input (external DC injection braking); the other is the internal method performed automatically to stop the motor (internal DC injection braking).
- ·Below are operation types:

Edge operation: DB operates during the specified time period from the DB signal input. Level operation: DB operates while a signal is being input.

Frequency control mode: DB operates when the frequency reaches the specified level during operation.

• If DC injection braking operates at a high motor speed, an overcurrent trip (E01 to E04) or overload trip (E05) may occur. For internal DC injection braking, the following adjustment may help you avoid such a situation:

Lower the DC injection braking frequency (A052).

Increase the DC injection braking delay time (A053)

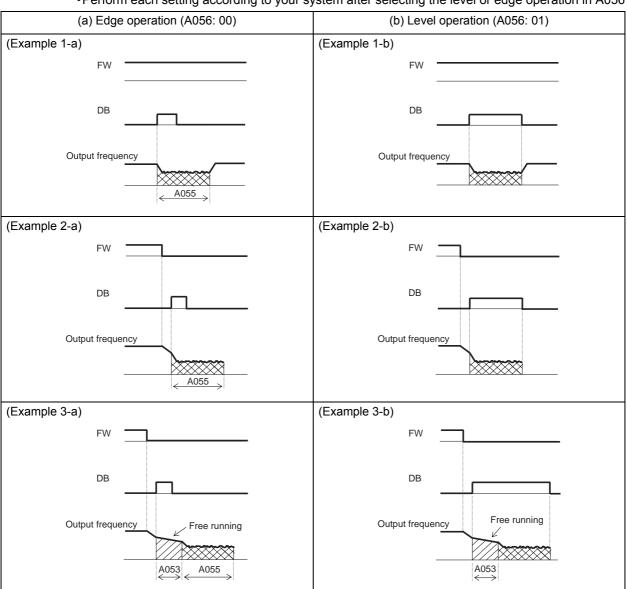
For external DC injection braking via the multi-function input, use the external DC injection braking terminal (along with deceleration stop).

External DC Injection Braking (A051 = 00)

• Allocate 07 (DB) to the desired multi-function input. DC injection braking can be applied by turning on/off the DB terminal, regardless of the DC injection braking selection (A051).

Data	Symbol	Function name	Status	Description
07	DB	External DC injection braking	ON	DC injection braking is performed during deceleration.
07 DB		OFF OFF		DC injection braking is not performed during deceleration.
Related parameters		C001 to C005		

- •Set the DC injection braking power in A054.
- If the DC injection braking delay time (A053) is set, the Inverter output will be shut off during the specified time period and the motor goes into free-run status. After the set time elapses, DC injection braking starts.
- Set the DC injection braking time (A055) or the DB setting while taking into account motor heat generation. Long continuous use of DB may cause the motor to burn out.
- •Perform each setting according to your system after selecting the level or edge operation in A056



Internal DC Injection Braking (A051 = 01)

- •Performs DC injection braking to stop the motor without any terminal operation. To use this function, set the DC injection braking selection (A051) to 01.
- Set the DC injection braking power in A054.
- •Set the frequency for starting DC injection braking in A052.
- If the DC injection braking delay time (A053) is set, the output is shut off when the frequency reaches the level set in A052 during deceleration, and free-run status arises for the specified period. DC injection braking starts after the set time elapses.
- •Below are edge/level operations in internal DC injection braking.

Edge operation: Giving priority to the DC injection braking time (A055), performs DC injection braking for the specified period.

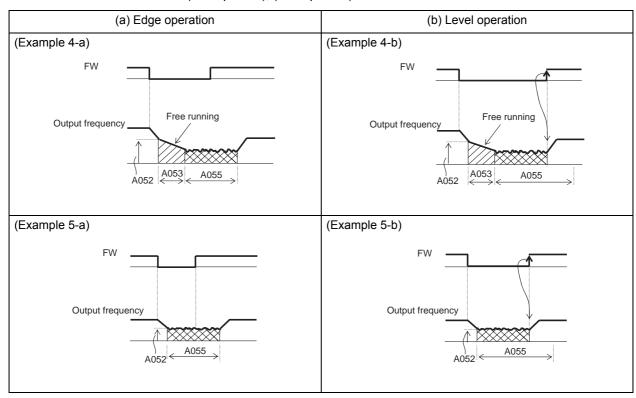
DC injection braking is activated for the set time in A055 when the output frequency reaches the set value in A052 after RUN command (FW) is turned off. Even if the RUN command is turned on during DC injection braking, the latter is effective during the set time in A055.

(Example 4-a), (Example 5-a)

Level operation: Giving priority to the RUN command, shifts to normal operation, ignoring the DC injection braking time (A055).

If the RUN command is turned on during DC injection braking, returns to normal operation, ignoring the set time in A055.

(Example 4-b), (Example 5-b)

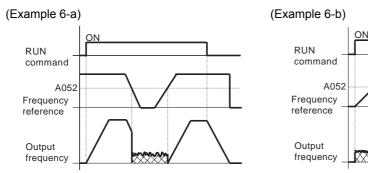


Internal DC Injection Braking (Operates Only at the Set Frequency: A051 = 02)

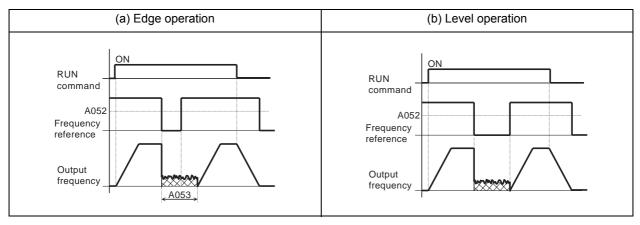
DC injection braking is enabled when the output frequency becomes lower than the DC injection braking frequency (A052) during operation.

- •Neither external (A051 = 00) nor internal (A051 = 01) DC injection braking is available while this function is selected.
- Operates only when the RUN command is on.
- •DC injection braking starts when both the reference and current frequencies become lower than A052. (Example 6-a)

- When the reference frequency reaches 2 Hz or higher than the set value in A052, DC injection braking is released and the output returns to normal. (Example 6-a)
- If the reference frequency is "0" when the operation starts with analog input, the initial operation is DC injection braking because both the reference and current frequencies are "0". (Example 6-b)
- If the RUN command is turned on with the frequency reference established (or a value larger than the A052 setting is input), the initial operation is normal output.



• The operation to return to normal varies depending on the setting of the DC injection braking method selection (A056).



.Frequency Limit

This function limits the Inverter output frequency.

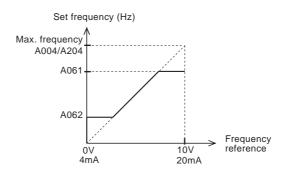
Parameter No.	Function name	Data	Default setting	Unit
A061	Frequency upper limit	0.0/Frequency lower limit [A062] to Max. frequency [A004]	0.0	
*A261	2nd frequency upper limit	0.0/Frequency lower limit [A262] to Max. frequency [A204] 0.0		Hz
A062	Frequency lower limit	0.0/Starting frequency to Frequency upper limit [A061]	0.0	112
* A262 2nd frequency lower limit		0.0/Starting frequency to Frequency upper limit [A261]		
Related parameters		C001 to C0	005	

^{*} To switch to the 2nd control, allocate 08 (SET) to the multi-function input terminal and then turn it on.

- You can set both upper/lower limits to the set frequency. This function does not accept any frequency reference beyond the set limits.
- •Set the upper limit first.

Make sure the upper limit (A061/A261) is higher than the lower limit (A062/A262).

•Neither limit would work if set to 0 Hz.



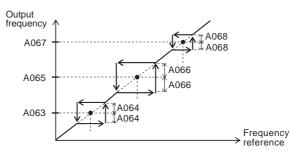
If the lower limit is set, the set value is prioritized even if 0 V (4 mA) is input for frequency reference.

Frequency Jump Function

This function helps avoid resonant points of loaded machines.

Parameter No.	Function name	Data	Default setting	Unit
A063 A065 A067	Jump frequency 1 Jump frequency 2 Jump frequency 3	0.0 to 400.0	0.0	Hz
A064 A066 A068	Jump frequency width 1 Jump frequency width 2 Jump frequency width 3	0.0 to 10.0	0.5	112
Related parameters		C001 to	C005	

- •The output frequency cannot be set within the frequency range set in the frequency jump function.
- •The output frequency only pass through the jump frequency during acceleration and deceleration process, but if the frequency reference is set inside this area the output will move automatically out of this jump area setting a higher or lower frequency depending if inverter is accelerating or decelerating.



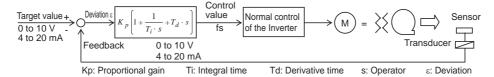
PID Function

This function enables process control of such elements as flow rate, air volume, and pressure.

Parameter No.	Function name	Data	Default setting	Unit
A071	PID selection	00: Disabled 01: Enabled	00	_
A072	PID P gain	0.2 to 5.0	1.0	_
A073	PID I gain	0.0 to 150.0	1.0	S
A074	PID D gain	0.00 to 100.0	0.0	s
A075	PID scale	0.01 to 99.99	1.00	Time
A076	PID feedback selection	00: OI 01: O 02: RS485 communication 03: Operation function output	00	_
A077	Reverse PID function	00: Deviation = Target value - Feedback value 01: Deviation = Feedback value - Target value	00	_
A078	PID output limit function	0.00 to 100.0	0.0	%
C044	PID deviation excessive level	0. to 100.	3.0	%
C052	PID FB upper limit	0.0 to 100.0	100	%
C053	PID FB lower limit	0.0 to 100.0	0.0	%
Relate	ed parameters	d004, A001, A005, C001 t	to C005, C021, C02	26

- •To use this function, set A071 to 01.
- To switch between enable/disable via the terminal block (external signal), allocate 23 (PID enable/disable) to the desired multi-function input. Select OFF for enable and ON for disable.

■Basic Structure of PID Control (Example)



PID Enable/Disable

The PID enable/disable function disables the PID function temporarily through terminal input. This overrides the A071 setting to control the motor frequency.

Data	Symbol	Function name	Status	Description
23	PID	PID enabled/disabled	ON	Disables the PID function.
23 FID	טויו	T ID chabled/disabled	OFF	Does not affect the PID function.
Related parameters		C001 to C005		C001 to C005

■Target Value Selection

•The target value depends on the terminal selected in frequency reference A001 other than that in A076.

You cannot set analog inputs O and OI to both target and feedback values simultaneously. Do not connect the signal lines for inputs O and OI simultaneously.

■Feedback Selection

Select a terminal for feedback signals in A076.
 The setting of O/OI terminal selection A005 is disabled when the control terminal block (terminal) 01 is set in A001.

■PID Feedback Value Monitor

- •You can monitor the PID feedback value in d004.
- •The monitor value is displayed as the multiplied value of the PID scale (A075). Monitor display = Feedback value (%) × A075 setting

■Excessive Deviation/Output

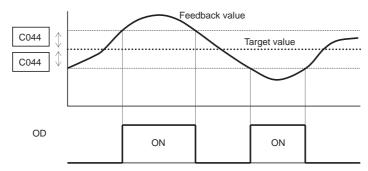
•You can set the PID deviation excessive level (C044) during PID control. If the PID deviation reaches the PID deviation excessive level (C044), the multi-function output terminal is turned on.

Parameter No.	Function name	Data	Default setting	Unit
C044	PID deviation excessive level	0.0 to 100.0	3.0	%

•Allocate 04 (OD) to any of the multi-function output terminal 11 selection (C021) or relay output (AL2, AL1) function selection (C026)..

Data	Symbol	Function name	Status	Description	
04 OD		Excessive PID	ON	The PID deviation has exceeded the C044 set value.	
04 05	Deviation	OFF	The PID deviation has not reached the C044 set value.		
Available output terminals		11-CM2, AL2-AL0 (or AL1-AL0)			
Required settings		C021, C026, C044			

•C044 can be set from 0 to 100. Setting corresponds to the range of 0 to the maximum target value.

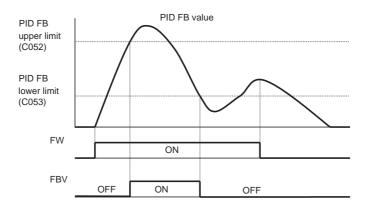


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■PID Feedback (FB) Upper/Lower Limit

If the feedback value exceeds the upper limit set in C052, FBV, which is allocated to the multi-function output terminal, turns on. If the value falls below the lower limit set in C053, FBV turns off. This is effective as a RUN command in operating multiple pumps.

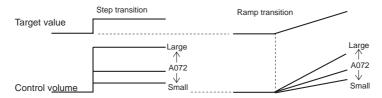
Data	Symbol	Function name	Status	Description	
07	FBV	PID FB status output	ON See the figure below. Shifts output when exceeding the upper limit		
	1 0 0	OFF		falling below the lower limit.	
Available output terminals			11-CM2	, AL2-AL0 (or AL1-AL0)	
Required settings		C021, C026, C052, C053			



■PID Operation

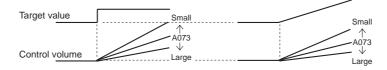
P Operation

Operation where the control volume is proportional to the target value



I Operation

Operation where the control volume increases linearly according to time



D Operation

•Operation where the control volume is proportional to the variation ratio of the target value



•PI operation is the combination of the above P and I operations; PD is P and D operations; PID is P, I and D operations.

■PID Gain Adjustment

• If a stable response cannot be obtained in PID function operation, adjust each gain as follows according to the situation.

Feedback value variation is slow when the target value is changed. \rightarrow Raise P gain. The feedback value changes fast but isn't stable. \rightarrow Lower P gain. The target and feedback values wouldn't match smoothly. \rightarrow Lower I gain. The feedback value fluctuates unstably. \rightarrow Raise I gain. Response is slow even with P gain raised. \rightarrow Raise D gain. With P gain raised, the feedback value fluctuates and isn't stable. \rightarrow Lower D gain.

■PID Integral Reset

- Clears the integral value of PID operation.
- · Allocate 24 (PIDC) to the desired multi-function input..

Data	Symbol	Function name	Status	Description
24	PIDC	PID integral reset	ON	Forcibly sets the PID integral value to zero.
24	1100	T ID integral reset	OFF	Does not affect the PID function
Related pa	arameters		C001 to C005	

• Clears the integral value every time the PIDC terminal is turned on.

Do not turn on the PIDC terminal during PID operation to avoid an overcurrent trip.

Turn on the PIDC terminal after turning off PID operation, this will help to stop the motor.

The integral value is cleared during free running or retry.

■PID Comparison Function

- •This function outputs a signal when detecting that the PID feedback value exceeds the set range.
- Allocate 07 (FBV) to any of multi-function output terminal 11 (C021) or relay output terminals AL2 and AL1 (C026).
- •Set the upper limit in C052, and the lower limit in C053. When the PID feedback value falls below the lower limit, the terminal is turned on. The ON state will remain until the value exceeds the upper limit.
- •The output signal is turned off while output is shut off (during stop or FRS, etc.).
- Helps control the number of fans and pumps.

AVR Function

•This function outputs voltage to the motor correctly even if the incoming voltage to the Inverter fluctuates. With this function, output voltage to the motor is based on that set in the AVR voltage selection.

Parameter No.	Function name	Data	Default setting	Unit
A081	AVR selection	00: Always ON 01: Always OFF 02: OFF during deceleration	02	_
A082	AVR voltage selection	200-V class: 200/215/220/230/240 400-V class: 380/400/415/440/460/480	200/400	_
Related parameters		d004, A001, A005		

- •With A081 (AVR selection), set whether to enable or disable this function.
- •Note that the Inverter cannot output voltage beyond that of the incoming voltage.
- •To avoid a possible overcurrent trip during deceleration, set the AVR selection to "Always ON" (A081: 00).

Parameter No.	Data	Description	Note
	00	Always ON	Enabled during acceleration, constant speed operation, and deceleration.
A081	01	Always OFF	Disabled during acceleration, constant speed operation, and deceleration.
	02	OFF during deceleration	Disabled only during deceleration in order to reduce the energy regenerated to the Inverter by increasing the motor loss. This will avoid a possible trip due to regeneration during deceleration.

Automatic Energy-saving Operation Function

This function automatically adjusts the Inverter output power to a minimum during constant speed operation. This is suitable for the load of reduced torque characteristics, such as a fan and pump.

Parameter No.	Function name	Data	Default setting	Unit
A085	RUN mode selection	00: Normal operation 01: Energy-saving operation	00	_
A086	Energy-saving response/ accuracy adjustment	0 to 100%	50	%

- •To operate with this function, set the RUN mode selection (A085) to 01. You can adjust the response and accuracy in the energy-saving response/accuracy adjustment (A086).
- Controls the output power at a comparatively slow rate. If rapid load fluctuation like impact load occur the motor may stall resulting in an overcurrent trip.

Parameter No.	Data	Response	Accuracy	Energy-saving effect
	0	Slow	High	Small
A086	‡	‡	‡	‡
	100	Fast	Low	Large

2-step Acceleration/Deceleration Function

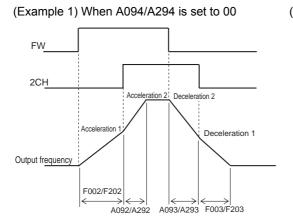
This function changes the acceleration/deceleration time during such operations.

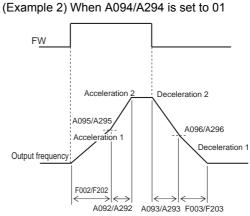
Parameter No.	Function name	Data	Default setting	Unit
A092	Acceleration time 2	0.01 to 99.99 100.0 to 999.9	15.0	s
* A292	2nd acceleration time 2	1000. to 3000.	15.0	s
A093	Deceleration time 2	0.01 to 99.99 100.0 to 999.9	15.0	s
* A293	2nd deceleration time 2	1000. to 3000.	15.0	s
A094	2-step acceleration/ deceleration selection	00: Switched via multi-function input 09 (2CH) 01: Switched by setting	00	_
* A294	2nd 2-step acceleration/ deceleration selection	00: Switched via multi-function input 09 (2CH) 01: Switched by setting	00	_
A095	2-step acceleration frequency	0.0 to 400	0.0	Hz
* A295	2nd 2-step acceleration frequency	0.0 to 400	0.0	Hz
A096	2-step deceleration frequency	0.0 to 400	0.0	Hz
* A296	*2nd 2-step deceleration frequency	0.0 to 400	0.0	Hz
Relat	ed parameters	F002, F003, F202, F203, C001 to C005		

^{*} To switch to the 2nd control, allocate 08 (SET) to the multi-function input terminal and then turn it on.

- The acceleration/deceleration time can be switched via the multi-function input terminal or automatically with an arbitrary frequency.
- •To switch via the multi-function input terminal, allocate 09 (2CH) to it.it

Data	Symbol	Function name	Status	Description
09	2CH	2-step acceleration/deceleration	ON	Enables the 2-step acceleration/ deceleration time.
03	2011	2-step acceleration/acceleration	OFF	Disables the 2-step acceleration/ deceleration time.
Related pa	arameters	C001 to C005		
Required	settings	A094 = 00		



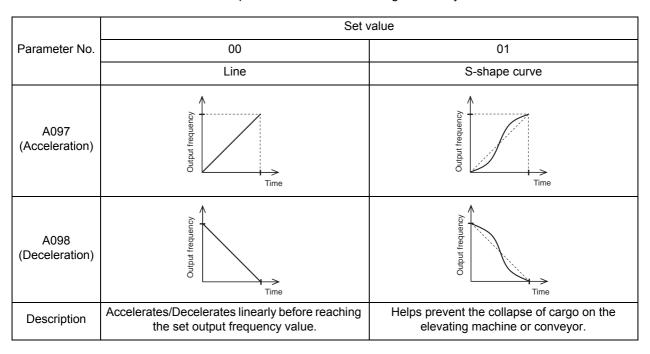


Acceleration/Deceleration Pattern

This function is used when smooth acceleration/deceleration is needed.

Parameter No.	Function name	Data	Default setting	Unit
A097	Acceleration pattern selection	00: Line 01: S-shape curve	00	_
A098	Deceleration pattern selection	00: Line 01: S-shape curve	00	_

•Acceleration/deceleration pattern can be set according to each system.



External Frequency Adjustment Function (OI)

Parameter No.	Function name	Data	Default setting	Unit
A101	OI start frequency	0.00 to 400.0	0.0	Hz
A102	OI end frequency	0.00 to 400.0	0.0	Hz
A103	OI start ratio	0. to 100.	0.	%
A104	OI end ratio	0. to 100.	100.	%
A105	OI start selection	00: External start selection 01: 0 Hz	01	_
Related parameters		A005, A011 to A015, A016, A151 to A155, AT input		

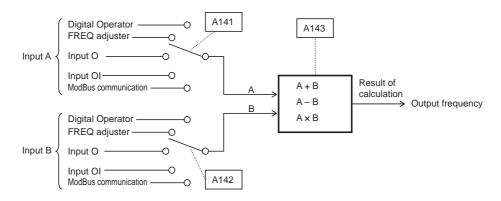
For each item, refer to "External Frequency (Voltage/Current) Adjustment" (page 4-11).

Operation Frequency Function

This function makes calculations for two inputs and reflects the result as the output frequency.

Parameter No.	Function name	Data	Default setting	Unit
A141	Operation frequency input A setting	00: Digital Operator (F001) 01: Digital Operator (FREQ adjuster)	01	_
A142	Operation frequency input B setting	02: Input O 03: Input OI 04: RS485 communication	02	_
A143	Operator selection	00: Addition (A + B) 01: Subtraction (A - B) 02: Multiplication (A × B)	00	_
Related parameters		A001 = 10		

[•] Inputs O and OI cannot be set simultaneously. Do not connect the signal lines for inputs O and OI simultaneously.



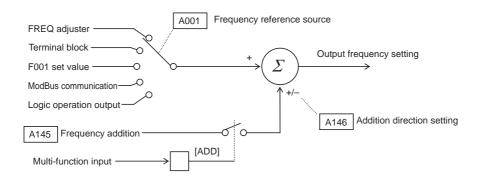
Frequency Addition Function

This function adds or subtracts the constant frequency set in A145 to/from the output frequency. Select addition or subtraction in A146.

Parameter No.	Function name	Data	Default setting	Unit
A145	Frequency addition amount	0.0 to 400.0	0.0	Hz
A146	Frequency addition direction	00: Adds the A145 value to the output frequency 01: Subtracts the A145 value from the output frequency	00	_

TAllocate 50 to multi-function input terminal on parameter C001 to C005 to use this functions.

Data	Symbol	Function name	Status	Description		
50	ADD	Frequency addition	ON	Calculates the set value in A145 against the set frequency in A001 according to the formula specified in A146, in order to provide a new frequency reference.		
			OFF	Normal control		
Related parameters		C001 to C005				
Related codes		A001, A002				



<Group B: Detailed Function Parameter>

Momentary Power Interruption/Trip Retry (Restart)

This function allows you to determine the operation performed when a trip occurs due to momentary power interruption, undervoltage, overcurrent, or overvoltage. Set the retry condition according to your system.

Parameter No.	Function name	Data	Default setting	Unit	
b001	Retry selection	 00: Outputs an alarm after a trip. 01: Restarts from 0 Hz at retry. 02: Matches the frequency at retry and starts. 03: Starts the Active Frequency Matching retry and trips after deceleration stop. 	00	_	
b002	Allowable momentary power interruption time	0.3 to 25.0 Trips if the momentary power interruption is within the set time. If not, it restarts.	1.0	s	
b003	Retry wait time	0.3 to 100.0 Time from recovery to restart	1.0	S	
b004	Momentary power interruption/ undervoltage trip during stop selection	00: Disabled 01: Enabled	00	_	
b005	Momentary power interruption retry time selection	00: 16 times 01: No limit	00	_	
b011	Starting frequency at Active Frequency Matching restart	00: Frequency at interruption 01: Max. frequency 02: Set frequency	00		
b029	Deceleration rate constant at frequency Active Frequency Matching restart	0.1 to 3000.0	0.5	s	
b030	Frequency Active Frequency Matching restart level	0.2 × Rated current to 2.0 × Rated current	Rated current	А	
Relat	ed parameters	C021, C026			

■Trip Retry Function

• Select the retry function during operation in [b001] (01 or 02). If [b005] is 00 (default), the following operations are to be performed.

At the time of momentary power interruption and undervoltage:

Restarts 16 times and trips on the 17th time.

At the time of overcurrent and overvoltage:

Restarts 3 times respectively and trips on the 4th time.

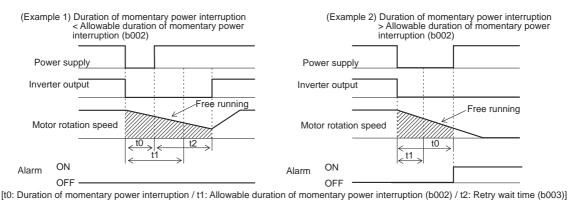
Retry times are counted separately for momentary power interruption, undervoltage, overcurrent, and overvoltage. For example, an overvoltage trip occurs only after 3-time overcurrent trips and then 4-time overvoltage trips. For momentary power interruption and undervoltage, if [b005] is set to 01, the retry operation continues until the status is cleared.

•You can select the operation for momentary power interruption and undervoltage during stop in b004.

(Supplemental Information)

Frequency matching start: Restarts the motor without stopping it after matching the motor rotation speed. (If the RUN command is set on the Digital Operator (A002 = 2), the Inverter stops.)

•Below is the timing chart where the retry function (b001: 02) is selected.

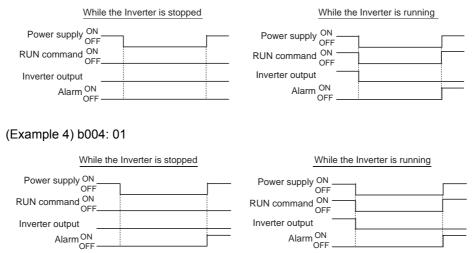


■ Alarm Selection for Momentary Power Interruption/Undervoltage During Stop

- •Use b004 to select whether to enable an alarm output in case of momentary power interruption or undervoltage.
- •An alarm output continues while Inverter control power supply remains.

 Alarm output for momentary power interruption and undervoltage during stop (Examples 3 and 4)

(Example 3) b004: 00



Electronic Thermal Function

This function electronically protects the motor from overheating.

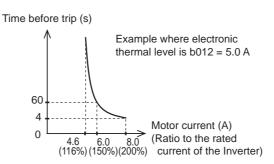
- Causes an overload trip (E05) to protect the motor from overheating by setting according to the motor rated current.
- Provides the most appropriate protection characteristics, taking into account the decline of a standard motor cooling capability at a low speed.
- •To set a value over the rated current of the motor, be careful of any temperature rise of the motor.

Parameter No.	Function name	Data	Default setting	Unit
b012	Electronic thermal level	0.2 × Rated current to 1.0 × Rated current	Rated current	Α
* b212	2nd electronic thermal level		Rated current	А
b013	Electronic thermal characteristics selection	00: Reduced torque characteristics 1 01: Constant torque characteristics	00	_
* b213	2nd electronic thermal characteristics selection	02: Reduced torque characteristics 2	00	_
Related parameters		C021, C024		

^{*} To switch to the 2nd control, allocate 08 (SET) to the multi-function input terminal and then turn it on.

■Electronic Thermal Level (Motor Protection Level)

(Example) JX-AB007 Rated current: 4.0 A Setting range: 0.8 to 4.0A

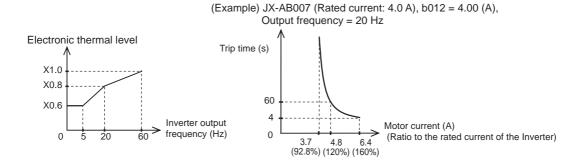


■Electronic Thermal Characteristics

- •Frequency characteristics are multiplied by the b012/212 set value above.
- The lower the output frequency is, the lower the cooling capability of the standard motor's self-cooling fan.

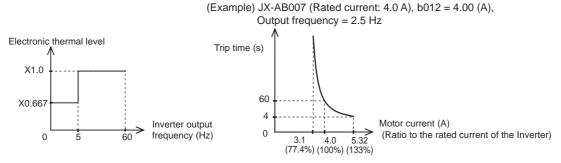
Reduced Torque Characteristics 1

•Multiplied by the time limit characteristics set in b012/212 for each frequency.



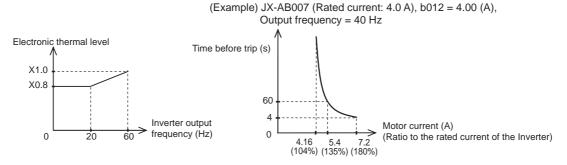
Constant Torque Characteristics

- Do not skip this setting when using a constant torque motor.
- Multiplied by the time limit characteristics set in b012/212 for each frequency.



Reduced Torque Characteristics 2

•Multiplied by the time limit characteristics set in b012/212 for each frequency.



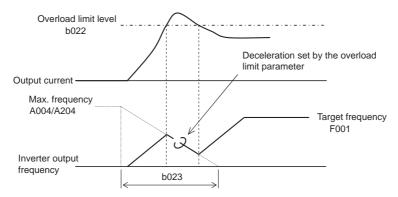
Overload Limit/Overload Warning

This function helps prevent an overcurrent trip due to rapid load fluctuation in acceleration or constant speed operation.

Parameter No.	Function name	Data	Default setting	Unit
b021	Overload limit selection	00: Disabled 01: Enable in acceleration/constant	01	_
* b221	2nd overload limit selection	speed operation 02: Enabled in constant speed operation	01	_
b022	Overload limit level	0.1 × Rated current to 1.5 × Rated current	1.5 × Rated current	Α
* b222	2nd overload limit level		1.5 × Rated current	Α
b023	Overload limit parameter	0.1 to 3000.0 (Deceleration time while this function is in operation)	1.0	s
* b223	2nd overload limit parameter		1.0	S
b028	Overload limit source selection	00: b022, b222 set values	00	_
* b228	2nd overload limit source selection	01: Input terminal O	00	_
C041	Overload warning level	0.0: Does not operate. 0.1 × Rated current to 2.0 × Rated	Rated current	Α
* C241	2nd overload warning level	current (Outputs OL signal when the overload warning level is reached.)	Rated current	^
Rela	ted parameters	C021, C0)26	

^{*} To switch to the 2nd control, allocate 08 (SET) to the multi-function input terminal and then turn it on.

- The Inverter monitors the motor current during acceleration or constant speed operation. If it
 reaches the overload limit level, the output frequency is lowered automatically according to the
 overload limit parameter.
- The overload limit level sets a current value for this function to work.
- •When this function operates, the acceleration time becomes longer than the set time.
- With the overload limit parameter set too low, an overvoltage trip may occur due to regenerative energy from the motor. This is because of automatic deceleration from this function even during acceleration.
- Make the following adjustments if this function operates during acceleration and the frequency doesn't reach the target level.
 - •Increase the acceleration time.
 - •Increase the torque boost.
 - Increase the overload limit level.
 - ·Use a higher rank Inverter.



•You can change the level setting in the overload limit source selection. With 00 selected, the set values of b022 and b222 are applied to the overload limit level. With 01 selected, the analog voltage input between O and L is enabled, and 10 V here corresponds to 150% of the rated current. Note that 01 can be set only if PID is disabled and the AT terminal is not set.

■Overload Warning

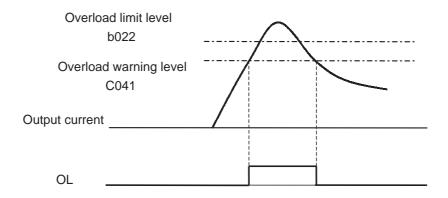
•If the load is too large, this function outputs an overload warning signal, allowing you to readjust the overload level.

This helps prevent mechanical damage due to an overload in the conveyors, or an operation line stop due to an overload trip of the Inverter.

• Allocate 03 (OL) to any of multi-function output terminal 11 or relay output terminals...

Data	Symbol	Function name	Status	Description	
03 OL		Overload warning	ON	The Inverter output current has exceeded the C041 set value.	
00	OL	Overload warning	OFF	The Inverter output current has not reached the C041 set value.	
Available out	put terminals	11-CM2, AL2-AL0 (or AL1-AL0)			
Required settings			C021, C026, C041		

Parameter No.	Function name	Data	Default setting	Unit
C041	Overload warning level	O.0: Does not operate. O.1 to Rated current × 200%: Outputs OL signal when reaching the overload warning level.	Rated current	А



Soft Lock Function

Use this function to prohibit writing of each parameter. This helps prevent data rewrite due to erroneous operation.

For the soft lock selection through the signal input from the terminal (b031 = 00 or 01), refer to the Soft Lock Function of the Multi-function Input section in "Reset" (page 4-50).

Parameter No.	Function name	Data	Default setting	Unit
b031	Soft lock selection	 00: Data other than b031 cannot be changed when terminal SFT is ON. 01: Data other than b031 and specified frequency parameters cannot be changed when terminal SFT is ON. 02: Data other than b031 cannot be changed. 03: Data other than b031 and the specified frequency parameter cannot be changed. 10: Data other than parameters changeable during operation cannot be changed. 	01	_
Related parameters		SFT input		

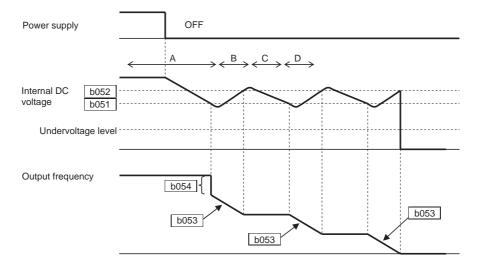
Allocate 15 (SFT) to the desired multi-function input.

Data	Symbol	Function name	Status	Description
15	SFT Soft lock		ON Rewriting is unacceptable except for specified parameters.	
			OFF	Depends on the b031 setting.
Related pa	Related parameters			C001 to C005
Required settings			b031 (soft lock excluded)	

Momentary Power Interruption Non-stop Function

This function decelerates the Inverter by a controlled stop to avoid a trip or free running in case of power supply disconnection or momentary power interruption during operation.

Parameter No.	Function name	Data	Default setting	Unit
b050	Selection of non-stop function at momentary power interruption	00: Disabled 01: Enabled (Stop) 02: Enabled (Restart)	00	_
b051	Starting voltage of non-stop function at momentary power interruption	0.0 to 1000.	1.0	V
b052	Stop deceleration level of non-stop function at momentary power interruption	0.0 to 1000.	0.0	V
b053	Deceleration time of non-stop function at momentary power interruption	0.01 to 99.99 100.0 to 999.9 1000. to 3000.	1.00	s
b054	Deceleration starting width of non-stop function at momentary power interruption	0.00 to 10.00	0.00	Hz



■Operation Description

- A If the power is disconnected during operation with the momentary power interruption non-stop function enabled (b050 = 01) and the voltage falls below the momentary power interruption non-stop function starting voltage (b051), the output frequency is decelerated with one stroke in accordance with the momentary power interruption non-stop deceleration starting width (b054) (Internal DC voltage rises due to the regenerative energy generated at this time.)
- B While deceleration continues in accordance with the momentary power interruption non-stop deceleration time (b053), internal DC voltage increases, and once the voltage reaches the stop deceleration level of non-stop function (b052), deceleration ceases.
- C Internal DC voltage decreases because there is no power supply during this constant speed operation.
- D Deceleration starts again according to b053 after the internal DC voltage decreases to b051. Then, after a recurrence from B, the operation eventually stops without a trip.

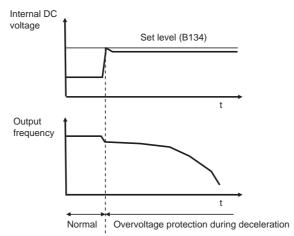
If the internal DC voltage has dropped below the undervoltage level during this function, output is shut off after an undervoltage trip to enter free-run status. (Caution)

- •When the momentary power interruption non-stop deceleration level (b052) is below the momentary power interruption non-stop function starting voltage (b051), the Inverter performs this function by increasing b052 to b051 without an automatic setting change.
- This function is not reset before completion. To run the Inverter after power recovery during this function, input the RUN command after entering the STOP command when stopped.

Overvoltage Control Function During Deceleration

This function helps avoid an overvoltage trip during deceleration. Note that the actual deceleration time may be longer than the set value. This function automatically keeps DC voltage at the set level during deceleration. The aim of this function is the same as the overvoltage LAD stop function, described in b130 and b131. However, these functions have different deceleration characteristics and you can select either function according to your system

Parameter No.	Function name	Data	Default setting	Unit
b055	Overvoltage protection proportional gain during deceleration	0.2 to 5.0	0.2	_
b056	Overvoltage protection integral time during deceleration	0.0 to 150.0	0.2	s
b133	Overvoltage protection function selection during deceleration	00: Disabled 01: Enabled	00	_
b134	Overvoltage protection level setting during deceleration	200-V class: 330 to 395 400-V class: 660 to 790	380/ 760	V



With this function activated, PI control works to keep the internal DC voltage constant.

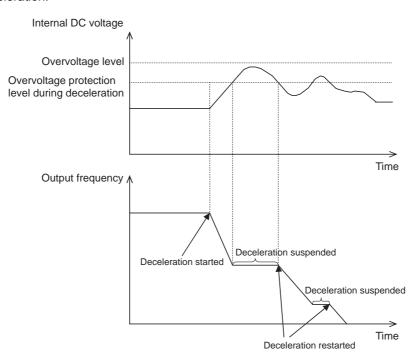
- Though quicker response is expected with a larger proportional gain, control tends to be divergent and may easily lead to a trip.
- Response also becomes quicker with a shorter integral time, but if too short, it may lead to a trip as well.

Overvoltage LAD Stop Function

This function helps avoid an overvoltage trip due to regenerative energy from the motor during deceleration. Note that the actual deceleration time may be longer than the set value. If DC voltage exceeds the set level, the Inverter stops deceleration. The aim of this function is the same as the overvoltage control function during deceleration, described in b055 and b056. However, these functions have different deceleration characteristics and you can select either function according to your system.

Parameter No.	Function name	Data	Default setting	Unit
b130	Overvoltage LAD stop function	00: Disabled 01: Enabled	00	_
b131	Overvoltage LAD stop function level setting	200-V class: 330. to 395. 400-V class: 660. to 790.	380/760	V

- •Select to enable or disable the overvoltage LAD stop function in b130.
- Adjust the overvoltage LAD stop function level in b131.
- •The main circuit DC voltage rises because of regenerative energy from the motor once deceleration starts. With the overvoltage LAD stop function enabled (b130: 01), the Inverter stops deceleration temporarily once the main circuit DC voltage has reached the overvoltage LAD stop function level, which is lower than the overvoltage level. Deceleration then resumes if the voltage level falls below the overvoltage LAD stop function level.
- •With the overvoltage LAD stop function enabled (b130: 01), the actual deceleration time may become longer than the set value (F003/F203).
- This function does not aim to keep the main circuit DC voltage level constant. Therefore, an overvoltage trip may occur if the main circuit DC voltage rises rapidly because of rapid deceleration.



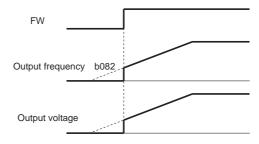
• The fluctuation of the internal DC voltage of this function is larger compared to the overvoltage control function during deceleration, described in b055, b056, b133, and b134. These functions aim to avoid overvoltage during deceleration, and you can select either function according to your system.

Starting Frequency

Set the frequency to start Inverter output with the RUN signal turned on.

Parameter No.	Function name	Data	Default setting	Unit
b082	Starting frequency	0.5 to 9.9	1.5	Hz

- •Use mainly to adjust the starting torque.
- With the starting frequency set high, the starting current increases. Therefore, the current may exceed the overload limit and cause an overcurrent trip



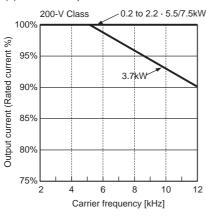
Carrier Frequency

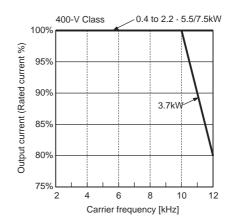
You can change the PWM waveform carrier frequency output from the Inverter.

Parameter No.	Function name	Data	Default setting	Unit
b083	Carrier frequency	2.0 to 12.0	3.0	kHz

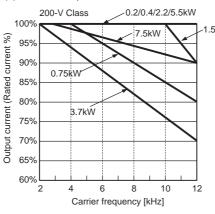
- •With the carrier frequency set high, you can reduce metallic noise from the motor. However, this may increase electrical noise or leakage current from the Inverter.
- Carrier frequency adjustment also helps avoid mechanical or motor resonance.
- To raise the carrier frequency, reduce the output current (or derate the rated current) as shown in the graph below.

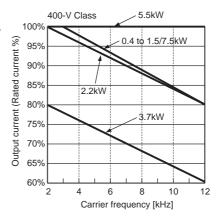
(1) Ambient temperature 40°C



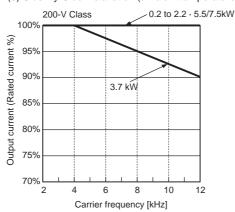


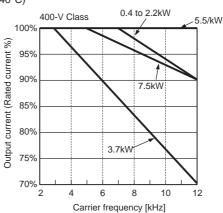
(2) Ambient temperature 50°C





(3) Side-By-Side installation (ambient temperature:40°C)





Parameter Initialization

You can initialize the rewritten set values and reset to the factory default, or clear trip records. Note that this is not available for RUN and power ON times.

Parameter No.	Function name	Data	Default setting	Unit
b084	Initialization selection	00: Clears the trip monitor 01: Initializes data 02: Clears the trip monitor and initializes data	00	_
b085	Initialization parameter selection	00: Do not change.	00	_

The multi-function input/output terminals are also initialized with this function. To avoid unexpected operation, be sure to re-examine the wiring.

Refer to page 3-5 for more details about the initialization process.

Frequency Conversion Coefficient

This function displays a conversion value obtained by multiplying the Inverter output frequency by the coefficient set in [b086]. This helps display the actual physical value on the monitor.

Parameter No.	Function name	Data	Default setting	Unit
b086	Frequency conversion coefficient	0.1 to 99.9	1.0	_
Related parameters		d007		

Displayed value [d007] = "Output frequency [d001]" x "Frequency conversion coefficient [b086]" Refer to page 4-3 for more details

STOP Key Selection

You can select whether to enable the STOP key on the Digital Operator, even if the RUN command is set to the control terminal block (terminal).

Parameter No.	Function name	Data	Default setting	Unit
b087	STOP key selection	00: Enabled 01: Disabled	00	_

The trip reset function via the STOP/RESET key works according to this setting.

Free-run Stop

This function sets the motor to free running status by shutting off the Inverter output. Also You can select the operation to be performed when the free-run stop input is reset, and select the stop method, deceleration stop or free-run stop.

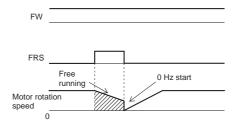
Parameter No.	Function name Data		Default setting	Unit
b088	b088 Free-run stop selection 00: 0 Hz start 01: Active Frequency Matching restart		00	_
I hilli I Ston selection I		00: Deceleration → Stop 01: Free-run stop	00	_
b003 Retry wait time 0.3 to 100.		0.3 to 100.	1.0	s
Related parameters		C001 to C009	5, b003	

Allocate 11 (FRS) to the desired multi-function input

Data	Symbol	Function name	Status	Description
11	FRS	Free-run stop	ON	Sets the motor to free-run status by shutting off output.
			OFF	The motor is in normal operation.
Related parameters				C001 to C005

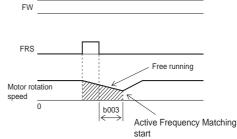
- This function is effective when you stop the motor using the mechanical brake such as an electromagnetic one. Note that an overcurrent trip may occur if the mechanical brake forces the motor to stop during Inverter output.
- Performs a free-run stop (FRS) while the FRS terminal is turned on.
- •When the FRS terminal is turned off, the motor restarts after retry wait time b003 elapses. With RUN command selection A002 set to 01 (control terminal), the motor restarts only if the FW terminal is turned on, even in free running.
- You can select the Inverter output mode for restart at free-run stop selection b088 (0 Hz start or Active Frequency Matching restart). (Examples 1, 2)
- The setting of this function is also applied to stop selection b091.

(Example 1) 0 Hz start



- Starts at 0 Hz regardless of motor rotation speed. The retry wait time is ignored.
- An overcurrent trip may occur with this start at a high motor speed.

(Example 2) Active Frequency Matching restart



 After the FRS terminal is turned off, the motor frequency is matched and a Active Frequency Matching restart is performed without stopping the motor. If an overcurrent trip occurs, extend the retry wait time.

Main Unit Monitor Display Selection

You can select what items to display on the monitor when the ModBus communication or the Digital Operator is connected with the communications connector on the Inverter.

Parameter No.	Function name	Data	Default setting	Unit
b089	Monitor display selection	01: Output frequency monitor 02: Output current monitor 03: Rotation direction monitor 04: PID feedback value monitor 05: Multi-function input monitor 06: Multi-function output monitor 07: Frequency conversion monitor	01	_

•Enabled when the power is turned on, if:

C070 is set to "02" (Digital Operator), mode selector S7 to "OPE" (Digital Operator), and 3G3AX-OP01 is connected;

C070 is set to "03" (ModBus), mode selector S7 to "485" (RS485 ModBus), and ModBus communication is available.

- •With this function enabled, keys other than the STOP/RESET key, and the FREQ adjuster on the Digital Operator are disabled.
- •In case of a trip, any trip code from "E01" to "E60" is displayed.

Also refer to "Output Frequency Monitor (After Conversion) [d007]" (page 4-3).

Cooling Fan Control

• Used to operate the built-in cooling fan of the Inverter all the time, only while the Inverter is in operation or when Fin temperature is to high.

This function applies to the Inverter models with a built-in cooling fan.

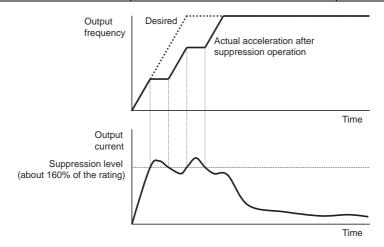
Parameter No.	Function name	Data	Default setting	Unit
b092	Cooling fan control	00: Always ON 01: ON during RUN 02: Depends on the fin temperature	01	

• Note that the cooling fan keeps operating for 5 minutes right after the power is turned on and after the operation stops.

Overcurrent Suppression Function

- •This function suppresses overcurrent caused by a steep current rise in rapid acceleration.
- •Select to enable or disable the overcurrent suppression function in b140.
- •This function does not operate during deceleration.

Parameter No.	Function name	Data	Default setting	Unit
b140	Overcurrent suppression	00: Disabled	01	
0140	function	01: Enabled	01	_



Automatic Carrier Frequency Reduction Function

This function automatically lowers the set carrier frequency when the temperature of the semiconductor inside the Inverter becomes high.

Parameter No.	Function name	Data	Default setting	Unit
b150	Automatic carrier reduction	00: Disabled 01: Enabled	00	_

• While this function is activated, the noise from the motor may be heard differently because of automatic change in career frequency.

RDY (Ready) Function

This function prepares for Inverter output to rotate the motor immediately after a RUN command is input. When this function is enabled and the RDY signal is sent to the multi-function input terminal, high voltage is applied to terminals U, V, and W on the main circuit terminal block. This happens even if the motor is stopped with the RUN command turned off. Do not touch the main circuit terminal block.

Parameter No.	Function name	Data	Default setting	Unit
b151	Ready function selection	00: Disabled 01: Enabled	00	_

Allocate 52 (RDY) to the desired multi-function input

Data	Symbol	Function name Status Description		Description
52	RDY	Ready function	ON	The Inverter is ready.
32 KD1	ND1	reday famotion	OFF	Normal stop status
Related parameters				C001 to C005

[•] Inputting this signal shortens the time between the RUN command input and the start of actual operation. In normal status, this is approx. 20 ms. Shortened time through this function varies depending on timing.

<Group C: Multi-function Terminal Function>

The JX has five input terminals [1], [2], [3], [4] and [5]; one open collector output terminal [11]; two relay output terminals [AL2] and [AL1] (SPDT contact); and one analog output terminal [AM].

Multi-function Input Selection

The five input terminals [1], [2], [3], [4] and [5] act as multi-function input terminals, whose functions can be changed through reallocation. 31 functions are available for allocation.

You can switch the input logic between Sink and Source, and the contact specifications between NO and NC. (NO [normally open] is allocated by factory default.)

- •The terminal with reset allocated is fixed to NO.
- •Multi-function input terminal 3 is also used for emergency shutoff input. With DIP switch S8 on the control PCB turned on, emergency shutoff input works. If a signal is input to terminal 3, the output is shut off and an error occurs, not through software but only through hardware.

The same two functions cannot be allocated to the multi-function input terminals. If you attempt to allocate the same two functions to the terminals by mistake, the terminal where you allocated the function last takes precedence. The previous data is set to "255", and the terminal function is disabled.

- •PTC can be allocated only to input terminal [5].
- Parameter No. C001 to C005 correspond to input terminals [1] to [5] respectively.

This table presents all the multi-function inputs functions available

Data	Description	Reference item	Page
00	FW	Forward command	-
01	RV	Reverse command	-
02	CF1	Multi-step speed setting binary 1	
03	CF2	Multi-step speed setting binary 2	4-12
04	CF3	Multi-step speed setting binary 3	4-12
05	CF4	Multi-step speed setting binary 4	
06	JG	Jogging	4-14
07	DB	External DC injection braking	4-17
08	SET	2nd control selection	4-47
09	2CH	2-step acceleration/deceleration	4-27
11	FRS	Free-run stop	4-41
12	EXT	External trip	4-49
13	USP	Power recovery restart prevention	4-50
15	SFT	Soft lock	4-35
16	AT	analog input switching	4-10
18	RS	Reset	4-50
19	PTC	Thermistor input	4-51
20	STA	3-wire start	4-52

Data	Description	Reference item	Page
21	STP	3-wire stop	4-52
22	F/R	3-wire forward/reverser	T-02
23	PID	PID enabled/disabled	4-22
24	PIDC	PID integral reset	
27	UP	UP/DWN function accelerated	
28	DWN	UP/DWN function deccelerated	4-53
29	UDC	UP/DWN function data clear	
31	OPE	Forced operator	4-54
50	ADD	Frequency addition	4-29
51	F-TM	Forced terminal block	4-54
52	RDY	Ready function	4-43
53	SP-SET	Special 2nd function selection	4-47
64	EMR	Emergency shutoff 4-46	
255	No function	Digital input not used	-

Parameter No.	Function name	Data	Default setting	Unit
C001	Multi-function input 1 selection		00	
C201	*2nd multi-function input 1 selection		00	
C002	Multi-function input 2 selection		01	
C202	*2nd multi-function input 2 selection		01	
C003	Multi-function input 3 selection	Refer to upper table for available settings	18	
C203	*2nd multi-function input 3 selection	receive upper table for available settings	10	
C004	Multi-function input 4 selection		12	
C204	*2nd multi-function input 4 selection		12	
C005	Multi-function input 5 selection		02	
C205	*2nd multi-function input 5 selection		02	_
C011	Multi-function input 1 operation selection	00: NO	00	_
C012	Multi-function input 2 operation selection	01: NCNO contact: "ON" with the contact closed,	00	_
C013	Multi-function input 3 operation selection	"OFF" with the contact open. • NC contact: "ON" with the contact open.	00	_
C014	Multi-function input 4 operation selection	"OFF" with the contact closed. • For the RS terminal, only NO contact is	00	_
C015	Multi-function input 5 operation selection	available.	00	_

^{*} To switch to the 2nd control, allocate 08 (SET) to the multi-function input terminal and then turn it on.

Note 1: The terminal with "18" (RS) allocated will automatically have an NO contact specifications.

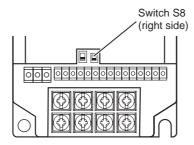
Note 2: "19" (PTC) can only be allocated to multi-function input 5 (C005).

Note 3: "64" (EMR) is set forcibly with switch S8, not with parameters.

Emergency Shutoff Input Function

■Emergency Shutoff Mode Selection

To select Emergency Shutoff mode in the JX, turn on switch S8 on the right side behind the front cover.

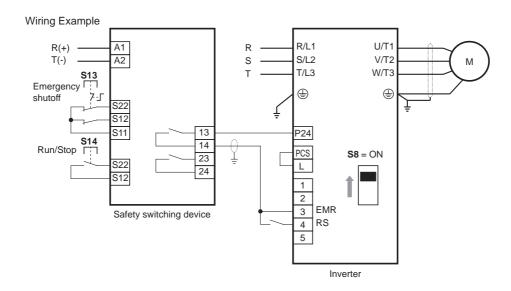


[Notes]

Use caution when turning on/off the DIP switch S8 on the control PCB. That will change the function allocation on the control terminal block automatically.

- Note 1: This function does not insulate the motor electrically. Use a breaker such as a contactor in the motor wire if necessary.
- Note 2: This function does not prevent erroneous operation of drive process control and the application function.
- Note 3: The digital outputs (relay and open collector outputs) of the Inverter are not regarded as the safety signals mentioned here. When you set a safety control circuit as described here, use the output signal of an externally set safety relay.

■Wiring Example



- S13: The emergency stop button lets the Inverter go into "Emergency Shutoff" status (or free-run status).
- S14: Run/Stop button
- •The emergency shutoff circuit is monitored with an externally set safety relay.
- •One safety relay can be used for multiple Inverters.

Inputting EMR to the digital input lets the motor go into "Emergency Shutoff" status (or free-run status).

This status continues while EMR is turned on or until a reset signal is input.

To use the Inverter to control the mechanical brake (used for cranes, etc.), you need to connect the safety output of the external safety relay to the brake control circuit in series.

- Note 1: For the signal lines for the safety relay and emergency shutoff input, use shielded coaxial cables with 2.8 mm or less in diameter and 2 m or less in length. The shield must be grounded.
- Note 2: All inductor parts such as the relay and contactor must have overvoltage protection circuits.

With DIP switch S8 turned on, multi-function input 3 is automatically allocated to the emergency shutoff signal EMR input terminal, and 4 to the reset signal input terminal. In this case, EMR is allocated to function code C003, and reset (RS) to C004 automatically, and you cannot change these parameters manually. The following table shows the status of DIP switch S8 and the allocation of the multi-function input.

Multi-function input	Е	mergency shutoff selector S	88
terminal No.	S8 = OFF (Default)	S8 = OFF → ON	S8 = ON → OFF
Status	1	2	3
1	FW	FW	FW
2	RV	RV	RV
3	CF1	EMR * (only for emergency shutoff)	No function allocated
4	CF2	RS * (only for emergency shutoff reset)	RS (normal reset)
5 (also used for PTC)	RS	No function allocated	No function allocated

In short, when DIP switch S8 is turned on, input terminal 5 automatically switches to "No function allocated" status. To allocate a function to terminal 5 in this status, use the function mode. If DIP switch S8 is turned off later, input terminal 3 switches to "No function allocated" status. To allocate a function, again use the function mode.

You can reset Emergency Shutoff status only via the dedicated input terminal (terminal 4 in the above table). The STOP/RESET button on the Digital Operator cannot be used for resetting Emergency Shutoff status.

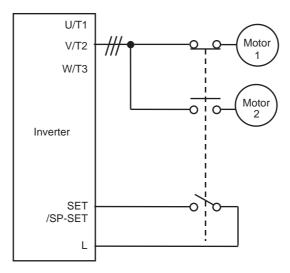
2nd Control Function and Special 2nd Function

This function is used to operate by switching two different types of motors or additional parameter sets

Data	Symbol	Function name	Status	Description
08	SET 2nd control		ON	Enables the parameter for the 2nd motor.
00	021	Zila dolla di	OFF	Disables the parameter for the 2nd motor.
53	SP-SET	Special 2nd function	ON	Enables the parameter for the special 2nd motor.
00	OF OLT	Opedial Zila landion	OFF	Disables the parameter for the special 2nd motor.
Related parameters				C001 to C005

^{*} When DIP switch S8 is ON, the EMR function is forcibly set to NC contact, and the RS function to NO contact.(Parameters C013 and C014 are ignored)

- •By allocating 08 (SET) or 53 (SP-SET) to the desired multi-function input and then turning on/off the SET or SP-SET terminal, you can switch and control two different motors.
- Switch to the 2nd control function at the SET terminal after turning off the RUN command and the Inverter output.
- •You can switch to the 2nd control function at the SP-SET terminal while in operation..



- •To display and set each parameter for the 2nd control (parameter No.200s), allocate SET and SP-SET.
- Parameters changeable while in operation are as follows:

Parameter No.	Function name	Sel	ection
Farameter No.	r unction name	SET	SP-SET
F002/F202	Acceleration time 1	Yes	Yes
F003/F203	Deceleration time 1	Yes	Yes
A001/A201	Frequency reference selection	No	Yes
A002/A202	RUN command selection	No	Yes
A003/A203	Base frequency	No	Yes
A004/A204	Maximum frequency	No	Yes
A020/A220	Multi-step speed reference 0	Yes	Yes
A041/A241	Torque boost selection	No	Yes
A042/A242	Manual torque boost voltage	Yes	Yes
A043/A243	Manual torque boost frequency	Yes	Yes
A044/A244	V/f characteristics selection	No	Yes
A045/A245	Output voltage gain	No	Yes
A061/A261	Frequency upper limit	Yes	Yes
A062/A262	Frequency lower limit	Yes	Yes
A092/A292	Acceleration time 2	Yes	Yes
A093/A293	Deceleration time 2	Yes	Yes
A094/A294	2-step acceleration/deceleration selection	Yes	Yes
A095/A295	2-step acceleration frequency	Yes	Yes
A096/A296	2-step deceleration frequency	Yes	Yes

Parameter No.	Function name	Sele	ction
Farameter No.	Function name	SET	SP-SET
b012/b212	Electronic thermal level	No	Yes
b013/b213	Electronic thermal characteristics selection	No	Yes
b021/b221	Overload limit selection	No	Yes
b022/b222	Overload limit level	No	Yes
b023/b223	Overload limit parameter	No	Yes
b028/b228	Overload limit source selection	No	Yes
C001 to C005/ C201 to C205	Multi-function inputs 1 to 5 selection	No	Yes
C041/C241	Overload warning level	No	Yes
H003/H203	Motor capacity selection	No	Yes
H004/H204	Motor pole number selection	No	Yes
H006/H206	Stabilization parameter	No	Yes

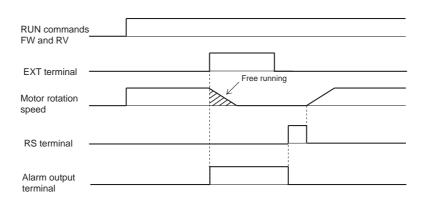
[•]There's no indication of 2nd control functions on the display. You'll see which one is enabled by checking whether the terminal is turned on/off.

External Trip

Use this function to trip the Inverter according to the peripheral system conditions.

Data	Symbol	Function name	Status	Description
12	EXT	External trip	ON	Sets the motor to free-run status by shutting off output.
			OFF	The motor is in normal operation.
Related parameters				C001 to C005

- •When the EXT terminal is turned on, E12 is displayed and the Inverter trips to stop output.
- Allocate 12 (EXT) to the desired multi-function input.



[•]Switching the 2nd control using SET during operation does not work until the Inverter stops.

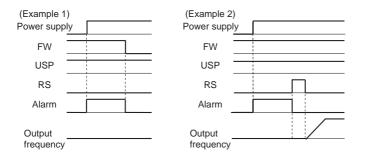
Power Recovery Restart Prevention Function

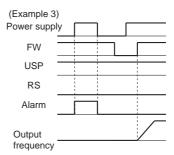
For safety reasons, this function causes a USP trip (E13) while the RUN command (FW/RV) from the control terminal (terminal) is turned on, in either of the following conditions:

- · When the power is turned on
- · After an undervoltage trip is reset

Data	Symbol	Function name	Status	Description
13	USP	USP function	ON	Does not start the Inverter with the power turned on while the RUN command is input.
	001	GOI INTOLIOTI	OFF	Starts the Inverter with the power turned on while the RUN command is input.
Related parameters				C001 to C005

- •You can reset a USP trip by tuning off the RUN command (example 1) or resetting the Inverter. The Inverter starts running immediately after a trip reset if the RUN command is still turned on. (Example 2)
- To return from a USP trip to normal operation, shut off the power, turn off the RUN command, turn on the power again, and then turn on the RUN command. (Example 3)
- Allocate 13 (USP) to the desired multi-function input.
- •The following shows how this function works.





Reset

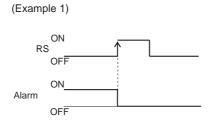
This function resets an Inverter trip.

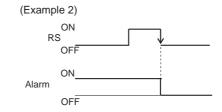
Data	Symbol	Function name	Status	Description
18	RS	Reset	ON	Shuts off the power if the Inverter is running. Cleared at trip. (The same process as when the power is turned on)
		OFF	normal operation.	
Related parameters				C001 to C005
Required settings			C102	

- •You can also reset an Inverter trip by pressing the STOP/RESET key on the Digital Operator.
- In reset selection C102, you can select alarm reset timing and either enable/disable in normal operation.

•For the RS terminal, only NO contact is available.

Parameter No.	Function name	Data	Default setting	Unit
		00: Trip reset at rising edge (example 1) Enabled during normal operation (shuts off output)		
C102	Reset selection	01: Trip reset at falling edge (example 2) Enabled during normal operation (shuts off output)	00	_
		02: Trip reset at rising edge (example 1) Disabled during normal operation (trip reset only)		





Thermistor Trip Function

This function protects the motor by tripping with the built-in thermistor detecting a temperature rise.

Data	Symbol	Function name	Status	Description
19	PTC	Thermistor input	Connected	When the thermistor is connected between terminals 5 and L, the Inverter can detect motor temperature and, if the temperature exceeds the specified level, trips to shut off the output (E35). The level is fixed.
			Open	If the thermistor is not connected, the Inverter trips (E35) to shut off the output
Related parameters			C005 only	

- Allocate 19 (PTC) to multi-function input 5 (C005). This cannot be used with other multi-function terminals. (Use a thermistor with the PTC characteristics.)
- •Trip level is fixed at 3 k Ω ±10% max.

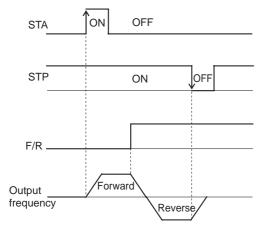
3-wire Input Function

This function is effective in using auto recovery contacts such as a press button switch for operation and stop.

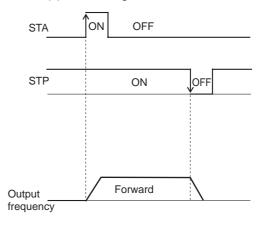
Data	Symbol	Function name	Status	Description
20	STA	3-wire start	ON	Starts with auto recovery contacts.
20	OTA	5-wire start	OFF	Irrelevant to the motor operation.
21	STP	3-wire stop	ON	Stops with auto recovery contacts.
21	011	5-wire stop	OFF	Irrelevant to the motor operation.
22	F/R	3-wire forward/reverse	ON	Reverse
22	1710	5-wire forward/reverse	OFF	Forward
Related p	Related parameters			C001 to C005
Required	settings	A002 = 01		A002 = 01

- •Set RUN command selection A002 to 01 (control terminal).
- The following operations become possible with 20 (STA), 21 (STP), and 22 (F/R) allocated to the multi-function inputs. With the STA and STP terminals allocated, the FW and RV terminals are disabled.





(2) When using STA and STP



UP/DOWN Function

This function changes the Inverter output frequency using UP and DWN terminals of the multifunction inputs.

Data	Symbol	Function name	Status	Description
27	UP	UP/DWN function accelerated	ON	Increases the current speed during the signal input period.
		accelerated	OFF	Keeps the current speed.
28	DWN	UP/DWN function decelerated	ON	Decreases the current speed during the signal input period.
		decelerated	OFF	Keeps the current speed.
29	UDC	UP/DWN function data	ON	Clears the stored UP/DWN speed.
25	ODO	clear	OFF	Keeps the stored UP/DWN speed.
Related parameters		C001 to C005		
Required settings		A001 = 02, C101		

- •While the UP/DWN terminal is turned on, the acceleration/deceleration time depends on F002, F003/F202, and F203.
- •You can store a frequency set value after UP/DWN adjustment. Choose whether to store the value with C101.

Also, you can clear the stored frequency set value by allocating 29 (UDC) to the desired multifunction input and turning on/off the UDC terminal.

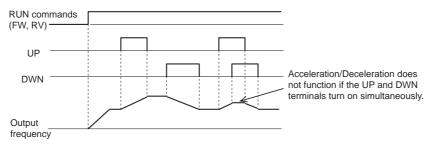
[UP/DOWN Function Enabled/Disabled]

Frequency reference selection (A001)	Multi-step speed	Jogging	Enabled/Disabled
_	_	ON	Disabled
_	ON	OFF	Enabled
00	OFF	OFF	Disabled
01	OTT	Orr	Disabled
02	OFF	OFF	Enabled
03	OFF	OFF	Disabled

- •The UP/DOWN function is disabled when the JG operation is enabled.
- •The UP/DOWN function is enabled when the frequency reference selection (A001) is set to the Digital Operator (02).
- •The UP/DOWN function is enabled when the multi-step speed reference is enabled.

Parameter No.	Function name	Data	Description
	UP/DWN	00	Does not store the frequency reference adjusted using UP/DWN. After restoring the power, returns the set value to that before UP/DWN.
C101	selection	01	Stores the frequency reference adjusted using UP/DWN. After restoring the power, maintains the set value after UP/DWN adjustment.

Note: You can store only two codes: multi-step speed reference 0 (A020) and 2nd multi-step speed reference 0 (A220). Even with C101 set to 01, you cannot store the multi-step speeds 1 to 7 adjusted with the UP/DWN function. To store them, press the Enter key as well.



Forced Operator Function

This function forcibly switches to operation via the Digital Operator by turning on/off the multifunction terminal if the frequency reference/RUN command sources are not set to the Digital Operator.

Data	Symbol	Function name	Status	Description
31	OPE	Forced operator	ON	Prioritizes the command from the Digital Operator (A020, A220 set values) over the A001 and A002 settings.
			OFF	Operates according to the A001 and A002 settings.
Related parameters		C001 to C005		
Related codes				A001, A002

• If you switch on/off this function during operation, the RUN command is reset to stop the Inverter. Before resuming operation, stop the RUN command from each command source to avoid possible danger and then input it again.

Forced Terminal Block Function

This function forcibly switches to operation via the terminal block by turning on/off the multi-function terminal if the frequency reference/RUN command sources are not set to the terminal block.

Data	Symbol	Function name	Status	Description
51	51 F-TM Forced terminal blo		ON	Forcibly sets A001 = 01 and A002 = 01.
31	1 - 1 101	1 orded terminal block	OFF	Operates according to the A001 and A002 settings.
Related parameters			C001 to C005	
Required settings				A001, A002

- •When the input of this signal is reset, A001 and A002 return to the command status prior to the input.
- If you switch on/off this function during operation, the RUN command is reset to stop the Inverter. Before resuming operation, stop the RUN command from each command source to avoid possible danger and then input it again.

Multi-function Output Terminal Selection

Parameter No.	Function name	Data	Default setting	Unit
C021	Multi-function output terminal 11 selection	00: RUN (signal during RUN) 01: FA1 (constant speed arrival signal) 02: FA2 (over set frequency arrival signal) 03: OL (overload warning) 04: OD (excessive PID deviation) 05: AL (alarm output)	00	-
C026	Relay output (AL2, AL1) function selection	06: Dc (disconnection detection) 07: FBV (PID FB status output) 08: NDc (network error) 09: LOG (logic operation output) 10: ODc (Do not use.) 43: LOC (light load detection signal)	05	_

- You can allocate the following functions to multi-function output terminal 11 and the relay output terminals.
- •While the multi-function output terminal 11 selection is for open collector output (allocated in C021), the relay output (AL2, AL1) function selection is for SPDT-contact relay output (allocated in C026).
- •You can select NO- or NC-contact output for each output terminal with C031 or C036.

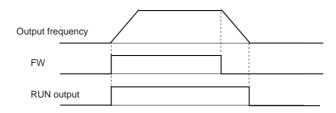
Data	Description	Reference item	Page
00	RUN: Signal during RUN	Signal during RUN	4-55
01	FA1: Constant speed arrival signal		
02	FA2: Over set frequency arrival signal	Frequency arrival signal	4-56
03	OL: Overload warning	Overload warning signal	4-33
04	OD: Excessive PID deviation	Excessive PID deviation output	4-22
05	AL: Alarm output	Alarm output	4-57
06	Dc: Disconnection detection	External analog input disconnection detection	4-58
07	FBV: PID FB status output	PID FB status output	4-22
08	NDc: Network error	Network error	4-58
09	LOG: Logic operation output	Logic operation result output	4-59
10	ODc: Not used.	_	_
43	LOC: Light load detection signal	Light load detection signal	4-60

Signal During RUN

This function outputs a signal while the Inverter is running.

Data	Symbol	Function name	Status	Description
00	00 RUN Signal during RUN		ON	The Inverter is in RUN mode.
	KON	Oignal during NON	OFF	The Inverter is in STOP mode.
Available output terminals		11-CM2	, AL2-AL0 (or AL1-AL0)	
Required settings				C021, C026

•Also outputs a signal during DC injection braking. Below is the time chart.



Frequency Arrival Signal

This function outputs a signal when the output frequency has reached the set value.

Data	Symbol	Function name	Status	Description
01	FA1	Constant speed	ON	The Inverter output frequency has reached the F001 set value.
01	17(1	arrival signal	OFF	The Inverter output frequency has fallen below the F001 set value.
02	FA2 Over set frequency		ON	The Inverter output frequency has exceeded the C042 set value during acceleration.
02	1712	arrival signal	OFF	The Inverter output frequency has fallen below the C042 set value during acceleration.
Available output terminals		11-CM2, AL2-AL0 (or AL1-AL0)		
Required settings		C021, C026, C042, C043		

[•] For elevating machines, use the FA2 signal for applying the brake.

ON: (Set frequency - 1% of the maximum frequency) (Hz)

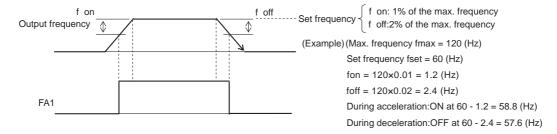
OFF: (Set frequency - 2% of the maximum frequency) (Hz)

Parameter No.	Function name	Data	Default setting	Unit
C042	Arrival frequency during acceleration	0.0: Does not output arrival signal during acceleration 0.1 to 400.0: Outputs arrival signal during acceleration	0.0	Hz
C043	Arrival frequency during deceleration	0.0: Does not output arrival signal during deceleration 0.1 to 400.0: Outputs arrival signal during deceleration	0.0	Hz

[•]Below is the hysteresis of the frequency arrival signal:

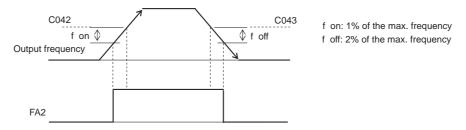
■Constant Speed Arrival Output (01: FA1)

•Outputs a signal when the output frequency has reached the level set in the frequency setting (F001, A020, and A220) or multi-step speed reference (A021 to A035).



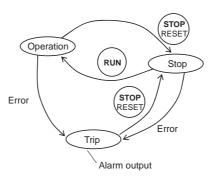
■Output Over Set Frequency (02: FA2)

•Outputs a signal when the output frequency has exceeded the arrival frequencies during acceleration/deceleration set in [C042, C043 (FA2)].



Alarm Output

This is output when the Inverter trips. If you use the relay for alarm outputs, set and check operation,, as the SPDT contact is used for the terminals. For details, refer to the description of the relay output, "Multi-function Output Terminal ON Delay/OFF Delay" (page 4-60).



Data	Symbol	Function name	Status	Description
05 AL		Alarm output	ON	The Inverter is in trip status.
	71	L Alaim output		The Inverter is normal.
Available output terminals			11-CM2,	AL2-AL0 (or AL1-AL0)
Required settings		C021, C026		

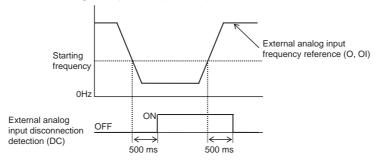
External Analog Input Disconnection Detection

• Outputs a signal if an error is detected in the external analog inputs (O, OI).

Data	Symbol	Function name	Status	Description
06	Dc	Disconnection detection	ON	The Inverter is in trip status.
	<i>D</i> 0	Disconnection detection	OFF	The Inverter is normal.
Available out	put terminals	11-CM2, AL2-AL0 (or AL1-AL0)		
Required settings		C021, C026, A001, A005		

- The disconnection detection signal is output if the frequency reference of the external analog input remains below the starting frequency for 500 ms.
- •The signal stops 500 ms after the frequency reference has exceeded the starting frequency.
- •Helps detect disconnection when a frequency reference is issued from the external analog inputs (O, OI) with the frequency reference selection set to the terminal (A001 = 01).
- Enabled only when the external analog inputs (O, OI) are selected.
 - Example 1: Disabled in multi-step speed operation even when the frequency reference is set to the external analog input (A001 = 01).

Example 2: Disabled even when the AT terminal selection is set to the O/volume selection (A005 = 02) or Ol/volume selection (A005 = 03) since the frequency reference is set on the Digital Operator (volume) with the AT terminal turned on.

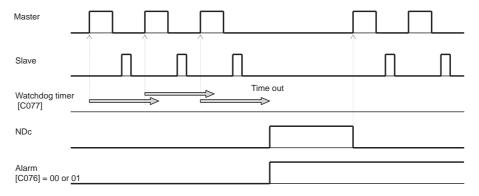


Network Error

This function detects and outputs a network error during RS485 ModBus communication.

• The error is output during RS485 ModBus communication if the next signal does not come even after the specified time period in C077.

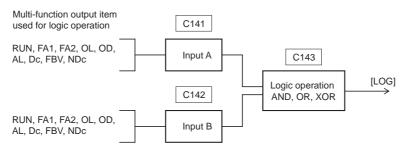
Data	Symbol	Function name	Status	Description
08	08 NDc Network error		ON	The communication watchdog timer times out.
	1400	Network error	OFF Normal	
Available out	Available output terminals		11-CM2, AL2-AL0 (or AL1-AL0)	
Required	l settings	C		021, C026, C077



Logic Operation Result Output

This function outputs a logic operation result of combination of two functions.

Data	Symbol	Function name	Status	Description
09	LOG	Logic operation output	ON	See the figure below.
03	200	Logic operation output		oce the lighte bolow.
Available out	uilable output terminals		11-CM2,	AL2-AL0 (or AL1-AL0)
Required	l settings	C021, C026, C141, C142, C143		026, C141, C142, C143



Input	Input signal		[LOG] output			
Input A (C141)	Input B (C142)	AND (C143 = 00)	OR (C143 = 01)	XOR (C143 = 02)		
0	0	0	0	0		
0	1	0	1	1		
1	0	0	1	1		
1	1	1	1	0		

[Related Function Codes]

Parameter No.	Function name	Data	Default setting	Unit
C141	Logic operation function A input	00: RUN 01: FA1 02: FA2 03: OL 04: OD 05: AL	00	_
C142	Logic operation function B input	06: Dc 07: FBV 08: NDc 10: ODc (Do not use.) 43: LOC	01	_
C143	Logic operator selection	00: AND 01: OR 02: XOR	00	_

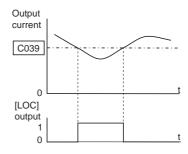
Light Load Detection Signal

This function outputs a signal when the Inverter output current has fallen below the C039 set value.

Data	Symbol	Function name	Status	Description	
43	43 LOC Light load		ON	Output current is lower than the C039 set value	
40	200	signal OFF Output current is higher than the O		Output current is higher than the C039 set value.	
Available out	Available output terminals		11-CM2,	AL2-AL0 (or AL1-AL0)	
Required settings C021, C026, C038, C039		, C026, C038, C039			

The signal is output if the load current has fallen below the C039 set value with the light load signal output mode set to 00 or 01 in C038, and LOC (43) allocated to the multi-function output terminal.

This function helps avoid a trip resulting from a falling motor current.

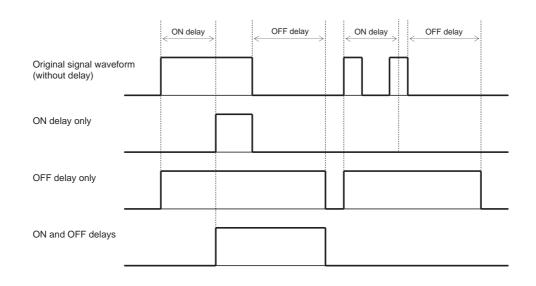


Parameter No.	Function name	Data	Default setting	Unit
C038	Light load signal output mode	00: Enabled during acceleration, constant speed, and deceleration 01: Enabled only during constant speed	01	_
C039	Light load detection level	0.0 to 2.0 × Rated current 0.0: Does not operate	Rated current	А

Multi-function Output Terminal ON Delay/OFF Delay

This function allows you to set ON/OFF delay times respectively from 0.1 to 100 seconds at the signal output of the multi-function output terminals (11 and relay). The following figure shows the output status.

Parameter No.	Function name	Data	Default setting	Unit
C144	Output terminal 11 ON delay	0.0 to 100.0	0.0	S
C145	Output terminal 11 OFF delay	0.0 to 100.0	0.0	S
C148	Relay output ON delay	0.0 to 100.0	0.0	S
C149	Relay output OFF delay	0.0 to 100.0	0.0	s



Multi-function Output Terminal Contact Selection

This function allows you to set either contact for the two multi-function output terminals respectively.

Parameter No.	Function name	Data	Default setting	Unit
C031	Multi-function output terminal 11 contact selection	00: NO contact 01: NC contact	00	_
C036	Relay output (AL2, AL1) contact selection	00: NO contact between AL2 and AL0 01: NC contact between AL2 and AL0	01	

Analog Output AM Terminal

This function allows you to monitor the output frequency and current from the AM terminal on the control terminal block (terminal).

•Analog voltage output from 0 to 10 V.

■AM Selection

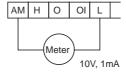
•Select a signal to output from the following table.

Parameter No.	Function name	Data	Default setting	Unit
C028	AM selection	00: Output frequency 0 to 10 V (0 to Max. frequency (Hz)) 01: Output current 0 to 10 V (0% to 200% of the rated current)	00	_

Output Frequency

Outputs the voltage according to the output frequency, with the maximum frequency being full scale. This is intended for display indication and cannot be used as a line speed signal. Though the accuracy is $\pm 5\%$, this could be exceeded depending on your meter.

Outputs a frequency obtained by multiplying the output frequency by the conversion coefficient [b086], with the maximum frequency being full scale.



Output Current

Outputs a current value with 200% of the Inverter rated voltage being full scale.

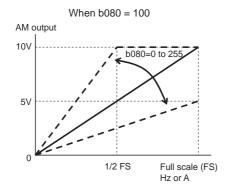
The output method is the same as the output frequency. Monitor accuracy is $\pm 10\%$ at the halfway point of base frequency.

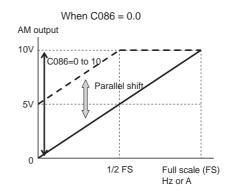
■AM Adjustment

 You can adjust the calibration of the analog voltage (0 to 10 V DC) from the AM terminal on the control terminal block by using the Inverter setting.

Parameter No.	Function name	Data	Default setting	Unit
b080	AM adjustment	0. to 255. (Adjust to the scale)	100.	_
C086	AM offset adjustment	0.0 to 10.0 (See the figure below)	0.0	V
Related parameters		A011, A101, A012, A102, A013, A103, A014, A104, A015, A105		5, A105

Note: If the offset (C086) is changed, the point to reach 10 V changes accordingly because of parallel movement. To avoid this, adjust the offset (C086) before the gain (b080).





<Group H: Motor Control Parameters>

Motor Capacity and Pole Number

Set the capacity and number of poles of the motor connected to the Inverter.

•With incorrect parameters set, appropriate operation cannot be ensured.

Parameter No.	Function name	Data	Default setting	Unit
H003	Motor capacity selection	200-V class 0.2/0.4/0.75/1.5/2.2/3.7/		kW
* H203	2nd motor capacity selection		Inverter capacity	
H004	Motor pole number selection	2/4/6/8	4	Pole
* H204	2nd motor pole number selection	2/4/0/0	7	1 010
Related parameters		A041 to A045,	A241 to A244	

^{*} To switch to the 2nd control, allocate 08 (SET) to the multi-function input terminal and then turn it on.

Stabilization Parameter

This function helps to reduce motor hunting.

Parameter No.	Function name	Data	Default setting	Unit
H006	Stabilization parameter	0. to 255.	100	_
* H206	2nd stabilization parameter	0.10200.	100	_
Related parameters		A045, b083		

^{*} To switch to the 2nd control, allocate 08 (SET) to the multi-function input terminal and then turn it on.

- In case of motor hunting, check whether the motor capacity selection (H003/H203) and motor pole number selection (H004/H204) match your motor. If they do not, match them.
- For adjustment, raise the stabilization parameter (H006) by degrees. If this increases motor hunting, lower it by degrees.
- •When using the automatic torque boost (A041/A241 = 01), if motor hunting occurs in a low speed range, lower the manual torque boost voltage (A042/A242) and manual torque boost frequency (A043/A243).
- •Other than this function, the following methods are suggested to reduce hunting:

Lower the carrier frequency (b083) Lower the output voltage gain (A045)

Parameter No.	Function name	Data	Description
A045	Output voltage gain	20. to 100.	Unit: % (Lower this in motor hunting.)
b083	Carrier frequency	2.0 to 12.0	Unit: kHz (Lower this in motor hunting.)
H006/H206	Stabilization parameter	0. to 255.	Adjust this in motor hunting.

Communication Function

• Communication with external network control devices can be carried out from the communication connector of the JX, through the RS-485 complying ModBus-RTU protocol.

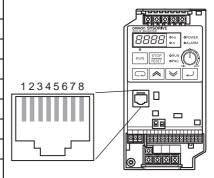
■Communication Specifications

Item	Description	Note
Transfer speed	4800/9600/19200 bps	Select using the Digital Operator.
Synch method	Asynchronous method	_
Transfer code	Binary	_
Transmission mode	LSB first	_
Complying interface	RS-485	_
Data bit length	8 bits (ModBus-RTU mode)	(ASCII mode not available)
Parity	No parity/Even/Odd	Select using the Digital Operator.
Stop bit length	1 or 2 bits	Select using the Digital Operator.
Startup method	One-way startup via command from the host side	_
Wait time	Silent interval +0 to 1000[ms]	Set using the Digital Operator.
Connection	1:N (N = Max. 32)	Set using the Digital Operator.
Connector	RJ45 modular jack	_
Error check	Overrun/Framing/CRC-16/Horizontal parity	_

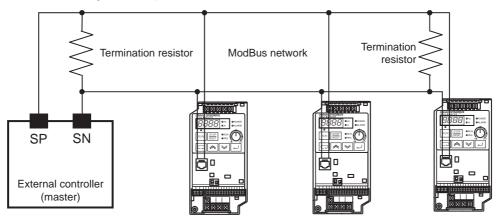
■RS-485 Port Specifications and Connection

Details of each communication connector pin are shown below.

Pin No.:	Symbol	Description	
1	_	Not used. Do not connect.	
2	_	Not used. Do not connect.	
3	_	Not used. Do not connect.	
4	_	Not used. Do not connect.	
5	SP	Sent and received data: Positive side	
6	SN	Sent and received data: Negative side	
7		Not used. Do not connect.	
8	_	Not used. Do not connect.	



To connect the ModBus, connect each Inverter in parallel as below. Connect a termination resistor separately to avoid signal reflection, since this JX does not incorporate it. Choose a termination resistor according to the impedance characteristics of the cable to be used.



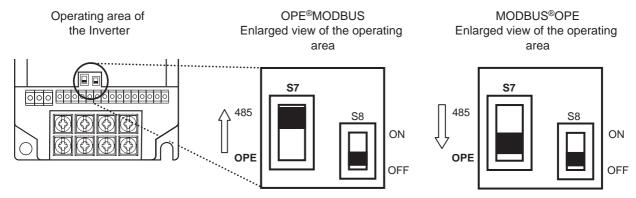
■ModBus Setting

Switching from the External OPE to ModuBus

- 1. Set the parameters using the Digital Operator in accordance with your communication environment.
- 2. Shut off the power.
- 3. Open the connector cover.
- 4. Insert the communication cable connected to the ModBus bus line.
- 5. Set S7 the 485/OPE communications selector to "485".
- 6. Turn on the power and start ModBus communications.

Switching from ModuBus to the External OPE

- 1. Remove the ModBus communication line from the RJ45 connector of the Inverter while the Inverter is stopped. Wait 30 seconds to operate the Digital Operator.
- 2. Set parameter C070 to "02" (OPE) using the Digital Operator and save it.
- 3. Shut off the power.
- 4. Set the 485/OPE selector S7 to "OPE" and connect the external OPE to the RJ45 connector.
- 5. Turn on the power and start external OPE communications.



Note: Be sure to set parameter C070 in advance. Communication protocol will not be changed merely by switching S7.

ModBus-Related Parameter Settings

ModBus communication requires the following settings. Be sure to set the parameters shown below. In case the parameter settings are changed, ModBus communication will not start until the Inverter is turned ON again, even if "485" is selected with the 485/OPE selector.

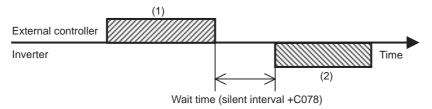
The parameters of C070s cannot be changed or set through ModBus communication. Set with the Digital Operator.

ModBus Communication-Related Parameter List

Parameter No.	Function name	Data	Default setting	Unit
A001	Frequency reference selection	00: Digital Operator (volume) 01: Terminal 02: Digital Operator (F001) 03: ModBus communication 10: Frequency operation result	00	_
A002	RUN command selection	01: Terminal 02: Digital Operator 03: ModBus communication	02	_
b089	Monitor display selection	01: Output frequency monitor 02: Output current monitor 03: Rotation direction monitor 04: PID feedback value monitor 05: Multi-function input monitor 06: Multi-function output monitor 07: Frequency conversion monitor	01	-
C070	Operator/ModBus selection	02: Digital Operator 03: ModBus	02	_
C071	Communication speed selection (Baud rate selection)	04: 4800 bps 05: 9600 bps 06: 19200 bps	04	_
C072	Communication station No. selection	1 to 32	1.	_
C074	Communication parity selection	00: No parity 01: Even 02: Odd	00	_
C075	Communication stop bit selection	1: 1 bit 2: 2 bits	1	_
C076	Communication error selection	00: Trip 01: Trip after deceleration stop 02: Ignore 03: Free run 04: Deceleration stop	02	_
C077	Communication error timeout	0.00 to 99.99	0.00	S
C078	Communication wait time	0 to 1000	0.	ms

■ModBus Communication Protocol

Follow the procedures below in regard to communication between the external controller and the Inverter.



- (1): Frame to be sent from the external controller to the Inverter (Query)
- (2): Frame to be returned from the Inverter to the external controller (Response)

The Inverter returns a response (Frame (2)) only after receiving a query (Frame (1)) and does not output a response positively.

Each frame format (command) is shown below.

Message configuration: Query

Header (Silent interval)				
Slave address				
Function code				
Data				
Error check				
Trailer (Silent interval)				

- <Slave Address>
- Pre-set numbers ranging from 1 to 32 in each Inverter (slave). (Only the Inverter having the same slave address as the query takes in the query.)
- •Broadcasting can be performed by setting the slave address to "0".
- Data call or loopback cannot be performed while broadcasting.
- <Data>
- •Sends the function command.
- •The JX corresponds with the following data formats used in the ModBus.

Data name	Description
Coil	Binary data (1-bit long) that can be referred to or changed
Holding register	16-bit long data that can be referred to or changed

- <Function Code>
- Specifies a function for the Inverter to perform.
- •The function codes available to the JX are shown on the next page.

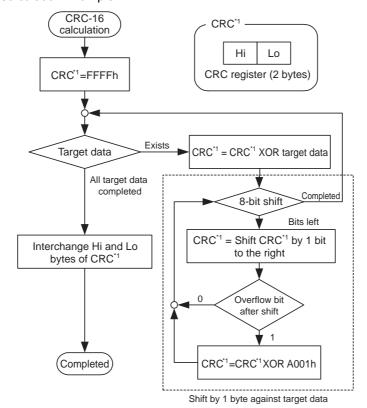
Function code

Function code	Function	Maximum number of data bytes in 1 message	Maximum data number in 1 message
01h	Coil status reading	4	32 coils (in bits)
03h	Holding register content reading	8	4 registers (in bytes)
05h	Writing into the coil	2	1 coil (in bits)
06h	Writing into holding register	2	1 registers (in bytes)
08h	Loopback test	_	_
0Fh	Writing into multiple coils	4	32 coils (in bits)
10h	Writing into multiple registers	8	4 registers (in bytes)

<Error Check>

- •CRC (Cyclic Redundancy Check) is used for the ModBus-RTU error check.
- •The CRC code is 16-bit data generated for the block of random length data in the 8-bit unit.
- •To generate the CRC code, the generation polynomial CRC-16 ($X^{16}+X^{15}+X^2+1$) is used.

CRC-16 Calculation Example



- <Header, Trailer (Silent interval)>
- •Wait time between receiving the query from the master and the response by the Inverter.
- •Be sure to provide the 3.5-character length for wait time. If the length does not reach 3.5 characters, the Inverter does not respond.
- The actual communication wait time is the total of the silent interval (3.5-character length) and C078 (communication wait time) setting.

Message configuration: Response

- <Total Communication Time>
- The time between receiving query and the response by the Inverter is the total of the silent interval (3.5-character length) and C078 (communication wait time) setting.
- When sending another query to the Inverter after receiving the response from the Inverter, be sure to provide the silent interval length (3.5-character length or more) at the minimum.

<Normal Response>

- If the query is the loopback function code (08h), the Inverter sends back a response of the same content as the query.
- If the query contains a function code of writing into the holding register or coil (05h, 06h, 0Fh, 10h), the Inverter sends back the query as it is in response.
- If the query contains a function code of reading the holding register or coil (01h, 03h), the Inverter makes the slave address and function code the same as the query and attaches the read data to the query.

<Abnormal Response>

Field Configuration

Slave address
Function code
Exception code
CRC-16

- If an error (aside from a communication error) is found in the query content, the Inverter returns an exception response without performing any operation.
- To determine the cause of an error, check the function code of the response. The function code of the exception response is the value of the query function code with 80h added.
- •Check the details of the error with the exception code.

Exception code

Code	Description
01h	Specified an unsupported function.
02h	Specified address does not exist.
03h	Specified data has an unacceptable format.
21h	Data is out of the Inverter's range for writing into the holding register.
22h	The Inverter does not allow this function. •Attempted to change the register that cannot be changed during operation. •Has issued the enter command during operation (UV). •Has written into the register during trip (UV). •Has written into the register used exclusively for reading.
23h	Has written into the register (coil) used exclusively for reading.

<No Response>

The Inverter ignores a query and does not respond when:

- •The broadcast is received.
- •A communication error is detected in receiving a query.
- •The guery slave address does not correspond with the slave address set for the Inverter.
- The time interval between 2 pieces of data constituting the message is less than a 3.5-character length.
- Query data length is inappropriate.
- The reception interval in a frame exceeds the 1.5-character length.

Note: Provide a timer in the master to monitor the response, and if no response is returned within the set time period, send the same query again.

■Explanation of Each Function Code

<Coil status reading [01h]>

Reads out the coil status (ON/OFF).

(Example)

When reading multi-function input terminals from 1 to 5 of the Inverter with the slave address "8" Refer to the following table for multi-function input terminal statuses. (Coils from 12 to 14 are OFF.)

Class	Data				
Multi-function input terminals	1	2	3	4	5
Coil No.	7	8	9	10	11
Terminal status	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF

No.	Field name	Example (HEX)
1	Slave address *1	08
2	Function code	01
3	Coil start number (MSB)	00
4	Coil start number (LSB)	06
5	Number of coils (MSB)*2	00
6	Number of coils (LSB)*2	05
7	CRC-16 (MSB)	1C
8	CRC-16 (LSB)	91

Response

No.	Field name	Example (HEX)
1	Slave address	08
2	Function code	01
3	Number of data bytes	01
4	Coil data *3	05
5	CRC-16 (MSB)	92
6	CRC-16 (LSB)	17

- *1. Broadcasting cannot be performed.
- *2. When specifying the value for 0 or over 31 of the reading coils, the error code "03h" is sent.
- *3. Data is transferred by the number of data bytes.

The data received as the response shows the statuses of coils 7 to 14. The data received here, "05h = 00000101b", should be read with setting coil 7 as LSB as follows:

Item				Da	ata			
Coil No.	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7
Coil status	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	ON

If the reading coil exceeds the defined coil range in the final coil data, such coil data is regarded as "0" and returned.

Query

Refer to "<Exception Response>" (4-75) if the coil status reading command has not been performed normally.

<Reading the Holding Register Content [03h]>

Reads the specified number of consecutive holding register contents from the specified holding register addresses.

(Example)

- Reads the latest trip information (frequency, current, voltage at trip) from the Inverter with the slave address "1".
- •Refer to the trip status as follows:

JX command	D081 (Factor)	D081 (Frequency)	D081 (Output current)	D081 (DC bus V DC)
Register No.	0012h	0014h	0016h	0017h
Trip status	Overcurrent (E03)	9.9 Hz	3.0 A	284 V

Query		
No.	Field name	Example (Hex)
1	Slave address*1	01
2	Function code	03
3	Register start address *3(MSB)	00
4	Register start address *3(LSB)	11
5	Number of holding registers (MSB)	00
6	Number of holding registers (LSB)	06
7	CRC-16 (MSB)	95
8	CRC-16 (LSB)	CD

Resp	onse	
No.	Field name	Example (Hex)
1	Slave address	01
2	Function code	03
3	Number of data bytes*2	0C
4	Register data 1 (MSB)	00
5	Register data 1 (LSB)	03
6	Register data 2 (MSB)	00
7	Register data 2 (LSB)	00
8	Register data 3 (MSB)	00
9	Register data 3 (LSB)	63
10	Register data 4 (MSB)	00
11	Register data 4 (LSB)	00
12	Register data 5 (MSB)	00
13	Register data 5 (LSB)	1E
14	Register data 6 (MSB)	01
15	Register data 6 (LSB)	1C
16	CRC-16 (MSB)	AF
17	CRC-16 (LSB)	6D

^{*1.}Broadcasting cannot be performed.

^{*2.}Data is transferred by the number of data bytes. In this example, 12 ("0Ch") bytes are used since 6 pieces of holding register data are returned.

^{*3.} Note that the holding register start address is "0011h", which is smaller by 1 than the register number "0012h".

Read the data received in the response, as follows:

Response buffer	4-	-5	6-	-7	8-	-9
Holding register start number	12+0 (MSB)	12+0 (LSB)	12+1 (MSB)	12+1 (LSB)	12+2 (MSB)	12+2 (LSB)
Response data	000)3h	00h	00h	006	63h
Trip data	Trip fac	tor (03)	Not	used	Frequenc	y (9.9 Hz)
Response buffer	10-	-11	12-	-13	14-	-15
Holding register start number	12+3 (MSB)	12+3 (LSB)	12+4 (MSB)	12+4 (LSB)	12+5 (MSB)	12+5 (LSB)
Response data	00h	00h	001	1Eh	001	Ch
Trip data	Not	used	Output curi	rent (3.0 A)	DC bus V	DC (284V)

Refer to "<Exception Response>" (4-75) if the holding register content reading command has not been performed normally.

<Writing Into the Coil [05h]>

Writes into one coil.

The coil status change is shown in the following table.

Data	Coil status		
Data	$OFF \to ON$	$ON \to OFF$	
Change data (MSB)	FFh	00h	
Change data (LSB)	00h	00h	

(Example)

- Issues the RUN command to the Inverter with the slave address "8". For running, "03" must be set to "A002".
- •The coil number of the RUN command is "1".

,		
No.	Field name	Example (Hex)
1	Slave address*1	08
2	Function code	05
3	Coil address*2 (MSB)	00
4	Coil address*2 (LSB)	00
5	Change data (MSB)	FF
6	Change data (LSB)	00
7	CRC-16 (MSB)	8C
8	CRC-16 (LSB)	A3

Response

No.	Field name	Example (Hex)
1	Slave address	08
2	Function code	05
3	Coil address*2 (MSB)	00
4	Coil address*2 (LSB)	00
5	Change data (MSB)	FF
6	Change data (LSB)	00
7	CRC-16 (MSB)	8C
8	CRC-16 (LSB)	A3

^{*1.} There is no response for broadcasting.

Refer to "<Exception Response>" (4-75) if writing into the coil cannot be performed normally.

Query

^{*2.} Note that the coil start address is "0", which is smaller by 1 than the coil number "1". The coil addresses for coil numbers from "1 to 31" are "0 to 30".

<Writing into the holding register [06h]>

Writes data into the specified holding register.

(Example)

Write "50 Hz" into the Inverter with slave address "8" as multi-step speed reference 0 (A020). The data resolution of the holding register "1029h" of multi-step speed reference 0 (A020) is 0.1 Hz.

	To set 50 Hz, set the change data to "500 (01F4h)".	
Query	Response	

Query		
No.	Field name	Example (Hex)
1	Slave address*1	08
2	Function code	06
3	Register address*2 (MSB)	10
4	Register address*2 (LSB)	28
5	Change data (MSB)	01
6	Change data (LSB)	F4
7	CRC-16 (MSB)	0D
8	CRC-16 (LSB)	8C

No.	Field name	Example (Hex)
1	Slave address	08
2	Function code	06
3	Register address*2 (MSB)	10
4	Register address*2 (LSB)	28
5	Change data (MSB)	01
6	Change data (LSB)	F4
7	CRC-16 (MSB)	0D
8	CRC-16 (LSB)	8C

^{*1.} There is no response for broadcasting.

Refer to "<Exception Response>" (4-75) if writing into the holding register cannot be performed normally.

<Loopback Test [08h]>

Used to check the communications between master and slave. A random value can be used for test data.

(Example)

Loopback test to the Inverter with the slave address "1"

Query		
No.	Field name	Example (HEX)
1	Slave address *	01
2	Function code	08
3	Test sub code (MSB)	00
4	Test sub code (LSB)	00
5	Data (MSB)	Random
6	Data (LSB)	Random
7	CRC-16 (MSB)	CRC
8	CRC-16 (LSB)	CRC

Response

No.	Field name	Example (HEX)
1	Slave address	01
2	Function code	08
3	Test sub code (MSB)	00
4	Test sub code (LSB)	00
5	Data	Random
6	Data	Random
7	CRC-16 (MSB)	CRC
8	CRC-16 (LSB)	CRC

The test sub code corresponds only with the query data echo (00h, 00h), not any other command.

^{*2.} Note that the holding register start address is "1028h", which is smaller by 1 than the register number "1029h".

^{*} Broadcasting cannot be performed.

<Writing Into Multiple Coils [0Fh]>

Rewrites consecutive multiple coils.

(Example)

Change the status of multi-function input terminals [1] to [5] of the Inverter with the slave address "8".

Refer to the following table for the status of multi-function input terminals [1] to [5].

Multi-function input terminals	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]
Coil No.	7	8	9	10	11
Terminal status	ON	ON	ON	OFF	ON

Query

٠		
No.	Field name	Example (HEX)
1	Slave address *1	08
2	Function code	0F
3	Coil start address (MSB) *3	00
4	Coil start address (LSB) *3	06
5	Number of coils (MSB)	00
6	Number of coils (LSB)	05
7	Number of bytes *2	02
8	Change data (MSB)	17
9	Change data (LSB)	00
10	CRC-16 (MSB)	83
11	CRC-16 (LSB)	EA
	-	

Response

No.	Field name	Example (HEX)
1	Slave address	08
2	Function code	0F
3	Coil start address (MSB) *3	00
4	Coil start address (LSB) *3	06
5	Number of coils (MSB)	00
6	Number of coils (LSB)	05
7	CRC-16 (MSB)	75
8	CRC-16 (LSB)	50

Refer to "<Exception Response>" (4-75) if writing into multiple coils cannot be performed normally.

<Writing into multiple holding registers [10h]>

Writes into consecutive multiple holding registers.

(Example)

Set "3000 seconds" to acceleration time 1 (F002) for the Inverter with the slave address "8". The data resolution of the holding register "1024h, 1015h" of acceleration time 1 (F002) is 0.01 seconds. To set 3000 seconds, set change data to "300000 (000493E0h)".

^{*1.} There is no response for broadcasting.

^{*2.} Since the change data comprises both MSB and LSB as a set, make the byte to be an even number by adding 1, even if the byte which actually needs to be changed is an odd number.

^{*3.} Note that the coil start address is "6", which is smaller by 1 than the coil number "7". The coil addresses for coil numbers from "1 to 31" are "0 to 30".

Query		
No.	Field name	Example (HEX)
1	Slave address *1	08
2	Function code	10
3	Start address (MSB)*3	10
4	Start address (LSB)*3	13
5	Number of holding registers (MSB)	00
6	Number of holding registers (LSB)	02
7	Number of bytes *2	04
8	Change data 1 (MSB)	00
9	Change data 1 (LSB)	04
10	Change data 2 (MSB)	93
11	Change data 2 (LSB)	E0
12	CRC-16 (MSB)	7D
13	CRC-16 (LSB)	53

Response							
No.	Field name	Example (HEX)					
1	Slave address	08					
2	Function code	10					
3	Start address (MSB)	10					
4	Start address (LSB)	13					
5	Number of holding registers (MSB)	00					
6	Number of holding registers (LSB)	02					
7	CRC-16 (MSB)	B4					
8	CRC-16 (LSB)	54					

Refer to "<Exception Response>" below if writing into the multiple holding registers cannot be performed normally.

<Exception Response>

The master requires a response for a query except for broadcasting. Though the Inverter should return a response corresponding with the query, it returns an exception response if the query has an error.

The exception response has a field configuration shown in the following table.

Field Configuration
Slave address
Function code
Exception code
CRC-16

The detailed field configuration is shown on the next page. The function code of the exception response is the value of the query function code with 80h added. The exception code shows the cause of exception response.

^{*1.} There is no response for broadcasting.

^{*2.} Specify the number of bytes to be changed, not the number of holding registers.

^{*3.} Note that the holding register start address is "1013h", which is smaller by 1 than the register number "1014h".

Function code

Query	Exception response
01h	81h
03h	83h
05h	85h
06h	86h
0Fh	8Fh
10h	90h

Exception code

Code	Description
01h	Specified an unsupported function.
02h	Specified address does not exist.
03h	Specified data has an unacceptable format.
21h	Data is out of the Inverter's range for writing into the holding register.
22h	The Inverter does not allow this function. • Attempted to change the register which cannot be changed during operation. • Has issued the enter command during operation (UV). • Has written into the register during trip (UV). • Has written into the register used exclusively for reading.
23h	Has written into the register (coil) used exclusively for reading.

■To Save the Change to the Holding Register (enter command)

Even if using the command to write into the holding register (06h) or into the consecutive holding registers (10h), no change can be saved in the EEPROM memory element of the Inverter. If the Inverter power shuts off without saving any changes, the holding register returns to the status before the changes were made. To save the holding register changes in the Inverter's EEPROM memory element, the "enter command" must be issued according to the following procedure.

To issue the enter command

Write into all memory write (holding register number 0900h) using the writing command into the holding register (06h). In this case, a random value can be written into the holding register (0900h).

Notes:

- The enter command needs considerable time. Monitor the data writing signal (coil number 001Ah) to check whether the data is being written.
- Since the Inverter's EEPROM memory element has a limit on the number of rewrites (approx. 100,000 times), the Inverter life may be shortened if enter commands are frequently used.

■Register Number List

R/W in the list shows whether the coil or holding register accepts reading and/or writing.

R: Read only R/W: Read and write enabled

Coil Number List

Coil No.	Item	R/W	Description
0000h	Not used	_	
0001h	RUN commands	R/W	1: RUN 0: Stop (Enabled when A002 = 03)
0002h	Rotation direction command	R/W	1: Reverse 0: Forward (Enabled when A002 = 03)
0003h	External Trip (EXT)	R/W	1: Trip
0004h	Trip reset (RS)	R/W	1: Reset
0005h	Not used	_	
0006h	Not used	_	
0007h	Multi-function input 1	R/W	1: ON 0: OFF *1
0008h	Multi-function input 2	R/W	1: ON 0: OFF *1
0009h	Multi-function input 3	R/W	1: ON 0: OFF *1
000Ah	Multi-function input 4	R/W	1: ON 0: OFF *1
000Bh	Multi-function input 5	R/W	1: ON 0: OFF *1
000Dh	Not used		
000Eh	Operation status	R	1: RUN 0: Stop (Interlocked with d003)
000Fh	Rotation direction	R	1: Reverse 0: Forward (Interlocked with d003)
0010h	Inverter ready	R	1: Ready 0: Not ready
0011h	Not used	_	
0012h	Not used	_	
0013h	Not used	_	
0014h	Alarm signal	R	1: During trip 0: Normal
0015h	Excessive PID deviation signal	R	1: ON
0016h	Overload warning signal	R	0: OFF

^{*1.} When either the control circuit terminal block or the coil is turned ON, these settings are ON.

The control circuit terminal block has the priority for the multi-function input.

If the master cannot reset the coil ON status due to communication disconnection, turn the control circuit terminal block from ON to OFF in order to turn OFF the coil

^{*2.} The content of a communications error is retained until a fault reset is input. (Available to reset during operation)

Coil No.	Item	R/W	Description
0017h	Frequency arrival signal (Over set frequency)	R	4.00
0018h	Frequency arrival signal (At a constant speed)	R	1: ON 0: OFF
0019h	Signal during RUN	R	
001Ah	Data writing	R	1: Writing 0: Normal
001Bh	CRC error	R	
001Ch	Overrun error	R	
001Dh	Framing error	R	1: Error 0: No error *2
001Eh	Parity error	R	1
001Fh	Check sum error	R	1

^{*1.} When either the control circuit terminal block or the coil is turned ON, these settings are ON.

The control circuit terminal block has the priority for the multi-function input.

If the master cannot reset the coil ON status due to communication disconnection, turn the control circuit terminal block from ON to OFF in order to turn OFF the coil

Holding Register Number List

Register No.	Function name	Parameter No.	R/W Function	Monitor or data range	Resolution
0002h	Frequency reference (Enable when A001 = 03)	_	R/W	0 to 4000	0.1 [Hz]
0003h	Inverter status	_	R	00: Default 01: (Reserved) 02: Stop 03: Run 04: Free-run stop (FRS) 05: Jogging 06: DC injection braking 07: Retry 08: Trip 09: Undervoltage	_
0005h	PID feedback (Enable when A076 = 02)	_	R/W	0 to 1000	0.1 [%]
1002h	Output frequency monitor	d001	R	0 to 4000	0.1 [Hz]
1003h	Output current monitor	d002	R	0 to 2000	0.1 [%]
1004h	Rotation direction monitor	d003	R	00: Stop 01: Forward 02: Reverse	
1005h	PID feedback value monitor	d004 (MSB)	R	0 to 999900	0.01 [%]
1006h	(A075 PID scale)	d004 (LSB)	I.	0 10 333300	0.01[/0]
1007h	Multi-function input monitor	d005	R	0 to 63 Multi-function input status, Bit 0 = [1] to Bit 4 = [5]	_

^{*2.} The content of a communications error is retained until a fault reset is input. (Available to reset during operation)

Register		Parameter	R/W		1	
No.	Function name	No.	Function	Monitor or data range	Resolution	
1008h	Multi-function output monitor	d006	R	0 to 7 Multi-function output status, Bit 0 = [11] Bit 1 = Not used. Bit 2 = [AL2]	_	
1009h	Output frequency monitor	d007 (MSB)	R	0 to 3996000	0.01	
100Ah	(after conversion)	d007 (LSB)				
100Ch	Output voltage monitor	d013	R	0 to 20000	0.01 [%]	
100Eh	Total RUN time	d016 (MSB)	R	0 to 999999	1 [h]	
100Fh		d016 (LSB)				
1010h 1011h	Power ON time monitor	d017 (MSB) d017	R	0 to 999999	1 [h]	
44045		(LSB)	Б	0.4- 0000	0.4.[00]	
116Ah 0011h	Fin temperature monitor Fault frequency monitor	d018 d080	R R	0 to 2000 0 to 65535	0.1 [°C]	
0011h	Fault frequency monitor	u000	R	Trip monitor 1: Factor code		
0012h			R	Trip monitor 1: Frequency	0.1 [Hz]	
0014H		ult monitor 1 d081	R	Trip monitor 1: Trequency	0.1 [12] 0.1 [A]	
0010H				R	Trip monitor 1: Voltage	1. [V]
0017H	Fault monitor 1		R	Trip monitor 1: Run time (MSB)		
0019h			R	Trip monitor 1: Run time (MSB)	1. [h]	
001Ah			R	Trip monitor 1: ON time (MSB)	1. [h]	
0017th			R	Trip monitor 1: ON time (LSB)		
001Ch			R	Trip monitor 2: Factor code	_	
001Eh		<u> </u>	R	Trip monitor 2: Frequency	0.1 [Hz]	
0020h	<u> </u>		R	Trip monitor 2: Current	0.1 [A]	
0021h			R	Trip monitor 2: Voltage	1. [V]	
0022h	Fault monitor 2	d082	R	Trip monitor 2: Run time (MSB)		
0023h			R	Trip monitor 2: Run time (LSB)	1. [h]	
0024h			R	Trip monitor 2: ON time (MSB)		
0025h			R	Trip monitor 2: ON time (LSB)	1. [h]	
0026h				Trip monitor 3: Factor code	_	
0028h			_	Trip monitor 3: Frequency	0.1 [Hz]	
002Ah	Fault monitor 3	d083	R	Trip monitor 3: Current	0.1 [A]	
002Bh				Trip monitor 3: Voltage	1. [V]	
002Ch				Trip monitor 3: Run time (MSB)		
002Dh	Fault manifes 0	-1000	_	Trip monitor 3: Run time (LSB)	1. [h]	
002Eh	Fault monitor 3	d083	R	Trip monitor 3: ON time (MSB)	4 [1-1	
002Fh				Trip monitor 3: ON time (LSB)	1. [h]	
116Ch	DC voltage monitor	d102	R	0 to 9999	0.1 [V]	
116Dh	Electronic thermal monitor	d104	R	0 to 1000	0.1 [%]	
1014h	Acceleration time 1	F002 (MSB)	R/W	1 to 300000 The second decimal place is ignored	0.01 [s]	
1015h		F002 (LSB)	R/W	when the value is over 10000 (100.0 seconds).	0.01[0]	

Register No.	Function name	Parameter No.	R/W Function	Monitor or data range	Resolution
1501h	2nd acceleration time 1	F202 (MSB)	R/W	1 to 300000 The second decimal place is ignored	0.01 [s]
1502h	Zira deceleration time i	F202 (LSB)	R/W	when the value is over 10000 (100.0 seconds).	0.01[0]
1016h	Deceleration time 1	F003 (MSB)	R/W	1 to 300000 The second decimal place is ignored	0.01 [s]
1017h	Description time	F003 (LSB)	R/W	when the value is over 10000 (100.0 seconds).	0.01[0]
1503h	2nd deceleration time 1	F203 (MSB)	R/W	1 to 300000 The second decimal place is ignored	0.01 [s]
1504h		F203 (LSB)	R/W	when the value is over 10000 (100.0 seconds).	
1018h	Operator rotation direction selection	F004	R/W	0: Forward 1: Reverse	_
1019h	Frequency reference selection	A001	R/W	00: Digital Operator (volume) 01: Terminal 02: Digital Operator (F001) 03: ModBus communication 10: Frequency operation result	_
101Ah	RUN command selection	A002	R/W	01: Terminal 02: Digital Operator 03: ModBus communication	
101Bh	Base frequency	A003	R/W	30. to maximum frequency A004	1. [Hz]
150Ch	2nd base frequency	A203	R/W	30. to maximum frequency A204	1. [Hz]
101Ch	Maximum frequency	A004	R/W	30 to 400	1. [Hz]
150Dh	2nd maximum frequency	A204	R/W	30 to 400	1. [Hz]
101Dh	O/OI selection	A005	R/W	02: Switches between O/VR via terminal AT 03: Switches between OI/VR via terminal AT 04: Terminal O 05: Terminal OI	_
1020h	O start frequency	A011	R/W	0 to 4000	0.1 [Hz]
1022h	O end frequency	A012	R/W	0 to 4000	0.1 [Hz]
1023h	O start ratio	A013	R/W	0 to 100	1 [%]
1024h	O end ratio	A014	R/W	0 to 100	1 [%]
1025h	O start selection	A015	R/W	00: Start frequency A011 01: 0 Hz	_
1026h	O, OI sampling	A016	R/W	1 to 17	_
1029h	Multi-step speed reference 0	A020	R/W	0.0/Starting frequency to 4000	0.1 [Hz]
150Fh	2nd multi-step speed reference 0	A220	R/W	0.0/Starting frequency to 4000	0.1 [Hz]
102Bh	Multi-step speed reference 1	A021	R/W		
102Dh	Multi-step speed reference 2	A022	R/W		
102Fh	Multi-step speed reference 3	A023	R/W		
1031h	Multi-step speed reference 4	A024	R/W		
1033h	Multi-step speed reference 5	A025	R/W	0.0/Starting frequency to 4000	0.1 [Hz]
1035h	Multi-step speed reference 6	A026	R/W	- , ,	
1037h	Multi-step speed reference 7	A027	R/W		
1039h	Multi-step speed reference 8	A028	R/W		
103Bh	Multi-step speed reference 9	A029	R/W		
			<u> </u>	1	1

Register No.	Function name	Parameter No.	R/W Function	Monitor or data range	Resolution
103Dh	Multi-step speed reference 10	A030	R/W		
103Fh	Multi-step speed reference 11	A031	R/W		
1041h	Multi-step speed reference 12	A032	R/W	0.0/Starting frequency to 4000	0.4 [U=1
1043h	Multi-step speed reference 13	A033	R/W	o.o.o.curing requertey to 4000	0.1 [Hz]
1045h	Multi-step speed reference 14	A034	R/W		
1047h	Multi-step speed reference 15	A035	R/W		
1048h	Jogging frequency	A038	R/W	0 to 999	0.01 [Hz]
1049h	Jogging stop selection	A039	R/W	00: Free-run stop 01: Deceleration stop 02: DC injection braking stop	
104Ah	Torque boost selection	A041	R/W	00: Manual torque boost only	
1510h	2nd torque boost selection	A241	R/W	01: Simple torque boost	_
104Bh	Manual torque boost voltage	A042	R/W		
1511h	2nd manual torque boost voltage	A242	R/W	0 to 200	0.1 [%]
104Ch	Manual torque boost frequency	A043	R/W	0 to 500	0.1 [%]
1512h	2nd manual torque boost frequency	A243	R/W	0 10 300	0.1[/0]
104Dh	V/f characteristics selection	A044	R/W	00: VC	
1513h	2nd V/f characteristics selection	A244	R/W	01: 1.7th power of VP 06: Special VP	_
104Eh	Output voltage gain	A045	R/W	20 to 100	4 [0/]
1514h	2nd output voltage gain	A245	R/W	20 10 100	1. [%]
1051h	DC injection braking selection	A051	R/W	00: Disabled 01: Enabled during stop 02: Output frequency <a052 db<="" td=""><td>_</td></a052>	_
1052h	DC injection braking frequency	A052	R/W	0 to 600	0.1 [Hz]
1053h	DC injection braking delay time	A053	R/W	0 to 50	0.1 [s]
1054h	DC injection braking power	A054	R/W	0 to 100	1. [%]
1055h	DC injection braking time	A055	R/W	0 to 600	0.1 [s]
1056h	DC injection braking method selection	A056	R/W	00: Edge operation 01: Level operation	_
105Ah	Frequency upper limit	A061	R/W	0.0/Frequency lower limit : A062 x 10 to Maximum frequency : A004 x 10	0.1 [Hz]
1517h	2nd frequency upper limit	A261	R/W	0.0/2nd frequency lower limit : A262 x 10 to 2nd max. frequency : A204 x 10	0.1 [Hz]
105Bh	Frequency lower limit	A062	R/W	0.0/Starting frequency : b082 × 10 to Frequency upper limit : A061 × 10	0.1 [Hz]
1518h	2nd frequency lower limit	A262	R/W	0.0/Starting frequency : b082 x 10 to 2nd frequency upper limit : A261x10	0.1 [Hz]

Register	Function name	Parameter	R/W	Monitor or data range	Resolution
No. 105Dh		No.	Function	ge	
105Dh 1060h	Jump frequency 1 Jump frequency 2	A063, A065,	R/W	0 to 4000	0.1 [Hz]
1063h	Jump frequency 3	A067	1011		0.1 [1.12]
105Eh	Jump frequency width 1	A064,			
1061h	Jump frequency width 2	A066,	R/W	0 to 100	0.1 [Hz]
1064h	Jump frequency width 3	A068		00 8: 11	
1068h	PID selection	A071	R/W	00: Disabled 01: Enabled	_
1069h	PID P gain	A072	R/W	2 to 50	0.1
106Ah	PID I gain	A073	R/W	0 to 1500	0.1 [s]
106Bh	PID D gain	A074	R/W	0 to 1000	0.1 [s]
106Ch	PID scale	A075	R/W	1 to 9999	0.01
106Dh	PID feedback selection	A076	R/W	00: Feedback (OI) 01: Feedback (O) 02: External communication 10: Operation function output	
106Eh	Reverse PID function	A077	R/W	00: OFF (Deviation = Target value - Feedback value) 01: ON (Deviation = Feedback value - Target value)	
106Fh	PID output limit function	A078	R/W	0 to 1000	0.1 [%]
		7.0.0		00: Always ON	011 [70]
1070h	AVR selection	A081	R/W	01: Always OFF	_
				02: OFF during deceleration	
1071h	AVR voltage selection	A082	R/W	200-V class 0: 200 1: 215 2: 220 3: 230 4: 240 400-V class 0: 380 1: 400 2: 415 3: 440 4: 460 5: 480	
1072h	RUN mode selection	A085	R/W	00: Normal operation 01: Energy-saving operation	_
1073h	Energy-saving response/ accuracy adjustment	A086	R/W	0 to 1000	0.1 [%]
1074h	Acceleration time 2	A092 (MSB)	R/W	1 to 300000 The second decimal place is ignored	0.01 [s]
1075h	7.000001au011 ui116 Z	A092 (LSB)	R/W	when the value is over 10000 (100.0 seconds).	0.01 [8]
1519h	2nd acceleration time 2	A292 (MSB)	R/W	1 to 300000 The second decimal place is ignored	0.01 [s]
151Ah	Zita accoloration time 2	A292 (LSB)	R/W	when the value is over 10000 (100.0 seconds).	0.01[3]

Register No.	Function name	Parameter No.	R/W Function	Monitor or data range	Resolution
1076h	Deceleration time 2	A093 (MSB)	R/W	1 to 300000 The second decimal place is ignored	0.01 [s]
1077h	Description time 2	A093 (LSB)	R/W	when the value is over 10000 (100.0 seconds).	0.01 [5]
151Bh	2nd deceleration time 2	A293 (MSB)	R/W	1 to 300000 The second decimal place is ignored	0.01 [s]
151Ch		A293 (LSB)	R/W	when the value is over 10000 (100.0 seconds).	0.01 [0]
1078h	2-step acceleration/ deceleration selection	A094	R/W	00: Switched via terminal 2CH	
151Dh	2nd 2-step acceleration/ deceleration selection	A294	R/W	01: Switched by setting	_
107Ah	2-step acceleration frequency	A095	R/W	0 to 4000	0.1 [Hz]
151Fh	2nd 2-step acceleration frequency	A295	R/W	0 10 4000	0.1 [112]
107Ch	2-step deceleration frequency	A096	R/W	0 to 4000	0.1 [Hz]
1521h	*2nd 2-step deceleration frequency	A296	R/W	0 10 4000	0.1 [112]
107Dh	Acceleration pattern selection	A097	R/W	00: Line 01: S-shape curve	_
107Eh	Deceleration pattern selection	A098	R/W	00: Line 01: S-shape curve	_
1080h	OI start frequency	A101	R/W	0 to 4000	0.1 [Hz]
1082h	OI end frequency	A102	R/W	0 to 4000	0.1 [Hz]
1083h	OI start ratio	A103	R/W	0 to 100	1. [%]
1084h	OI end ratio	A104	R/W	0 to 100	1. [%]
1085h	OI start selection	A105	R/W	00: Start frequency A101 01: 0 Hz	_
108Eh	Operation frequency input A setting	A141	R/W	00: Digital Operator (F001) 01: Digital Operator (volume) 02: Input O	
108Fh	Operation frequency input B setting	A142	R/W	03: Input OI 03: Input OI 04: RS485 communications	
1090h	Operator selection	A143	R/W	00: Addition (A + B) 01: Subtraction (A – B) 02: Multiplication (A × B)	_
1091h	Frequency addition amount	A145	R/W	0 to 4000	0.1 [Hz]
1093h	Frequency addition direction	A146	R/W	00: Adds the A145 value to the output frequency 01: Subtract A145 value from output frequency	_
1095h	VR start frequency	A151	R/W	0 to 4000	0.1 [Hz]
1093h	VR end frequency	A152	R/W	0 to 4000	0.1 [Hz]
1097H	VR start ratio	A153	R/W	0 to 100	1. [%]
1099h	VR end ratio	A153	R/W	0 to 100	1. [%]
1099h	VR start selection	A155	R/W	0, 1	-
103/411	VIX Start Sciention	7100	17/77	U, 1	_

Register No.	Function name	Parameter No.	R/W Function	Monitor or data range	Resolution
10A5h	Retry selection	b001	R/W	00: Alarm 01: 0 Hz start 02: Frequency matching restart 03: Trip after frequency matching deceleration stop	_
10A6h	Allowable momentary power interruption time	b002	R/W	3 to 250	0.1 [s]
10A7h	Retry wait time	b003	R/W	3 to 1000	0.1 [s]
10A8h	Momentary power interruption/undervoltage trip during stop selection	b004	R/W	00: Disabled 01: Enabled	_
10A9h	Momentary power interruption retry time selection	b005	R/W	00: 16 times 01: No limit	
1170h	Starting frequency at Active Frequency Matching restart	b011	R/W	00: Frequency at interruption 01: Max. frequency 02: Set frequency	_
10ADh	Electronic thermal level	b012	R/W	2000 to 10000	0.01 [%]
1527h	2nd electronic thermal level	b212	R/W	Set the rated current to 10000	0.01[/0]
10AEh	Electronic thermal characteristics selection	b013	R/W	00: Reduced torque characteristics 1 01: Constant torque characteristics	_
1528h	2nd electronic thermal characteristics selection	b213	R/W	02: Reduced torque characteristics 2	_
10B5h	Overload limit selection	b021	R/W	00: Disabled	_
1529h	2nd overload limit selection	b221	R/W	O1: Enabled in acceleration/constant speed operation O2: Enabled in constant speed operation	_
10B6h	Overload limit level	b022	R/W	2000 to 15000	0.01 [%]
152Ah	2nd overload limit level	b222	R/W	Set the rated current to 10000	0.01[/0]
10B7h	Overload limit parameter	b023	R/W	1 to 300	0.1 [s]
152Bh	2nd overload limit parameter	b223	R/W		0[0]
10BBh	Overload limit source selection	b028	R/W	00: Set values in b022 01: Input O terminal	_
152Ch	2nd overload limit source selection	b228	R/W	00: Set values in b222 01: Input O terminal	_
1171h	Deceleration rate constant at Active Frequency Matching restart	b029	R/W	1 to 30000	0.1 [s]
1172h	Active Frequency Matching restart level	b030	R/W	200 to 20000	0.01 [%]
10BCh	Soft lock selection	b031	R/W	 00: Data other than b031 cannot be changed when terminal SFT is ON. 01: Data other than b031 and the specified frequency parameter cannot be changed when terminal SFT is ON. 02: Data other than b031 cannot be changed. 03: Data other than b031 and the specified frequency parameter cannot be changed. 10: Data other than parameters changeable during operation cannot be changed. 	_

Register	T	Parameter	R/W	T	
No.	Function name	No.	Function	Monitor or data range	Resolution
10C9h	Selection of non-stop function at momentary power interruption	b050	R/W	00: Disabled 01: Enabled (Stop) 02: Enabled (Restart)	_
10CAh	Starting voltage of non-stop function at momentary power interruption	b051	R/W	0 to 10000	0.1 [V]
10CBh	Stop deceleration level of non-stop function at momentary power interruption	b052	R/W	0 to 10000	0.1 [V]
10CCh	Deceleration time of non- stop function at momentary power interruption	b053	R/W	1 to 30000	0.1 [s]
10CEh	Deceleration starting width of non-stop function at momentary power interruption	b054	R/W	0 to 100	0.1 [Hz]
1173h	Overvoltage protection proportional gain during deceleration	b055	R/W	2 to 50	0.1
1174h	Overvoltage protection integral time during deceleration	b056	R/W	0 to 1500	0.1 [s]
10CFh	AM adjustment	b080	R/W	0 to 255	_
10D1h	Starting frequency	b082	R/W	5 to 99	0.1 [Hz]
10D2h	Carrier frequency	b083	R/W	20 to 120	0.1 [kHz]
10D3h	Initialization selection	b084	R/W	00: Clears the trip monitor 01: Initializes data 02: Clears the trip monitor and initializes data	_
10D4h	Initialization parameter selection	b085	R/W	00: Fixed *Do not change.	_
10D5h	Frequency conversion coefficient	b086	R/W	1 to 999	0.1
10D6h	STOP key selection	b087	R/W	00: Enabled 01: Disabled	_
10D7h	Free-run stop selection	b088	R/W	00: 0 Hz start 01: Active Frequency Matching restart	_
10D8h	Monitor display selection	b089	R/W	01: Output frequency monitor 02: Output current monitor 03: Rotation direction monitor 04: PID feedback value monitor 05: Multi-function input monitor 06: Multi-function output monitor 07: Frequency conversion monitor	_
10DAh	Stop selection	b091	R/W	00: Deceleration→Stop 01: Free-run stop	_
10DBh	Cooling fan control	b092	R/W	00: Always ON 01: ON during RUN 02: Depends on the fin temperature	_
10F5h	Overvoltage LAD stop function	b130	R/W	00: Disabled 01: Enabled	_
10F6h	Overvoltage LAD stop function level setting	b131	R/W	200-V class: 330 to 395, 400-V class: 660 to 790	1. [V]

Register No.	Function name	Parameter No.	R/W Function	Monitor or data range	Resolution
1176h	Overvoltage protection function selection during deceleration	b133	R/W	00: Disabled 01: Enabled	_
1177h	Overvoltage protection level setting during deceleration	b134	R/W	200-V class: 330. to 395. 400-V class: 660. to 790.	1. [V]
10F7h	Overcurrent suppression function	b140	R/W	00: Disabled 01: Enabled	_
10F8h	Automatic carrier reduction	b150	R/W	00: Disabled 01: Enabled	_
10F9h	Ready function selection	b151	R/W	00: RDY disabled 01: RDY enabled	_
1103h	Multi-function input 1 selection	C001	R/W		
1532h	2nd multi-function input 1 selection	C201	R/W		
1104h	Multi-function input 2 selection	C002	R/W	00: FW/01: RV/02: CF1/03: CF2/04:	
1533h	2nd multi-function input 2 selection	C202	R/W	CF3/05: CF4/06: JG/07: DB/08: SET/09: 2CH/11: FRS/12: EXT/13: USP/15: SFT/	
1105h	Multi-function input 3 selection	C003	R/W	16: AT/18: RS/19: PTC terminal 5 only/ 20: STA/21: STP/22: F/R/23: PID/24:	_
1534h	2nd multi-function input 3 selection	C203	R/W	PIDC/27: UP/28: DWN/29: UDC/31: OPE/50: ADD/51: F-TM/52: RDY/53:	
1106h	Multi-function input 4 selection	C004	R/W	SP-SET/64: EMR(automatically allocated to terminal 3 if enabled)/255: NO	
1535h	2nd multi-function input 4 selection	C204	R/W	NO	
1107h	Multi-function input 5 selection	C005	R/W		
1536h	2nd multi-function input 5 selection	C205	R/W		
110Bh	Multi-function input 1 operation selection	C011	R/W		
110Ch	Multi-function input 2 operation selection Multi-function input 3	C012	R/W	00: NO	
110Dh	operation selection Multi-function input 4	C013	R/W	01: NC	_
110Eh 110Fh	operation selection Multi-function input 5	C014 C015	R/W R/W		
HUFII	operation selection	C015	R/VV		
1114h	Multi-function output terminal 11 selection	C021	R/W	00: RUN/01: FA1/02: FA2/03: OL/04: OD/05: AL/06: Dc/07: FBV/08: NDc/09:	_
1119h	Relay output (AL2, AL1) function selection	C026	R/W	LOG/10: ODc(Do not use.)/43: LOC	
111Bh	AM selection	C028	R/W	00: F (Output frequency) 01: A (Output current)	_
111Dh	Multi-function output terminal 11 contact selection	C031	R/W	00: NO 01: NC	_
1122h	Relay output (AL2, AL1) contact selection	C036	R/W	00: NO 01: NC	_

Register	Function name	Parameter	R/W	Monitor or data range	Resolution
No.	T diletion flame	No.	Function		resolution
44701-	Light load signal output	0000	DAA	00: Enabled during acceleration/	
1178h	mode	C038	R/W	deceleration/constant speed 01: Enabled only during constant speed	_
				0 to 20000	
1179h	Light load detection level	C039	R/W	Set to10000 at rated current	0.01 [%]
1124h	Overload warning level	C041	R/W	0 to 20000	
153Ah	2nd overload warning level	C241	R/W	Set to10000 at rated current	0.01 [%]
	Arrival frequency during			0.1.1000	0.451.1
1126h	acceleration	C042	R/W	0 to 4000	0.1 [Hz]
1128h	Arrival frequency during	C043	R/W	0 to 4000	0.1 [Hz]
112011	deceleration	C043	17/ / /	0 10 4000	0.1 [112]
1129h	PID deviation excessive	C044	R/W	0 to 1000	0.1 [%]
	level				
112Eh	PID FB upper limit	C052	R/W	0 to 1000	0.1 [%]
112Fh	PID FB lower limit	C053	R/W	0 to 1000	0.1 [%]
1137h	Operator/ModBus selection	C070			
44001-	Communication speed	0074			
1138h	selection (Baud rate selection)	C071			
	Communication station No.				
1139h	selection	C072	_		
	Communication parity			Do not change through ModBus	
113Bh	selection	C074	_	communication. For setting, refer to	_
112Ch	Communication stop bit	C075		"ModBus Setting" (4-65).	
113Ch	selection	C075			
113Dh	Communication error	C076			
TTODIT	selection	0070			
113Eh	Communication error	C077			
	timeout				
113Fh	Communication wait time	C078	— D///	0.10000	0.4.50/3
1141h	O adjustment	C081	R/W	0 to 2000	0.1 [%]
1142h 1145h	OI adjustment	C082	R/W	0 to 2000	0.1 [%]
114511	AM offset adjustment	C086	R/W	0 to 100	0.1 [V]
	Not used	C091	— D/M	Do not change.	_
1149h	UP/DWN selection	C101	R/W	00: OFF/01: ON	_
				00: Trip reset at power-on 01: Trip reset when the power is OFF	
114Ah	Reset selection	C102	R/W	02: Enabled only during trip (Reset when	_
				the power is ON.)	
				. ,	
1150h	Logic operation function A	C141	R/W	00: RUN/01: FA1/02: FA2/03: OL/04:	
	input			OD/05: AL/06: Dc/07: FBV/08: NDc/10:	_
44541	Logic operation function B	0440	D 04/	ODc(Do not use.)/43: LOC	
1151h	input	C142	R/W		
1152h	Logic operator selection	C143	R/W	00: AND/01: OR/02: XOR	_
1153h	Output terminal 11 ON delay	C144	R/W	0 to 1000	
1154h	Output terminal 11 OFF	·		1	
	delay				0.1 [s]
1157h	Relay output ON delay	C148	R/W	0 to 1000	
1158h	Relay output OFF delay	C149	R/W	0 to 1000	

Register No.	Function name	Parameter No.	R/W Function	Monitor or data range	Resolution
1165h	Motor capacity selection	H003	R/W	00: 0.2/02: 0.4/04: 0.75/ 06: 1.5/07: 2.2/09: 3.7/ 11: 5.5/12: 7.5	_
1541h	2nd motor capacity selection	H203	R/W	00: 0.2/02: 0.4/04: 0.75/ 06: 1.5/07: 2.2/09: 3.7/ 11: 5.5/12: 7.5	_
1166h	Motor pole number selection	H004	R/W	2/4/6/8	1 [pole]
1542h	2nd motor pole number selection	H204	R/W	2/4/6/8	1 [pole]
1168h	Stabilization parameter	H006	R/W	0. to 255.	1. [%]
1544h	2nd stabilization parameter	H206	R/W	0. to 255.	1. [%]
0900h	Enter command	_	W	Indefinite value	_

Chapter 5

Maintenance Operations

5-1	Special Display List (Error Codes)	5-2
5-2	Troubleshooting	5-6

5-1 Special Display List (Error Codes)

Error Code List

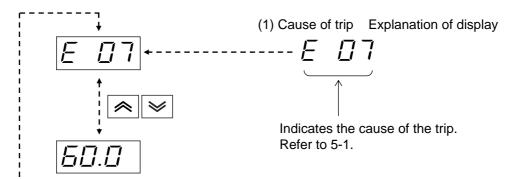
Name	Description		Display on Digital Operator
	If the motor is restrained, or rapidly accelerated or	Constant speed	E 0 1
Overcurrent trip	decelerated, a large current flows through the Inverter, which may result in breakdown.	Deceleration	E 02
	To avoid this, an overcurrent protection circuit works to shut off the Inverter output.	Acceleration	E 03
		Others	E 04
Overload trip	If an Inverter output current is detected and the motor an electronic thermal inside the Inverter operates to sh Inverter output. •After a trip occurs, normal operation is restored in 1 resetting the Inverter.	nut off the	E 05
Overvoltage trip	If the incoming voltage and regenerative energy from the high, a protection circuit works to shut off the Inverter o voltage on the converter exceeds the specified level.		E 07
EEPROM error	Shuts off the output if an error occurs in the EEPROM Inverter due to external noise and abnormal temperature. Check the set data again if the E B error occur of the power is shut off during data initialization, an error E B may occur when the power is next two off the power after completing data initialization.	E 08	
Undervoltage trip	Shuts off the output if the incoming voltage drops below level, causing the control circuit not to work properly dismomentary power interruption.	E 09	
CPU error	Shuts off the output if the internal CPU has malfunction old the multi-function output terminal (relay terminal) (alarm), the signal may not be output during the Clerror Fig. 1.1. In this case, no data is stored in the output terminal. Again, no data is stored.	EII	
External trip	If an error occurs in the external equipment or devices receives the signal, and the output is shut off. (Available with the external trip function selected)	E 12	
USP trip	Appears if the Inverter is turned on with the RUN cominput. (Available with the USP function selected) •If an undervoltage trip © © Occurs with the US turned ON, a USP trip © Occurs after a trip ragain to release the trip.	P terminal	E 13

Name	Description	Display on Digital Operator
Ground fault trip	Shuts off the output if a ground fault between the Inverter output unit and the motor is detected when turning on the power. •The ground fault trip annot be released with the reset input. Shut off the power and check the wiring.	E 14
Incoming overvoltage trip	Appears if the incoming voltage has remained high for 100 seconds while the Inverter output is stopped.	E 15
Temperature error	Shuts off the output if the temperature has risen in the main circuit due to malfunction of the cooling fan or other reasons.	E 21
Driver error	Shuts off the output if overcurrent is detected in the main circuit.	E 30
Thermistor error	While the thermistor input function is used, this detects the resistance of the external thermistor and shuts off the Inverter output.	E 35
Emergency shutoff	With the emergency shutoff selected (DIP switch on the control board SW8 = ON), this error appears when an emergency shutoff signal is input from multi-function input terminal 3.	E 37
Communications error	Occurs when the communication watchdog timer times out.	E 60

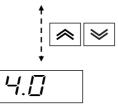
Other Displays

Name	Description	Display on Digital Operator
Reset	Appears with the [RS] terminal turned ON or during initialization.	·, ·, ·, ·, , · ·, ·, ·, ·
Undervoltage standby	Appears when the Inverter is in the undervoltage standby condition or with the power shut off.	
Restart during momentary power interruption Restart during trip	The restart function is in operation.	0000
Setting initialization	Appears while the set values are being initialized.	·
Trip monitor initialization	Appears while the trip monitor is being initialized.	', HE
No data	Appears if no data exists. (Trip monitor)	
Communications error	Appears if an error occurs between the Digital Operator and the Inverter.	

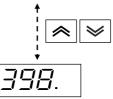
Trip Monitor Display



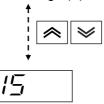
(2) Output frequency (Hz) when the trip occurred



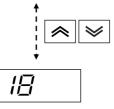
(3) Output current (A) when the trip occurred



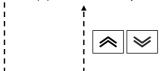
(4) DC voltage (V) between P and N when the trip occurred



(5) Total time of operation before the trip



(6) Total time of power distribution before the trip



5-2 Troubleshooting

Si	tuation	Possible cause	Remedy
The motor doesn't work.	No voltage observed for Inverter outputs U/T1, V/T2, and W/T3.	 Is the A001 setting (frequency reference selection) correct? Is the A002 setting (RUN command selection) correct? 	Check the A001 setting. Check the A002 setting.
	W.16.	Is power supplied to terminals R/L1, S/L2, and T/L3? If so, the POWER LED indicator should light up.	Check the connections of terminals R/L1, S/L2, T/L3 and U/T1, V/T2, W/T3. Turn on the power.
		Does the display show "E **"?	Press the Mode key to confirm the status, and then reset.
		 Is the allocation of the multi-function input correct? Is the RUN key (RUN command) turned on? Are FW (or RV) input and terminal L or PCS connected? 	 Check the allocation of the multifunction inputs: C001 to C005 Turn on the RUN key (RUN command). Connect FW (or RV) input to terminal L or PCS.
		 Is the frequency set with F001 selected? Is the potentiometer connected to terminals H/O/L? 	 Press the key to set the frequency. If terminal mode is selected, set the potentiometer to H/O/L.
		Are RS and FRS inputs still turned on?	Turn off these inputs.
	Voltage observed for Inverter outputs U/T1, V/T2, and W/T3.	Is the motor restrained?Or is it overloaded?	Release the restraint and reduce the load. Operate the motor separately.
Motor rotation is in reverse.		 Are output terminals U/T1, V/T2, and W/T3 correct? Is the phase sequence of the motor U/T1, V/T2, W/T3, and is the rotation in forward or reverse? 	Connect according to the motor phase sequence. (Generally, the sequence is U/T1, V/T2, and W/T3 in forward.)
		 Is the control circuit terminal correct? Is F004 set correctly in the motor rotation direction selection via the Digital Operator? 	Select FW for forward and RV for reverse.
Motor rotation speed does not rise.		Does not rise even after the frequency setting unit is turned on with correct wiring.	Replace the frequency setting unit.
		Is the motor overloaded?	 Reduce the load. Motor rpm becomes lower than the set value due to the limit function if overloaded.

Si	tuation	Possible cause	Remedy
Rotation is unstable.		 Is the load too variable? Is the power voltage variable? Is this situation observed at a specific frequency?	 Increase the capacity of both the motor and Inverter. Reduce the variation. Finely adjust the output frequency.
Motor rotation doesn't match.		Is the maximum frequency setting correct?	 Check the V/F pattern according to the motor specifications. Check the transmission gear ratio.
Data value is abnormal.	Does not change with data set.	After changing the data using the Increment/Decrement key, the Enter key was not pressed before the power was turned off.	Input data again and press the Enter key.
		Was the power turned off within 6 seconds of changing the data and pressing the Enter key?	Wait 6 seconds or more after changing data and pressing the Enter key before power off
Data would not change.	 Frequency would not change. Can neither operate nor stop. 	Is the selection between operator and terminal modes correct?	Check the selections of the setting modes of A001 and A002.
	Cannot change data.	 Is the soft lock activated? Is the soft lock (data: 02 and 03) set in soft lock selection b031? Is it tripped? 	 Reset the SFT terminal. Set b031 to 00 or 01. Turn off the switch. Reset the trip.

Notes on Data Setting:

Wait 6 seconds or more after changing data and pressing the Enter key to store it. The data may not be set correctly if you operate any key, perform the reset, or disconnect the power supply within 6 seconds.

Chapter 6

Inspection and Maintenance

6-1	Inspection and Maintenance	6-2
6-2	Storage	6-8

6-1 Inspection and Maintenance

∕!\ WARNING



Do not remove the front cover during the power supply and 5 minutes after the power shutoff. Doing so may result in a serious injury due to an electric shock.



Do not change wiring, mode change switches (S7, S8), optional devices or replace cooling fans while the input power is being supplied.

Doing so may result in a serious injury due to an electric shock.

⚠ CAUTION



Do not touch the Inverter fins, braking resistors and the motor, which become too hot during the power supply and for some time after the power shutoff. Doing so may result in a burn.



Do not dismantle, repair or modify the product. Doing so may result in an injury.

Safety Information

■ Maintenance and Inspection

•Be sure to confirm safety before conducting maintenance, inspection or parts replacement.

Precautions for Use

■Operation Stop Command

- Provide a separate emergency stop switch because the STOP key on the Digital Operator is valid only when function settings are performed.
- •When checking a signal during the power supply and the voltage is erroneously applied to the control input terminals, the motor may start abruptly. Be sure to confirm safety before checking a signal.

■Product Disposal

• Comply with the local ordinance and regulations when disposing of the product.

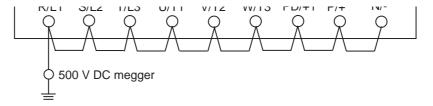
General Precautions

- Always keep the Inverter and area clean to prevent dust from entering.
- Take utmost care not to have the wires disconnected or connected wrongly. Tightly fix the terminals and connectors.
- Do not expose the electronic device to humidity, oil, dust and/or iron powder or shavings. Doing so may damage the insulation and result in an accident.
- Do not pull on the cables in connecting/disconnecting the connectors (cooling fan and control PCB cables). Doing so may result in fire or injury due to cable damage.

Inspection Item

- Daily inspection
- Periodic inspection (about every year)
- Insulation resistance test (about every two years)
- Megger test

Short-circuit the terminals as below to conduct the test.



* For JX-AB \(\subseteq \subseteq's \) terminal symbols, R/L1 corresponds to L1, S/L2 to L2, and T/L3 to N/L3.

- Make sure that the resistance between the main circuit terminal and ground is 5 M Ω or more at 500 V DC megger.
- Do not conduct a withstand voltage test on any part of the Inverter. Doing so may result in the deterioration of parts.
- *To shorten non-operation time, we recommend always keeping a spare Inverter ready.

■Daily Inspection and Periodic Inspection

Inspection part	Inspection item	Inspection point	Inspection period		Inspection method	Criteria	Standard replacement	Meter
-			Daily	Periodic	metriod		period	
General	Ambient environment	Check ambient temperature, as well as checking for humidity, dust, hazardous gases, oil mist, etc.	√		Monitoring, visual inspection	Ambient temperature -10°C to +40°C With no freezing Ambient humidity 20% to 90% With no condensation		Thermometer
	Entire device	Check that there are no abnormal vibrations or sounds.	√		Visual or acoustic inspection		_	
	Power supply voltage	Check that the main circuit voltage is normal.	✓		Voltage measureme nt between terminals R/ L1, S/L2 and T/L3 on the Inverter terminal block.	The following conditions must be satisfied: (200-V class) 200 to 240 V 50/60 Hz (400-V class) 380 to 480 V 50/60 Hz		Tester
Main circuit	General	Insulation resistance test (between main circuit terminal and ground terminal)		√	Megger check (Refer to 6- 3.)	5 M Ω min.		500 V DC megger
		Check that the screws are not loose.		✓	Tighten securely	Tightening torque (excluding terminal block) • M 3.5: 0.8 N•m • M 4 : 1.2 N•m • M 5 : 3.0 N•m	_	
		Check that no part has indications of overheating.		✓	Visual inspection			
	Terminal block	Check that there is no damage.		√	Visual inspection	No faults		
	Smoothing capacitor	Check that there is no liquid leakage. Check that the safety valve has not come out. Check that there are no bulges.			Visual inspection	No faults	*1	

^{*1.} The life of the capacitor depends on ambient temperatures. Refer to the product life curve in Appendix-2. When the capacitor stops operating at the end of the product's life, the Inverter must be replaced.

^{*2.} Clean the Inverter periodically. Accumulated dust in or on the cooling fan or heat sink can cause the Inverter to overheat.

Inspection part	Inspection item		Inspection point	Inspection period		Inspection method	Criteria	Standard replacement	Meter
P				Daily	Periodic	mounou		period	
Main circuit	Relay termina block	ıl	Check that there is no abnormal sound during operation.		✓	Acoustic inspection	No faults	_	
	Resisto	r	Check that there are no large fissures or discoloration in the resistance insulation.		√	Visual inspection	No faults	_	Tester
	Cooling	ı fan	Check that there are no abnormal vibrations or sounds. Check that there is no dirt or dust.*2 Check that the fan is			Rotate manually when the power is off. Visual inspection Visual	Smooth rotation	2 to 3 years	
			mounted correctly.			inspection			
Control circuit	Operation check		Check the balance of output voltage levels between phases in single Inverter run.		√	Measure the phase- to-phase voltage between Inverter output terminals U/ T1, V/T2, and W/T3.	Voltage difference between phases 2% max.		Digital multimeter Rectifier Voltmeter
			Check that there are no errors in trip detection and the display circuit throughout the operation of sequence protection.		✓	Simulate the Inverter trip circuit output Ex) Use an external trip etc.	Operates with no faults	_	
	Parts check (including PCB)	General	Check that there are no abnormal odors or discoloration. Check that there is no significant rusting.		✓	Visual inspection	No faults	_	_
		Capacitor	Check that there is no liquid leakage or deformation.	√		Visual inspection		*1	_

^{*1.} The life of the capacitor depends on ambient temperatures. Refer to the product life curve in Appendix-2. When the capacitor stops operating at the end of the product's life, the Inverter must be replaced.

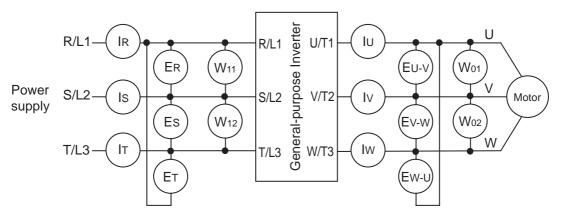
^{*2.} Clean the Inverter periodically. Accumulated dust in or on the cooling fan or heat sink can cause the Inverter to overheat.

Inspection part	Inspection item	Inspection point		ection	Inspection method	Criteria	Standard replacement	Meter
			Daily	Periodic			period	
Display	Digital Operator	Check that the display is clear. Check that there are no missing parts. Check that the LED indicators are lit properly.	✓ ✓ ✓		Visual inspection	Normal operation Display can be read	_	_

^{*1.} The life of the capacitor depends on ambient temperatures. Refer to the product life curve in Appendix-2. When the capacitor stops operating at the end of the product's life, the Inverter must be replaced.

Measurement Methods of I/O Voltage, Current, and Electric Power

Below are general measurement devices for I/O voltage, current, and electric power. Measure effective values of fundamental wave for voltage, and all effective values for electric power.



Measurement item	Measurement point	Measurement device	Note	Measurement value reference
Power supply voltage	Phase-to-phase voltage between R-S, S-T, and T-R (ER) (ES) (ET)	Moving-iron voltmeter or Rectifier voltmeter	Effective value of fundamental wave	Commercial current (200-V class) 200 to 240 V, 50/60 Hz (400-V class) 380 to 480 V, 50/60 Hz
Power supply current I _I	Current R, S, T (IR) (IS) (IT)	Moving iron ammeter	All effective values	
Input electric power W _I	Between R-S, S-T (W11) + (W12)	Electrodynamic wattmeter	All effective values	Two-wattmeter method

^{*2.} Clean the Inverter periodically. Accumulated dust in or on the cooling fan or heat sink can cause the Inverter to overheat.

Measurement item	Measurement point	Measurement device	Note	Measurement value reference
Input power factor Pf _I				
Output voltage E _O	Between U-V, V-W, W-U (EU) (EV) (EW)	—► Rectifier voltmeter	All effective values	
Output current I _O	Current U, V, W (IU) (IV) (IW)	Moving-iron voltmeter	All effective values	
Output electric power W _O	Between U-V, V-W (W01) + (W02)	Electrodynamic wattmeter	All effective values	Two-wattmeter method
Output power factor Pf _O	Calculated from the meast and output electric power	put current I _O ,		

Note 1: For voltage, use a measurement device that displays effective values of fundamental wave. For current and electric power, use a measurement device that displays all effective values.

Note 2: The Inverter output waveform, under PWM control, may have a margin of error, especially at a low frequency.

Use the above measurement devices and methods to ensure accuracy.

Note 3: General-purpose testers are not applicable for measurement in many cases.

6-2 Storage

Ensure the following conditions when storing the Inverter temporarily or for a long term after purchase.

• Ensure the following conditions when storing the Inverter temporarily for transportation.

Storage temperature : -20°C to 60°C Humidity : 20% to 90% RH

(Without condensation or freezing due to rapid temperature change)

- Do not store this unit in a place with dust, direct sunshine, corrosive gas, or combustible gas.
- The Inverter's smoothing capacitor characteristics will deteriorate if left unused for a long time, even with no power distribution, which will shorten its life.

Chapter 7

Specifications

7-1	Standard Specification List	. 7-2
7-2	Measurement Method of Output Voltage	. 7-6
7-3	Dimensional Drawing	. 7-7
7-4	Options	. 7-13

7-1 Standard Specification List

■3-phase 200-V Class

	Item					3-phase 2	00-V class	;				
Mod	del name	(JX-)	A2002	A2004	A2007	A2015	A2022	A2037	A2055	A2075		
Applicable		kW	0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5		
capacit	ty *1	HP	1/4	1/2	1	2	3	5	7.5	10		
Rated o	utput	200V	0.4	0.9	1.3	2.4	3.4	5.5	8.3	11.0		
capacity	(kVA)	240 V	0.5	1.0	1.6	2.9	4.1	6.6	9.9	13.3		
Rate	ed input vo	oltage		3-phase (3-wire) 20	0 V -15% 1	o 240 V +	10%, 50/6	0 Hz ±5%			
I	Built-in filter			-								
Rated	input curi	rent (A)	1.8	3.4	5.2	9.3	13.0	20.0	30.0	40.0		
Rated	output vo	Itage *2	3-phase: 200 to 240 V (Proportional to input voltage)									
Rated	output cur	rrent (A)	1.4	2.6	4.0	7.1	10.0	15.9	24.0	32.0		
,	Weight [ko	9]	0.8 0.9 1.1 2.2 2.4 2.4 4.2						4.2			
Co	ooling met	hod	9	Self-cooling	9		Ford	ced-air-co	oling	,		
Braking	At short-time deceleration*3 At capacitor feedback			Approx	x. 50%			20% to	Approx. 2	20%		
torque	DC injed	ction braking		Injection braking frequency/time, braking force variable, frequency control available								

■3-phase 400-V Class

	Item				3-ph	ase 400-V	class					
Мо	del name (J	X-)	A4004	A4007	A4015	A4022	A4040	A4055	A4075			
	le motor	kW	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	4.0	5.5	7.5			
capad	city *1	HP	1/2 1		2	3	5	7.5	10			
Rated outp	ut capacity	380 V	0.9	1.6	2.5	3.6	5.6	8.5	10.5			
(k\	/A)	480 V	1.2	2.0	3.1	4.5	7.1	10.8	13.3			
Rate	ed input volt	age	3	3-phase (3-v	vire) 380 V	-15% to 480	V +10%, 50	0/60 Hz ±5%	6			
	Built-in filter		EMC filter (EN61800-3 category C3)									
Rated	d input curre	nt (A)	2.0	3.3	5.0	7.0	11.0	16.5	20.0			
Rated	d output volta	age *2	3-phase: 380 to 480 V (Proportional to input voltage)									
Rated	output curre	ent (A)	1.5	2.5	3.8	5.5	8.6	13.0	16.0			
	Weight [kg]		1.5	1.5 2.3 2.4 2.4 2.4 4				4.2	4.2			
Co	ooling metho	od	Self-c	ooling		For	ced-air-cool	ling				
Braking torque	- At Capacitor recuback			Approx. 50%	6	Approx. 20	0% to 40%	Approx	x. 20%			
lorque	DC injection	on braking	Injection braking frequency/time, braking force variable, frequency control available									

■1-phase 200-V Class

	Item			1-	phase 200-V cla	SS					
Мо	del name (J)	(-)	AB002	AB004	AB007	AB015	AB022				
	ole motor	kW	0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2				
сара	city *1	HP	1/4	1/2	1	2	3				
Rated outp	out capacity	200 V	0.4	0.9	1.3	2.4	3.4				
(k\	VA)	240 V	0.5	1.0	1.6	2.9	4.1				
Rat	ed input volta	age	1-	phase 200 V -15	% to 240 V +10	% 50/60 Hz ±	5%				
	Built-in filter			EMC FILTER (EN61800-3 category C1) Model without Built-in EMC filter is also available							
Rated	d input currer	nt (A)	1.8	3.4	5.2	9.3	13.0				
Rated	d output volta	ge *2	3-phase: 200 to 240 V (Proportional to input voltage)								
Rated	output curre	nt (A)	1.4	2.6	4.0	7.1	10.0				
	Weight [kg]		0.8	0.9	1.5	2.3 2.4					
С	ooling metho	d		Self-cooling		Forced-a	ir-cooling				
Braking	At shor deceler At capacito	ation*3		Approx. 50%		Approx. 2	0% to 40%				
torque	DC injection	n braking	Injection braking frequency/time, braking force variable, frequency control available								

^{*1.} The applicable motor is a 3-phase standard motor. For using any other type, be sure that the rated current does not exceed that of the Inverter.

^{*2.} Output voltage decreases according to the level of the power supply voltage.

^{*3.} The braking torque at the time of capacitor feedback is an average deceleration torque at the shortest deceleration (when it stops from 50 Hz), not a continuous regenerative torque. Also, the average deceleration torque varies depending on the motor loss. The value is reduced in operation at over 50 Hz. Note that no regenerative braking circuit is built into the Inverter. If you need a larger regenerative torque, use the optionally available regenerative braking unit and resistor. The regenerative braking unit should be used only for short-time regeneration.

■Common Specifications

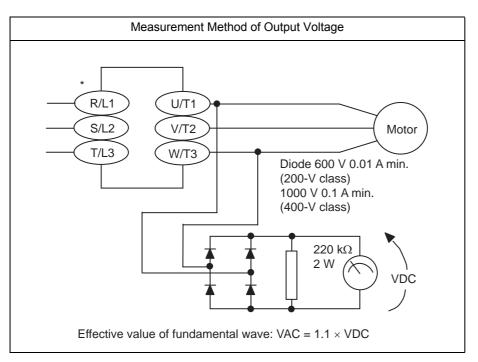
	Item		Specifications						
	Enclosure	rating	Semi-closed (IP20)						
	Control	method	Phase-to-phase sinusoidal modulation PWM						
	Output freque	ency range *1	0.5 to 400 Hz						
	Frequency	precision *2	Digital command: ±0.01% of the max. frequency Analog command: ±0.4% of the max. frequency (25°C ± 10°C)						
		cy setting ution	Digital setting: 0.1 Hz Analog setting: Max. frequency/1000						
Control		requency teristics	V/f characteristics (constant/reduced torque)						
ပိ	Overload cu	urrent rating	150% for 1 min						
	Acceleration/ tin	/Deceleration ne	0.01 to 3000 s (line/curve selection), 2nd acceleration/deceleration setting available						
		requency ion range	2 to 12 kHz						
	DC injection	on braking	Starts at a frequency lower than that in deceleration via the STOP command, at a value set lower than that during operation, or via an external input. (Level and time settable.)						
	Protective fu	inctions	Overcurrent, overvoltage, undervoltage, electronic thermal, temperature error, ground-fault overcurrent at power-on state, overload limit, incoming overvoltage, external trip, memory error, CPU error, USP trip, communication error, overvoltage protection during deceleration, momentary power interruption protection, emergency shutoff						
	Digital Operator	Frequency settings	Setting with the FREQ adjuster and the Increment/Decrement keys on the Digital Operator, variable resistance from 1 to 2 k Ω (2 W), 0 to 10 V DC (input impedance 10 k Ω), 4 to 20 mA (input impedance 250 Ω), communication through an RS-485 port (ModBus communication). (Simultaneous inputs of O/OI are not acceptable. Also, do not connect the signal lines for inputs O and OI simultaneously.						
ıt signal	signal	Forward/ Reverse Run/Stop	Forward/Stop via the RUN and STOP/RESET keys (parameter selection for Forward or Reverse), Reverse/Stop available at the time of multi-function input allocation (selectable from 1NO or 1NC), Run/Stop through external communication.						
Input	Multi-function input		FW (forward), RV (reverse), CF1 to CF4 (multi-step speed setting), JG (jogging), DB (external DC injection braking), SET (2nd function), 2CH (2-step acceleration/deceleration), FRS (free run), EXT (external trip), USP (USP function), SFT (soft lock), AT (analog current input function selection), RS (reset), PTC (thermistor input), STA (3-wire startup), STP (3-wire stop), F/R (3-wire forward/reverse), PID (PID selection), PIDC (PID integral reset), UP (UP of UP/DWN function), DWN (DWN of UP/DWN function), UDC (data clear of UP/DWN function), OPE (forced OPE mode), ADD (frequency addition), F-TM (forced terminal block), RDY (operation ready), SP-SET (special setting), EMR (emergency shutoff)						

	Item	Specifications						
Output signal	Multi-function output	RUN (signal during operation), FA1 (frequency arrival signal), FA2 (over set frequency arrival signal), OL (overload warning signal), OD (PID excess deviation signal), AL (alarm output), DC (analog input disconnection detection signal), FBV (PID FB status output), NDc (network error), LOG (logical operation result), ODc (Do not use.), LOC (light load detection signal)						
Outp	Frequency monitor Analog output (0 to 10 V DC, 1 mA max.), Frequency/Current signals are selectable via the AM output terminal.							
	Relay output	The relay (SPDT contact) outputs signals corresponding to the multi-function output.						
Other functions	jogging operation, carrier for shape acceleration/deceler torque boost, trip monitor,	ristic selection, upper/lower limit, 16-step speeds, starting frequency adjustment, requency adjustment, PID control, frequency jump, analog gain/bias adjustment, S-ration, electronic thermal characteristics/level adjustment, retry function, simplified soft lock function, frequency conversion display, USP function, 2nd control function, WN, overcurrent suppression function						
	Ambient temperature	-10°C to 50°C (Both the carrier frequency and output current need to be reduced at over 40°C.)						
ications	Ambient storage temperature	-20°C to 65°C (short-time temperature during transport)						
ecif	Humidity	20% to 90% RH						
General specifications	Vibration	$5.9~\text{m/s}^2$ (0.6G), 10 to 55 Hz (Complies with the test method specified in JIS C0040 (1999).)						
Ge	Location	At a maximum altitude of 1,000 m; indoors (without corrosive gases or dust)						
	Applicable standard	Complies with UL, cUL, CE standards. (Insulation distance)						
	Options	Noise filter, AC/DC reactors, regenerative braking unit and resistor, etc.						

^{*1.} To operate the motor at over 50/60 Hz, contact the motor manufacturer to find out the maximum allowable number of revolutions.

^{*2.} For the stable control of the motor, the output frequency may exceed the maximum frequency set in A004 (A204) by 2 Hz max.

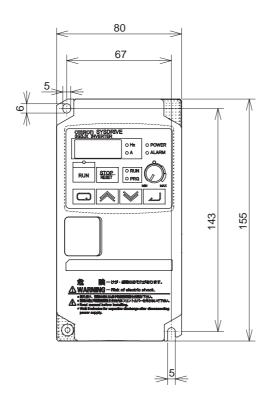
7-2 Measurement Method of Output Voltage

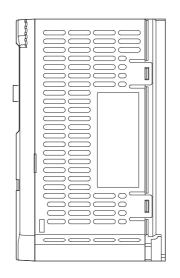


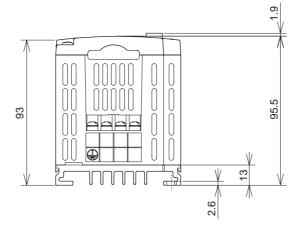
^{*} For JX-AB \Bu \Bu \Bu 's terminal symbols, use L1 and N.

7-3 Dimensional Drawing

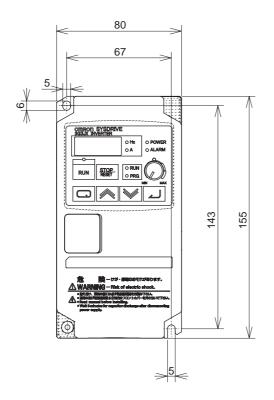
■JX -A2002 AB002

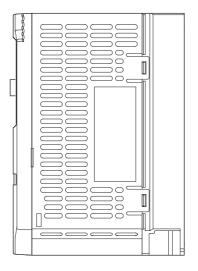


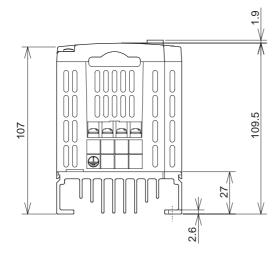




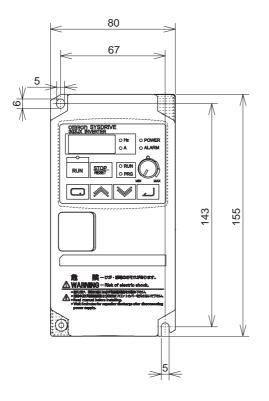
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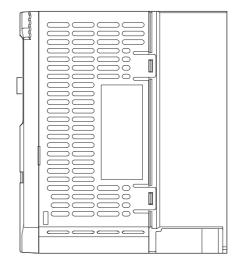


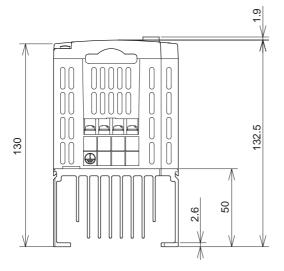




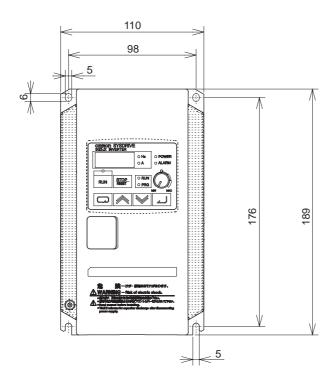
■JX -A2007

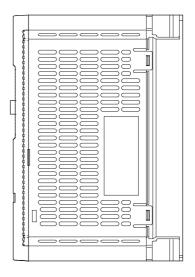


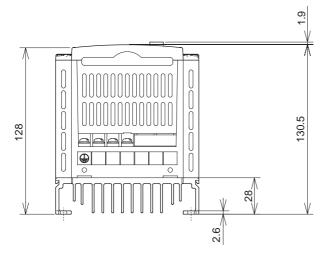




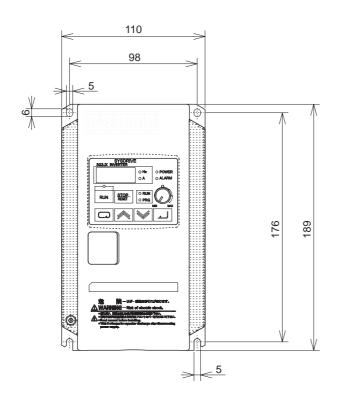
■JX -A4004 -AB007

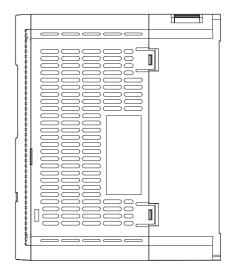


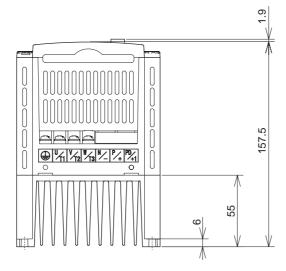




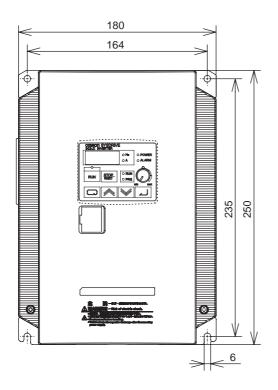
■JX -A2015/A2022/A2037 -A4007/A4015/A4022/A4040 -AB015/AB022

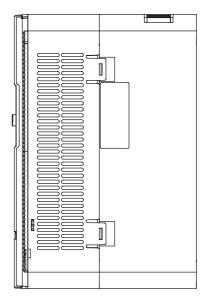


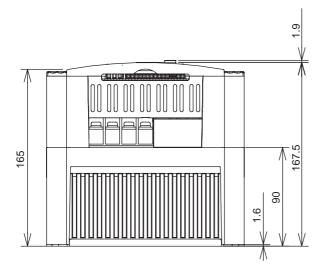




■JX -A2055/A2075 -A4055/A4075



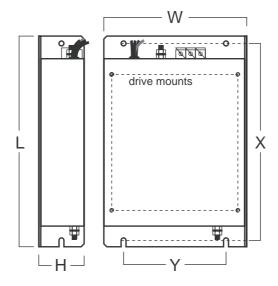




7-4 Options

EMC-compatible Noise Filter (AX-FIJ□□□-RE)

■Dimensional Drawing

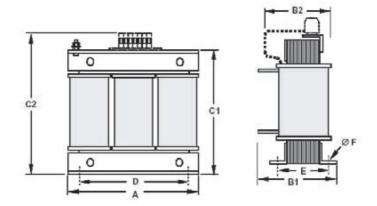


■3Specifications

Power supply	Applied inverter	Filter reference	Rated current	Max. Rated Volt	Leakage current Nom/Max	External dimensions L x W x H (mm)	Mount dimensions X x Y (mm)	Fixing	W (Kg)
	JX-A2002					400 04			
	JX-A2004	AX-FIJ2006-RE	6	250V	-	193 x 81 x 50	183 x 57	M4	1
	JX-A2007								
3-phase	JX-A2015					202 442			
200VAC	JX-A2022	AX-FIJ2020-RE	20	250V	-	226 x 112 x 47	216 x 88	M4	1.3
	JX-A2037								
	JX-A2055	AX-FIJ2040-RE	40	250V	_	289 x 182 x	279 x 150	M5	2.3
	JX-A2075	AX-1 132040-11C	40	250 V	_	55	279 X 130	IVIO	2.5
	JX-A4004								
	JX-A4007	AX-FIJ3005-RE	5A	480V	0.3/40mA	226 x 112 x45	216 x 88	M4	0.9
	JX-A4015								
3-phase 400VAC	JX-A4022	AX-FIJ3011-RE	11A	480V	0.3/40mA	226 x 112 x	216 x 88	M4	1.1
	JX-A4040	AA-FIJJUTT-RE	1174	+007	0.3/40IIIA	45	210 X 00	IVI *1	1.1
	JX-A4055	AX-FIJ3020-RE	20A	480V	0.3/40mA	289 x 182 x	279 x 150	M5	1.7
,	JX-A4075	700-1 100020-11L	20/1	- 1 00 V	0.0/401117	50	273 X 130	IVIO	1.7

■Input AC Reactor (AX-RAI□□□□□□□)

■Dimensional Drawing

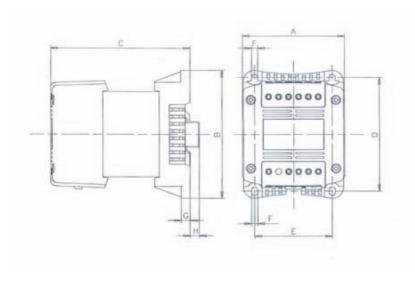


■Specifications

Applicable				Dimer	nsions			Weight	Charac	teristics
Inverter JX-	Reference	Α	B2	C2	D	Ε	F	Kg	Inductance	Current value
									(mH)	(A)
A2002 to A2015	AX-RAI02800080-DE	120	70	120	80	52	5.5	1.78	2.8	8.0
A2022 to A2037	AX-RAI00880175-DE	120	80	120	80	62	5.5	2.35	0.88	17.5
A2055 to A2075	AX-RAI00350335-DE	180	85	190	140	55	6	5.5	0.35	33.5
A4004 to A4015	AX-RAI07700042-DE	120	70	120	80	52	5.5	1.78	7.7	4.2
A4022 to A4040	AX-RAI03500090-DE	120	80	120	80	62	5.5	2.35	3.5	9.0
A4055 to A4075	AX-RAI01300170-DE	120	80	120	80	62	5.5	2.50	1.3	17.0

DC Reactor (AX-RC□□□□□□□)

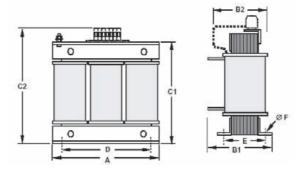
■Dimensional Drawing



■Specifications

	May applicable				Dime	nsions			Charac	Weight		
Voltage	Max. applicable motor output kW	Reference	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	Inductance (mH)	Current (A)	Kg	
	0.2 - 0.7	AX-RC										
200V	1.5 - 2.2	AX-RC										
200 V	3.7											
	5.5 - 7.5	AX-RC		Under development								
	0.4 - 0.7	AX-RC				(Con	tact w	ith you	r Omron represe	ntative)		
400V	1.5 - 2.2	AX-RC	(-RC									
400 V	4	AX-RC										
	5.5 - 7.5	AX-RC										

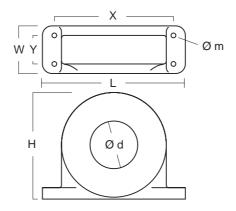
Output AC Reactor (AX-RAO



Applicable				Dime	nsions			Weight	Charac	teristics
Inverter JX-	Reference	Α	B2	C2	D	Е	F	Kg	Inductance (mH)	Current (A)
A2/B002 to A2/B004	AX-RAO11500026-DE	120	70	120	80	52	5.5	1.78	11.50	2.6
A2/B007	AX-RAO07600042-DE	120	70	120	80	52	5.5	1.78	7.60	4.2
A2/B015	AX-RAO04100075-DE	120	80	120	80	62	5.5	2.35	4.10	7.5
A2/B022	AX-RAO03000105-DE	120	80	120	80	62	5.5	2.35	3.00	10.5
A2037	AX-RAO01830180-DE	180	85	190	140	55	6	5.5	1.83	16.0
A2055	AX-RAO01150220-DE	180	85	190	140	55	6	5.5	1.15	22.0
A2075	AX-RAO00950320-DE	180	85	205	140	55	6	6.5	0.95	32.0
A4004 to A4015	AX-RAO16300038-DE	120	70	120	80	52	5.5	1.78	16.30	3.8
A4022	AX-RAO11800053-DE	120	80	120	80	52	5.5	2.35	11.80	5.3
A4040	AX-RAO07300080-DE	120	80	120	80	62	5.5	2.35	7.30	8.0
A4055	AX-RAO04600110-DE	180	85	190	140	55	6	5.5	4.60	11.0
A4075	AX-RAO03600160-DE	180	85	205	140	55	6	6.5	3.60	16.0

Output choke (AX-FEM□□□□-RE)

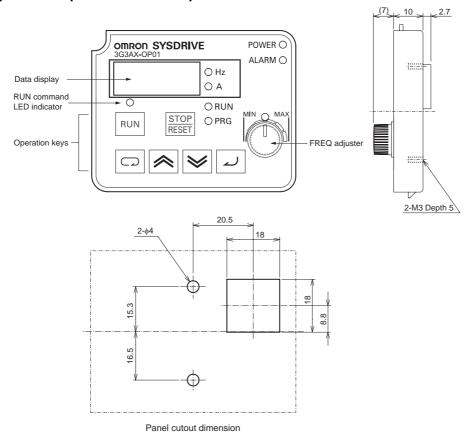
■Dimensional Drawing



■Specifications

Reference	D	Motor			Dimer	nsions			Weight
	diameter	KW	L	W	Н	Х	Υ	m	Kg
AX-FEM2102-RE	21	< 2.2	85	22	46	70	-	5	0.1
AX-FEM2515-RE	25	< 15	105	25	62	90	-	5	0.2

Digital Operator (3G3AX-OP01)



External dimensions Height (55 mm) × Width (70 mm) × Depth (10 mm)

Appendix

Appendix-1Parameter ListApp-2
Appendix-2Product Life CurveApp-18

Appendix-1 Parameter List

Monitor Mode (d□□□) / Basic Function Mode (F□□□)

Parameter No.	Name	Monitor or data range (Digital Operator)	Default setting	Changes during operation	Unit	Set value
d001	Output frequency monitor	0.0 to 400.0	_	_	Hz	
d002	Output current monitor	0.0 to 999.9	_	_	Α	
d003	Rotation direction monitor	F: Forward o: Stop r: Reverse	_	_	_	
d004	PID feedback value monitor	0.00 to 99.99 100.0 to 999.9 1000. to 9999. (Enabled when the PID function is selected)		_		
d005	Multi-function input monitor	Example: Terminal 4, 2: ON Terminal 5, 3, 1: OFF	_	_	_	
d006	Multi-function output monitor	ON Terminal 11: ON Terminal AL2: OFF	_	_	_	
d007	Output frequency monitor (after conversion)	0.00 to 99.99 100.0 to 999.9 1000. to 9999. 1000 to 3996 (10000 to 39960) (Output frequency × Conversion factor of b086)	_	_		
d013	Output voltage monitor	0. to 600.	_	_	V	
d016	Total RUN Time	0. to 9999. 1000 to 9999 「100 to 「999[h]	_	_	h	
d017	Power ON time monitor	0. to 9999. 1000 to 9999 「100 to 「999[h]	_	_	h	
d018	Fin temperature monitor	0.0 to 200.0			°C	
d080	Fault frequency monitor	0. to 9999.	_	_	_	
d081	Fault monitor 1 (Latest)	Error code (condition of occurrence) →				
d082	Fault monitor 2	Output frequency [Hz] → Output current [A] → Internal DC voltage [V] → RUN time [h] →	_	_		
d083	Fault monitor 3	ON time [h]				

Parameter No.	Name	Monitor or data range (Digital Operator)	Default setting	Changes during operation	Unit	Set value
d102	DC voltage monitor	0.0 to 999.9	_		V	
d104	Electronic thermal monitor	0.0 to 100.0	_	_	%	
F001	Output frequency setting/monitor	Starting frequency to 1st or 2nd max. frequency	_	Yes	Hz	
F002	Acceleration time 1	0.01 to 99.99 100.0 to 999.9 1000. to 3000.	10.0	Yes	S	
F202	*2nd acceleration time 1	0.01 to 99.99 100.0 to 999.9 1000. to 3000.	10.0	Yes	s	
F003	Deceleration time 1	0.01 to 99.99 100.0 to 999.9 1000. to 3000.	10.0	Yes	s	
F203	*2nd deceleration time 1	0.01 to 99.99 100.0 to 999.9 1000. to 3000.	10.0	Yes	s	
F004	Operator rotation direction selection	00: Forward 01: Reverse	00	No		

^{* 2}nd function is displayed when SET(08) is allocated to one of from C001 to C005.

Extended function mode

Ра	rameter No.	Function name	Monitor or data range (Digital Operator)	Default setting	Changes during operation	Unit	Set value
	A001	Frequency reference selection	00: Digital Operator (FREQ adjuster) 01: Terminal 02: Digital Operator (F001)	00	No		
	A201	*2nd frequency reference selection	03: ModBus communication 10: Frequency operation result	00	No		
βL	A002	RUN command selection	O1: Terminal O2: Digital Operator	02	No		
Basic setting	A202	*2nd RUN command selection		02	No		
Ш	A003	Base frequency	30. to Max. frequency [A004]	50.			
	A203	*2nd base frequency	30. to Max. frequency [A204]	50.	No	Hz	
	A004	Maximum frequency	30. to 400.	50.	_ No	Hz	
	A204	*2nd maximum frequency	30. to 400.	50.		HZ	

^{* 2}nd control is displayed when SET (08) is allocated to one of from C001 to C005.

Ра	rameter No.	Function name	Monitor or data range (Digital Operator)	Default setting	Changes during operation	Unit	Set value
rt	A005	O/OI selection	 02: Switches between O/FREQ adjuster via terminal AT 03: Switches between OI/FREQ adjuster via terminal AT 04: O input only 05: OI input only 	02	No		
Analog input	A011	O start frequency	0.0 to Max. frequency	0.0	No	Hz	
alog	A012	O end frequency	0.0 to Max. frequency	0.0	No	Hz	
An	A013	O start ratio	0. to 100.	0.	No	%	
	A014	O end ratio	0. to 100.	100.	No	%	
	A015	O start selection	00: External start frequency (A011 set value) 01: 0 Hz	01	No		
	A016	O, OI sampling	1. to 17.	8.	No		
speed, Jogging	A020	Multi-step speed reference 0	0.0/Starting frequency to Max. frequency	6.0	Yes	Hz	
Multi-step spee	A220	*2nd multi-step speed reference 0	0.0/Starting frequency to 2nd max. frequency	6.0	Yes	Hz	

^{* 2}nd control is displayed when SET (08) is allocated to one of from C001 to C005.

Ра	rameter No.	Function name	Monitor or data range (Digital Operator)	Default setting	Changes during operation	Unit	Set value
	A021	Multi-step speed reference 1		0.0			
	A022	Multi-step speed reference 2		0.0			
	A023	Multi-step speed reference 3		0.0			
	A024	Multi-step speed reference 4		0.0			
	A025	Multi-step speed reference 5		0.0			
	A026	Multi-step speed reference 6		0.0			
рu	A027	Multi-step speed reference 7		0.0	Yes	Hz	
, Joggi	A028	Multi-step speed reference 8	0.0/Starting frequency to Max. frequency	0.0			
speed	A029	Multi-step speed reference 9		0.0			
Multi-step speed, Jogging	A030	Multi-step speed reference 10		0.0			
Mu	A031	Multi-step speed reference 11		0.0			
	A032	Multi-step speed reference 12		0.0			
	A033	Multi-step speed reference 13		0.0			
	A034	Multi-step speed reference 14		0.0			
	A035	Multi-step speed reference 15		0.0			
	A038	Jogging frequency	0.00/Starting frequency to 9.99	6.00	Yes	Hz	
	A039	Jogging stop selection	00: Free-run stop 01: Deceleration stop 02: DC injection braking stop	00	No	_	

^{* 2}nd control is displayed when SET (08) is allocated to one of from C001 to C005.

Pa	rameter No.	Function name	Monitor or data range (Digital Operator)	Default setting	Changes during operation	Unit	Set value
	A041	Torque boost selection	00: Manual torque boost only	00	No		
	A241	*2nd torque boost selection	01: Automatic (simple) torque boost	00	NO	-	
	A042	Manual torque boost voltage		5.0			
ne boost	A242	*2nd manual torque boost voltage	0.0 to 20.0	0.0	Yes	%	
Torque	A043	Manual torque boost frequency		2.5			
Characteristics, Torque boost	A243	*2nd manual torque boost frequency	0.0 to 50.0 Yes 0.0	%			
	A044	V/f characteristics selection	00: Constant torque characteristics (VC) 01: Reduced torque characteristics (VP 1.7th	00			
	A244	*2nd V/f characteristics selection	power) 16: Special reduced torque characteristics (Special VP)	00	No	-	
	A045	Output voltage gain	20. to 100.	100.	Yes	%	
	A245	*2nd output voltage gain	20. 10 100.	100.	163	70	
	A051	DC injection braking selection	00: Disabled 01: Enabled 02: Frequency control [A052 set value]	00	No	_	
ng	A052	DC injection braking frequency	0.0 to 60.0	0.5	No	Hz	
n braking	A053	DC injection braking delay time	0.0 to 5.0	0.0	No	S	
DC injection	A054	DC injection braking power	0. to 100.	50	No	%	
DC	A055	DC injection braking time	0.0 to 60.0	0.5	No	S	
	A056	DC injection braking method selection	00: Edge operation 01: Level operation	01	No		

^{* 2}nd control is displayed when SET (08) is allocated to one of from C001 to C005.

Ра	rameter No.	Function name	Monitor or data range (Digital Operator)	Default setting	Changes during operation	Unit	Set value
	A061	Frequency upper limit	0.0/Frequency lower limit to Max. frequency	0.0	No	Hz	
	A261	*2nd frequency upper limit	0.0/Frequency lower limit to 2nd Max. frequency	0.0	NO	112	
du	A062	Frequency lower limit	0.0/Starting frequency to Frequency upper limit	0.0	No	Hz	
Upper/Lower limit, Jump	A262	*2nd frequency lower limit	0.0/Starting frequency to 2nd frequency upper limit	0.0	NO	112	
er lir	A063	Jump frequency 1		0.0			
er/Lowe	A064	Jump frequency width 1		0.5			
Jppe	A065	Jump frequency 2		0.0		Hz	
1	A066	Jump frequency width 2	Jump frequency: 0.0 to 400.0 Jump frequency width: 0.0 to 10.0	0.5	No		
	A067	Jump frequency 3		0.0			
	A068	Jump frequency width 3		0.5			
	A071	PID selection	00: Disabled 01: Enabled	00	No	_	
	A072	PID P gain	0.2 to 5.0	1.0	Yes	_	
	A073	PID I gain	0.0 to 150.0	1.0	Yes	s	
	A074	PID D gain	0.00 to 100.0	0.0	Yes	S	
_	A075	PID scale	0.01 to 99.99	1.00	No	Time	
PID control	A076	PID feedback selection	00: OI 01: O 02: RS485 communication 10: Operation function output	00	No	_	
	A077	Reverse PID function	00: OFF (Deviation = Target value - Feedback value) 01: ON (Deviation = Feedback value - Target value)	00	No		
	A078	PID output limit function	0.00 to 100.0	0.0	No	%	
AVR	A081	AVR selection	00: Always ON 01: Always OFF 02: OFF during deceleration	02	No	_	
7	A082	AVR voltage selection	200-V class: 200/215/220/230/240 400-V class: 380/400/415/440/460/480	200/ 400	No	V	

^{* 2}nd control is displayed when SET (08) is allocated to one of from C001 to C005.

Pa	rameter No.	Function name	Monitor or data range (Digital Operator)	Default setting	Changes during operation	Unit	Set value
	A085	RUN mode selection	00: Normal operation 01: Energy-saving operation	00	No	-	
	A086	Energy-saving response/ accuracy adjustment	0 to 100	50	No	%	
	A092	Acceleration time 2	0.01 to 99.99 100.0 to 999.9	15.00	Voc		
	A292	*2nd acceleration time 2	100.0 to 3000.	15.00	Yes	S	
S	A093	Deceleration time 2	0.01 to 99.99 100.0 to 999.9	15.00	Yes	•	
unction	A293	*2nd deceleration time 2	100.0 to 3000.	15.00	res	S	
eceleration fu	A094	2-step acceleration/ deceleration selection	00: Switched via multi-function input 09 (2CH) 01: Switched by setting	00	NI-		
RUN mode, Acceleration/Deceleration functions	A294	*2nd 2-step acceleration/ deceleration selection		00	No		
mode, Ac	A095	2-step acceleration frequency	0.0 to 400.0	0.0	No	Hz	
RUN	A295	*2nd 2-step acceleration frequency	0.0 to 400.0	0.0	NO	112	
	A096	2-step deceleration frequency	0.0 to 400.0	0.0	No	Hz	
	A296	*2nd 2-step deceleration frequency	7 0.0 10 400.0	0.0	INO	112	
	A097	Acceleration pattern selection	00: Line 01: S-shape curve	00	No		
	A098	Deceleration pattern selection	00: Line 01: S-shape curve	00	No	_	

^{* 2}nd control is displayed when SET (08) is allocated to one of from C001 to C005.

Pa	rameter No.	Function name	Monitor or data range (Digital Operator)	Default setting	Changes during operation	Unit	Set value
ment	A101	OI start frequency	0.0 to 400.0	0.0	No	Hz	
adjust	A102	OI end frequency	0.0 to 400.0	0.0	No	Hz	
External frequency adjustment	A103	OI start ratio	0. to 100.	0.	No	%	
al freq	A104	OI end ratio	0. to 100.	100.	No	%	
Extern	A105	OI start selection	00: Use OI start frequency [A101] 01: 0 Hz start	01	No		
iency	A141	Operation frequency input A setting	00: Digital Operator (F001) 01: Digital Operator (FREQ adjuster) 02: Input O	01	No		
Operation frequency	A142	Operation frequency input B setting	03: Input OI 04: RS485 communication	02	No	_	
Opera	A143	Operator selection	00: Addition (A + B) 01: Subtraction (A - B) 02: Multiplication (A × B)	00	No		
addition	A145	Frequency addition amount	0.0 to 400.0	0.0	Yes	Hz	
Frequency addition	A146	Frequency addition direction	00: Adds A145 value to output frequency 01: Subtract A145 value from output frequency	00	No		
	A151	VR start frequency	0.0 to 400.0	0.0	No	Hz	
ent	A152	VR end frequency	0.0 to 400.0	0.0	No	Hz	
adjustment	A153	VR start ratio	0. to 100.	0.	No	%	
ر adj	A154	VR end ratio	0. to 100.	100.	No	%	
VR	A155	VR start selection	00: Use VR start frequency [A151] 01: 0 Hz start	01	No	_	

^{* 2}nd control is displayed when SET (08) is allocated to one of from C001 to C005.

Ра	rameter No.	Function name	Monitor or data range (Digital Operator)	Default setting	Changes during operation	Unit	Set value
tion	b001	Retry selection	00: Alarm 01: 0 Hz start 02: Frequency Matching start 03: Trip after Frequency Matching deceleration stop	00	No		
wer interrup	b002	Allowable momentary power interruption time	0.3 to 25.0	1.0	No	s	
pow	b003	Retry wait time	0.3 to 100.0	1.0	No	S	
Restart during momentary power interruption	b004	Momentary power interruption/ undervoltage trip during stop selection	00: Disabled 01: Enabled	00	No		
estart duri	b005	Momentary power interruption retry time selection	00: 16 times 01: No limit	00	No		
R	b011	Starting frequency at Active Frequency Matching restart	00: Frequency at interruption 01: Max. frequency 02: Set frequency	00	No		
	b012	Electronic thermal level	0.2 × Rated current to 1.0 × Rated current	Rated current	No	Α	
ırmal	b212	*2nd electronic thermal level	0.2 Nated current to 1.0 . Nated current	Rated current	140	7	
Electronic thermal	b013	Electronic thermal characteristics selection	00: Reduced torque characteristics 1	00			
	b213	*2nd electronic thermal characteristics selection	21: Constant torque characteristics 22: Reduced torque characteristics 2	00	No		

^{* 2}nd control is displayed when SET (08) is allocated to one of from C001 to C005.

Ра	rameter No.	Function name	Monitor or data range (Digital Operator)	Default setting	Changes during operation	Unit	Set value
	b021	Overload limit selection	00: Disabled 01: Enabled in acceleration/constant speed	01	No		
	b221	*2nd overload limit selection	operation 02: Enabled in constant speed operation	01	NO	_	
	b022	Overload limit level	01 × Rated current to 1.5 × Rated current	1.5 × Rated current	No	A	
Overload limit	b222	*2nd overload limit level	our wreated current to 1.5 wreated current	1.5 × Rated current	110	Λ,	
Ove	b023	Overload limit parameter	0.1 to 3000.0	1.0	No		
	b223	*2nd overload limit parameter	0.1 to 3000.0	1.0	NO	S	
	b028	Overload limit source selection	00: b022, b222 set values 01: Input terminal O	00	No		
	b228	*2nd overload limit source selection		00	NO	_	
sy Matching	b029	Deceleration rate constant at Active Frequency Matching restart	0.1 to 3000.0	0.5	No	s	
Active Frequency Matching	b030	Active Frequency Matching restart level	0.2 × Rated current to 2.0 × Rated current	Rated current	No	А	
Lock	b031	Soft lock selection	 00: Data other than b031 cannot be changed when terminal SFT is ON. 01: Data other than b031 and the specified frequency parameter cannot be changed when terminal SFT is ON. 02: Data other than b031 cannot be changed. 03: Data other than b031 and the specified frequency parameter cannot be changed. 10: Data other than parameters changeable during operation cannot be changed. 	01	No	_	

^{* 2}nd control is displayed when SET (08) is allocated to one of from C001 to C005.

Pai	rameter No.	Function name	Monitor or data range (Digital Operator)	Default setting	Changes during operation	Unit	Set value
lion	b050	Selection of non- stop function at momentary power interruption	00: Disabled 01: Enabled (Stop) 02: Enabled (Restart)	00	No		
wer interrup	b051	Starting voltage of non-stop function at momentary power interruption	0.0 to 1000.	0.0	No	V	
Non-stop function at momentary power interruption	b052	Stop deceleration level of non-stop function at momentary power interruption	0.0 to 1000.	0.0	No	>	
op function at	b053	Deceleration time of non-stop function at momentary power interruption	0.01 to 99.99 100.0 to 999.9 1000 to 3000	1.0	No	w	
Non-st	b054	Deceleration starting width of non-stop function at momentary power interruption	0.0 to 10.0	0.0	No	Hz	
	b055	Overvoltage protection proportional gain during deceleration	0.2 to 5.0	0.2	Yes		
Others	b056	Overvoltage protection integral time during deceleration	0.0 to 150.0	0.2	Yes	w	
	b080	AM adjustment	0. to 255. (Shared with C086 for AM offset adjustment)	100.	Yes		
	b082	Starting frequency	0.5 to 9.9	1.5	No	Hz	
	b083	Carrier frequency	2.0 to 12.0	3.0	No	kHz	
Initialization	b084	Initialization selection	00: Clears the trip monitor 01: Initializes data 02: Clears the trip monitor and initializes data	00	No	_	
Initiali	b085	Initialization parameter selection	00 * Do not change.	00	No	_	

^{* 2}nd control is displayed when SET (08) is allocated to one of from C001 to C005.

Ра	rameter No.	Function name	Monitor or data range (Digital Operator)	Default setting	Changes during operation	Unit	Set value
	b086	Frequency conversion coefficient	0.1 to 99.9	1.0	Yes		
	b087	STOP key selection	00: Enabled 01: Disabled	00	No	_	
	b088	Free-run stop selection	00: 0 Hz start 01: Active Frequency Matching restart	00	No		
	b089	Monitor display selection	01: Output frequency monitor 02: Output current monitor 03: Rotation direction monitor 04: PID feedback value monitor 05: Multi-function input monitor 06: Multi-function output monitor 07: Frequency conversion monitor		Yes		
	b091	Stop selection	00: Deceleration → Stop 01: Free-run stop	00	No —		
Others	b092	Cooling fan control	00: Always ON		No		
	b130	Overvoltage LAD stop function	00: Disabled 01: Enabled	00	No	_	
	b131	Overvoltage LAD stop function level setting	200-V class: 330. to 395. 400-V class: 660. to 790.	380/ 760	Yes	٧	
	b133	Overvoltage protection function selection during deceleration	00: Disabled 01: Enabled	00	No		
	b134	Overvoltage protection level setting during deceleration	200-V class: 330. to 395. 400-V class: 660. to 790.	380/ 760	No	V	
	b140	Overcurrent suppression function	00: Disabled 01: Enabled	01	No	_	
	b150	Automatic carrier reduction	00: Disabled 01: Enabled	00	No		
	b151	Ready function selection	00: Disabled 01: Enabled	00	No	_	

^{* 2}nd control is displayed when SET (08) is allocated to one of from C001 to C005.

Ра	rameter No.	Function name	Monitor or data range (Digital Operator)	Default setting	Changes during operation	Unit	Set value
	C001	Multi-function input 1 selection	00: FW (forward) 01: RV (reverse) 02: CF1 (multi-step speed setting binary 1) 03: CF2 (multi-step speed setting binary 2) 04: CF3 (multi-step speed setting binary 3) 05: CF4 (multi-step speed setting binary 4) 06: JG (jogging) 07: DB (external DC injection braking) 08: SET (2nd control) 09: 2CH (2-step acceleration/deceleration) 11: FRS (free-run stop) 12: EXT (external trip) 13: USP (USP function) 15: SFT (soft lock) 16: AT (analog input switching) 18: RS (reset) 19: PTC (thermistor input) 20: STA (3-wire start) 21: STP (3-wire stop) 22: F/R (3-wire forward/reverse) 23: PID (PID enabled/disabled) 24: PIDC (PID integral reset) 27: UP (UP/DWN function accelerated) 28: DWN (UP/DWN function data clear) 31: OPE (forced operator) 50: ADD (frequency addition) 51: F-TM (forced terminal block) 52: RDY (ready function) 53: SP-SET (special 2nd function) 64: EMR (emergency shutoff *1) 255: No function *1. The EMR is set forcibly with switch S8, not with parameters.	00			
	C201	*2nd multi-function input 1 selection		00			
	C002	Multi-function input 2 selection		01			
	C202	*2nd multi-function input 2 selection		01			
	C003	Multi-function input 3 selection		18	No	_	
S	C203	*2nd multi-function input 3 selection		18			
Multi-function input terminals	C004	Multi-function input 4 selection		12			
ction inpu	C204	*2nd multi-function input 4 selection		12			
Multi-fun	C005	Multi-function input 5 selection		02			
	C205	*2nd multi-function input 5 selection		02			
	C011	Multi-function input 1 operation selection		00			
	C012	Multi-function input 2 operation selection		00			
	C013	Multi-function input 3 operation selection	00: NO 01: NC	00	No —	_	
	C014	Multi-function input 4 operation selection		00			
	C015	Multi-function input 5 operation selection	SET (08) is allocated to one of from C001 to	00			

^{* 2}nd control is displayed when SET (08) is allocated to one of from C001 to C005.

Ра	rameter No.	Function name	Monitor or data range (Digital Operator)	Default setting	Changes during operation	Unit	Set value
t setting	C021	Multi-function output terminal 11 selection	00: RUN (signal during RUN) 01: FA1 (constant speed arrival signal) 02: FA2 (over set frequency arrival signal) 03: OL (overload warning) 04: OD (excessive PID deviation) 05: AL (alarm output)	00	No		
	C026	Relay output (AL2, AL1) function selection	06: Dc (disconnection detection) 07: FBV (PID FB status output) 08: NDc (network error) 09: LOG(logic operation output) 10: ODc (Do not use.) 43: LOC (light load detection signal)	05	No		
ontp	C028	AM selection	00: Output frequency 01: Output current	00	No		
Multi-function output setting	C031	Multi-function output terminal 11 contact selection	00: NO contact at AL2; NC contact at AL1	00	No		
	C036	Relay output (AL2, AL1) contact selection	01: NC contact at AL2; NO contact at AL1	01	NO —		
	C038	Light load signal output mode	00: Enabled during acceleration/deceleration/ constant speed 01: Enabled only during constant speed	01	No		
	C039	Light load detection level	0.0 to 2.0 × Rated current (0.0 setting: Function disable)	Rated current	No		
	C041	Overload warning level	0.0: Does not operate Out - Does not operate No				
βL	C241	*2nd overload warning level	0.1 × Rated current to 2.0 × Rated current	Rated current	NO	No A	
Level output status setting	C042	Arrival frequency during acceleration	0.0 to 400.0	0.0	No	Hz	
	C043	Arrival frequency during deceleration	0.0 to 400.0	0.0	No	Hz	
	C044	PID deviation excessive level	0.0 to 100.0	3.0	No	%	
	C052	PID FB upper limit	0.0 to 100.0	100	No	%	
	C053	PID FB lower limit	CFT (00) is allocated to one of from C001 to	0.0		. ,	

^{* 2}nd control is displayed when SET (08) is allocated to one of from C001 to C005.

Parameter No.		Function name	Monitor or data range (Digital Operator)	Default setting	Changes during operation	Unit	Set value
justment	C070	Operator/ModBus selection	02: Digital Operator 03: ModBus	02	No		
	C071	Communication speed selection (Baud rate selection)	04: 4800 bps 05: 9600 bps 06: 19200 bps	04	No		
	C072	Communication station No. selection	1. to 32.	1.	No		
unction ac	C074	Communication parity selection	00: No parity 01: Even 02: Odd	00	No		
cation f	C075	Communication stop bit selection	1: 1-bit 2: 2-bit	1	No		
Communication function adjustment	C076	Communication error selection	00: Trip 01: Trip after deceleration stop 02: Ignore 03: Free run 04: Deceleration stop	02	No		
	C077	Communication error timeout	0.00 to 99.99	0.00	No	S	
	C078	Communication wait time	0. to 1000.	0.	No	ms	
ment	C081	O adjustment	0.0 to 200.0	100.0	Yes	%	
Various adjustment	C082	OI adjustment	0.0 to 200.0	100.0	Yes	%	

^{* 2}nd control is displayed when SET (08) is allocated to one of from C001 to C005.

Parameter No.		Function name	Monitor or data range (Digital Operator)	Default setting Changes during operation		Unit	Set value
	C086	AM offset adjustment	0.0 to 10.0	0.0	Yes	V	
	C091	Not used	Use "00". *Do not change.	00	_	_	
	C101	UP/DWN selection	00: Do not store the frequency data 01: Store the frequency data	00	No	_	
	C102	Reset selection	00: Trip reset at power-on 01: Trip reset when the power is OFF 02: Enabled only during trip (Reset when the power is ON.)	00	No	_	
s	C141	Logic operation function A input	00: RUN (signal during RUN) 01: FA1 (constant speed arrival signal) 02: FA2 (over set frequency arrival signal) 03: OL (overload warning) 04: OD (excessive PID deviation) 05: AL (alarm output)	00	No	_	
Others	C142	Logic operation function B input	06: Dc (disconnection detected) 07: FBV (PID FB status output) 08: NDc (network error) 10: ODc (Do not use.) 43: LOC (light load detection signal)	01	No	_	
	C143	Logic operator selection	00: AND 01: OR 02: XOR	00	No	_	
	C144	Output terminal 11 ON delay	0.0 to 100.0	0.0	No	s	
	C145	Output terminal 11 OFF delay	0.0 to 100.0	0.0	No	s	
	C148	Relay output ON delay	0.0 to 100.0	0.0	No	s	
	C149	Relay output OFF delay	0.0 to 100.0	0.0	No	S	
	H003	Motor capacity selection	200-V class 0.2/0.4/0.75/1.5/2.2/3.7/5.5/7.5	Factory default	No	kW	
eter	H203	*2nd motor capacity selection	400-V class 0.4/0.75/1.5/2.2/3.7/5.5/7.5 Factory default		140	KVV	
Control parameter	H004	Motor pole number selection	2 4	4	NIa	Dala	
	H204	*2nd motor pole number selection	6 8	4	No	Pole	
	H006	Stabilization parameter	0 to 255	100	Yes	%	
	H206	*2nd stabilization parameter	0. to 255.	100	Yes	%	

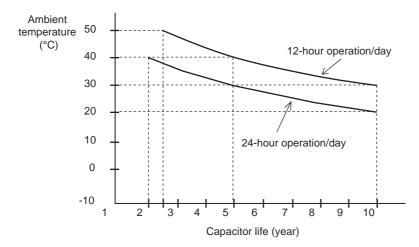
^{* 2}nd control is displayed when SET (08) is allocated to one of from C001 to C005.

Appendix-2 Product Life Curve

Life of the Inverter smoothing capacitor

Ambient temperature refers to the surrounding temperature of the Inverter. The following diagram shows the product life curve.

The smoothing capacitor, which will deteriate due to the chemical reaction caused by parts temperatures, should normally be replaced once every 5 years. However, if the ambient temperature is high, or the Inverter is used with a current exceeding the rated current, for example, under overload conditions, its life will be significantly shortened.



Note: Ambient temperature refers to the surrounding (atmospheric) temperature of the Inverter, or the temperature inside if the Inverter is encased or installed in an enclosure.



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